THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 14, NUMBER 11. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1895. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

Northern Pacific Bank

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
J. N. NEVERS, Vice President.
H. J. SPENCER, Cashier.

Money to Loan On Chattel Security

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Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

Wm. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

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RUNS

THROUGH CARS

TO

ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLIS,
DULUTH
FARGO
GRAND FORKS
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TO

HELENA, BUTTE, SPOKANE, TACOMA, SEATTLE, PORTLAND

Pullman Sleeping Cars
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LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 2:15 p. m. Departs going west at 2:20 p. m. daily except Sunday

No. 6 arrives from the west at 12.55 p. m. Departs going south at 1:15 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 7:55 p. m., and departs for the west at 8.15 p. m. daily.

No. 12 arrives from the West at 3:00 a. m. Departs going east at 3.10 a. m. daily.

No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at 5:30 p. m.

No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:30 a. m.

No. 54 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at at 10:00 p. m.

No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 4:15 p. m. and departs for Staples at 5:15 p. m.

No. 56 arrives from Staples at 8 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 9:00 a. m.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL MINN.

N. Schroeder.

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Imported and Domestic.

special Attention Given to Orders for Family Use,

Give me a call when in Detroit and will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,
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THE Wisconsin Central Lines,

RUN

Two fast trains daily between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago, Milwaukee and all points in Wisconsin, making connection in Chicago with all lines running east and south.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canadian provinces.

For full information regarding routes, rates, maps, folders, etc., address your nearest ticket agent or

JAS. C. POND,
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—Manufacturer of and Dealer in—

FINE AND HEAVY HARNESS

Horse Furnishing Goods Of Every Description.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Attended to.

West Side 5th St., Near Front,
BRAINERD, - MINN.

Professional Cards.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
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BRAINERD, MINN.

R. K. WHITELEY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 2 Sleeper Block,
BRAINERD..... MINN.

One of the striking differences between Democratic rule and Republican rule is that the former is debt-making and the latter is debt-paying, says the St Louis Globe Democrat.

Judge Otis, of Minneapolis, has decided that a husband in Minnesota is liable in money damages for any slanderous utterances of his wife. Boys, this is awful. There is but one way to protect yourself. Go muzzle your wife.

The Hillsboro, N. D., Herald is a prohibition paper, but nevertheless the editor and typos evidently had a "jag" last week, for the copy received by the Dispatch had the words in the head reversed and the letters turned upside down. The editor should practice what he preaches.

"The gambling hells have again been opened and are running in full blast. The law seems to be powerless in the wild west. The Capitol should be moved to a civilized community," says the Hillsboro, N. D., Herald. The above is a great condition of affairs for a prohibition community.

The Potter tax bill has been recommended to pass by the house committee. This bill changes the penalty on delinquent taxes from 10 per cent which is added June 1st, and 5 per cent added Jan. 1st, to 1 per cent a month after becoming delinquent. Delinquent tax payers will probably approve of the measure, but those who are in a position to know, predict that it will retard the collection of taxes.

The trustees of the Brainerd Water Power Co., have come down from their high and lofty position. On Monday their attorney, Ambrose Tighe, telegraphed to City Attorney McClenahan that if the council would pay water power rental at the price stipulated in the contract, they would accept it. They have declared the contract void for the past year and a half, and insisted that the city pay about three times that amount for power, which the council very wisely refused to do. It was a very strong game of bulldoze but it failed to work.

The editor of the Cass County Pioneer is crying frantically for the organization of Cass county, but unfortunately for Bro. Olliver, no one residing there wants organization except a few who expect to get fat offices, and Bro. Olliver who wants the county printing. The tax rate for the county is now less than 1 per cent, but if organized it would be greater than the rate in Crow Wing, which is over 4 per cent. This fact is known to a large majority of the intelligent settlers, hence they do not want organization. An increased levy for road and bridge purposes and a small poor fund is all that is desired, and that will not raise their levy to more than 12 mills.

Playing Cards.

Those who believe that "there is nothing new under the sun," may credit the assertion that playing cards were known among the Chinese, the Hindoos, the Arabs and the Romans long ago, but the only known fact is that they were brought out in the fourteenth century by Jacques Grigonneur, a French painter residing in Paris. It is said that they were made for the amusement of the crazy King Charles VI. The four kings were David, Alexander, Cæsar and Charles: the four queens, Angine, Esther, Judith and Pallas; the four knaves or knights, Ogier the Dane, Lancelot, La Hire and Hector de Garland. Cards seem originally to have been taken to England direct from Spain, having been probably introduced into that country by the Moors; the clubs, in Spanish cards, not being trefoils as with us, but cudgels—that is, bastos—the spades or swords, espadas. A fine article of playing cards is issued by the passenger department of Burlington Route, and fifteen cents in postage stamps, sent to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul Minn., will bring you a pack by return mail. From the same address you can obtain maps, time-table, and much other information about the Burlington system of railroads, the favorite line of experienced travelers, and the one by which you can most easily reach the more prominent cities and towns in Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, south Dakota, Wyoming, Montana, Colorado, Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa and Missouri.

Ten Acres is Enough

To the man who knows where to go for it and how to farm it. Let me know your name and I will let you know where it is and how to get it. Charles S. Fee, General Passenger Agent, Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul, Minn.

McCall has the best line of pocket cultery razors and scissors to be found in the city.

Have your prescriptions filled at the McFadden Drug Store.

CONGDON removes all smoke, dust, etc., and makes old paper bright as new.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 2, Sleeper Block.

"The Drive Wheel" Of trade is Success, and this is as true of railways as of business. With this thought in mind it is not difficult to account for the success of The North-Western Line—The Great Line from the Twin Cities to Chicago. The North-Western Line does the things that make Success. Success is its watchword, and this is an equivalent for palatial Train Accommodations. Voluntary indorsement of The North-Western Line is spontaneous on the part of every traveler who patronizes it.—The Tribune, Bismarck, N. D.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of the Board of Crow Wing County Commissioners Held Tuesday, Feb. 5, 1895.

Proceedings of board of Crow Wing county commissioners, meeting held February 5th, 1895.

Present, Commissioners Smith, Farrar, Patterson and Mahle.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

The following mortgages were abated for 1894, on account of same being either satisfied or assigned prior to May 1st, 1894:

N. S. Hoffman, $150.
A. G. Michie, $500.
do $1,000.
R. J. Hartley, $464.
M. Cullen, $700.
Mrs. J. McDonald, $800.
Dan Caffrey, $600.
J. W. Koop, $600.

Mrs. J. McCauley was allowed $5 for temporary aid.

Personal tax of Brainerd Brewing Co., for 1894, was abated. Erroneously assessed.

Petition of citizens of Town 45 28, to extend road, was granted, said road to be surveyed in April.

Board adjourned to 2 p. m.

Mrs. P. Brillion was allowed $5 for temporary aid.

The following bills were allowed:

Chas A. Krech, wood for poor	$3 00
Rostad, Bane & Co., meats poor farm	11 09
H. Patterson, attending two meetings	15 80
Larson & Walters, coal, court house	8 25
Koop Bros., goods for poor	9 00
Slipp Bros., goods court house	30 45
" " poor farm	3 30
James Wickham, work poor farm	2 50
Knute Olson, work poor farm	15 00
G. S. McCulloch, overseer poor farm, etc	51 00
C. D. Johnson, drugs poor farm	1 25
C. D. Johnson, drugs poor	1 35
H. Spalding, fees state cases	196 30
A. Angel, goods poor	6 85
Brainerd Dispatch, printing etc	157 25
Brainerd Dispatch, printing	17 50
W. W. Craig, goods poor	8 00
City of Brainerd, electric lights, Dec. and Feb	15 54
M. Hagberg, goods county jail	2 75
M. Hagberg, goods poor farm	26 45
M. Hagberg, goods poor	7 50
J. L. Camp, board and nursing Herman Wendt	20 70
J. L. Camp, board and nursing Jos. Meyers, December	45 00
J. L. Camp, board and nursing Nels Ohlander	20 70
A. Mahlum, recording officers bonds	13 50
Losey & Dean, coffin A. Johnson's child	7 00
Losey & Dean, coffin and burial two persons	23 00
H. Spalding, boarding prisoners	99 75
J. F. McGinnis, goods Shupe children	9 70
Ed. Clarke, clerk, Pine River	7 20
Chas. Preston, clerk, "	7 20
Chas. L. Heath, judge and returns, Pine River	13 80
Pioneer Press Co., stationery	37 90
" " "	19 20

The following mortgages were abated on account of being satisfied:

L. N. Lowe, $150.
W. A. Fleming, $75.
" $200.
J. S. Gardner, $175.
" $195.
" $270.

An appropriation of $4 was made from road and bridge fund in favor of Nels G. Jerness for release of damages on road.

Valuation of Lot 17, Block 40, was reduced $200.

Report of overseer poor farm for month of January, was accepted.

Reports of fees received by Register of Deeds and Superintendent of Schools, were accepted and placed on file.

Personal property of L. G. Cooke was reduced $1,000 on account of loss of 23 horses.

Personal property tax of S. S. Killyington, Cass county, for $5.86, was abated. Erroneous assessment.

The following bills were allowed:

John Stees, judge, Pine River	$7 20
A. P. Farrar, attending three meetings	9 60
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., stationery	75
Brown, Treacy & Co., stationery	4 40
West Publishing Co., stationery	12 00
McFadden Drug Co., goods county jail	6 60
Evergreen Cemetery, seven graves for poor	21 00
Joel Smith, attending three meetings	10 20
Joel Smith, taking Shupe children to Owatonna	25 00
Henry Mahle, attending three meetings	9 60

Report of committee appointed to view road in 44-29-30 and 45-29-30, was accepted and placed on file.

Auditor was instructed to issue refunding order for $4.13 in favor of G. A. Hunt for taxes erroneously assessed in 1890.

Auditor was instructed to accept $3,000 in full payment of all taxes delinquent, and current, against Brainerd Water Power Co.

Inventory of poor farm taken January, 1895, was on motion accepted and placed on file.

Board adjourned until first Tuesday in March.

LOUIS TACHE,
Co. Auditor.

Now is the time to buy children's shoes. We have a large stock and will sell them AT COST before moving

R. F. WALTERS,
Big "9" 6th St.

CASS COUNTY PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of Cass County Commissioners—Meeting Held Monday, Feb. 4, 1895.

Proceedings of board of Cass county commissioners, meeting held Feb. 4th, 1895.

Present Commissioners Ellis and Hardy.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

Applications for liquor license of F. H. Bredfeld and P. James McKeig & A. McDonald, were read and laid over until the next meeting.

The following bills were allowed:

Geo. Gregory, corduroying road	$15 00
J. J. Ellis, attending one commissioner's meeting	11 40
G. L. Hardy, attending two commissioner's meetings	9 60

Board adjourned until 1st Monday in March.

LOUIS TACHE,
Co. Auditor.

Board of Education.

The Board of Education held its regular monthly meeting on Monday evening, with Vice President Britton in the chair. After hearing the report of secretary and treasurer and transacting other unimportant business, the board proceeded to take an informal ballot for president, M. Hagberg receiving 9 votes and Rev. Stapf 1. On motion the ballot was declared formal and Mr. Hagberg was declared elected. The following bills were allowed:

John Goodderz sawing wood	$10 00
W. D. McKay, salary 3 months	30 00
McFadden Drug Co., supplies	60
A. E. Pennell, salary and postage three months	39 15
T. C. Kerr, shade pulls	4 25
Brainerd Journal, advertising	8 62
J. R. Smith, insurance	28 80
D. M. Clark & Co., supplies	42 83
John Britton, drayage	1 00
Peter Peterson, sawing wood	10 00
Chas Britton, " "	13 50
A. Belongy, " "	3 00
E Dibble, " "	7 50
R. P. Nelson, " "	10 00
C. D. O'Brien, legal services	25 00
A. C. McClung & Co., library books	77 54
St. Paul Book & Stationary Co., library books	32 48

The board is evidently getting shy of funds for the finance committee was instructed to make a loan for the next teachers' pay roll. The secretary was instructed to ascertain what amount can be secured from state for library books.

Mr. Keene was appointed a member of finance and repair committee by the president. Board adjourned.

The New Boy.

Everybody will be glad to know that the funniest play produced in London is to be here at Sleeper Opera house next Wednesday night. It is called "The New Boy." It has crowded more theatres and made more people laugh than any attraction since Artemus Ward. A wild, harum scarem school boy, with whom all girls are in love, is discovered to be the husband of the beautiful matron whom the proprietor wants to marry. The boy proved himself too "smart" for them all. He out-wits the villian of the play, wins the gratitude of the doctor, and carries off his wife in triumph, yet the top of his head is scarcely to her shoulder. His voice is thin and piping, but he is a winner and a terror. Bert Coots plays the chief role

Wall paper at D. M. Clark & Co's

(First publication Jan. 11.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }
District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.
Charles Scott, Plaintiff,
vs.
N. W. Wheatley, Defendant.

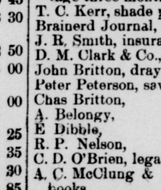
The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in said County, within 20 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three hundred, nine and 27-100 dollars ($309.27) with interest, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated, September 7th, A. D. 1894.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 8, Bank Block Residence 5th Street.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the **Best in the World.** See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

R. F. WALTERS.

When the Late Czar Was a Boy.

While Alexander III of Russia was still only the young heir to the throne he was called to pass in review, by his father's side, a number of the high dignitaries of the empire. As official after official passed by the hated German termination of names in "berg" betrayed their origin. At last Alexander II pronounced a purely Russian name in "off." He was surprised to hear a sigh of relief from his son, who remarked audibly, "There's one, at any rate."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Different.

Hicks—I do detest a flatterer!

Wicks—Yes, so do I. By the way, I saw Watkyns talking with you just now. He's one of the worst flatterers I know of anywhere.

Hicks—Yes. I know he is, but he wasn't flattering me. He was only telling me how charming he thought my last book of poems.—Somerville Journal.

In the French Style.

"What sort of a stew do they serve at your boarding house?"

"Oh, it's a good deal like a fresh novel—rather tough, but very well done."—Cincinnati Tribune.

TO AN ENGLISH FRIEND.

An American Writer Reveals Some of the Inside Workings of Our National Life.

Yankee ways of thinking and doing are revealed by an American signing himself Franklin Eastman in a letter published in The Atlantic and addressed to an English friend. He says that some of the English folk who are warm friends misunderstand us almost as badly as the old Tories. You seem to think the United States are peopled by a set of philosophical radicals, whose true place is on the Liberal benches behind John Morley. Your writers of this school know we are a separate nation, but they are persuaded that it is a nation of philosophers, right out of Plato or Sir Thomas More.

Mr. Howells has a charming story where a girl from the practical but still visionary "west" thinks Boston is peopled with reformers, who revolve around the abolitionists as bright stars. She is amazed to hear talk an agreeable young gentleman of Boston who never met these people in society, and as far as he had heard of them looked upon them as dangerous eccentrics. Now, some of your highly educated thinkers seem to regard the average American as largely occupied with reading or writing treatises on the philosophy of government, coming down in a long catena from Jefferson, and as much concerned with conventions, and, referenda. My friend, we did that once for all when we started, and, though no doubt such things are talked of more than they used to be 20 years ago, we are in the mass anything but a set of theorizing radicals. We are very conservative, very humdrum, much attached to existing machinery, especially in politics, and with a great distrust of utopian and ideal schemes. Custom is almost as great a tyrant with us as in your Indian dominions. Eager as we are for novelties in dress and buildings, we are hard to stir from our accepted ways of letting ourselves be governed, even when these are tangled and muddy. Our philosophers complain that their speculations do not make the impression they ought on most of their fellow citizens, who are engaged in the mere work of living. I suspect England is a good deal nearer female suffrage than we are.

When Professor Brice was last here, he rushed off from all his friends to see what he considered the intensely interesting spectacle of a constitutional convention in the state of Kentucky, an institution to which he had given much space in his very valuable book. I do not believe that at this hour 20 members of congress outside Kentucky know whether the results of that convention were adopted or not. We can get half as big a vote again on the pettiest election when the choice is between persons as when the people solemnly vote "yes" or "no" on a question of organic law.

No, my old friend, we are not English provincials; we are not half civilized pioneers; we are not utopian radicals; above all, we are not naughty boys and silly girls; we are not anything that you have decided we must be. There is one liberty we claim as our English birthright—the liberty of being illogical when we please and succeeding or failing according to our own ideas of working out our own problems, whether they are yours or not.

Novel Use For Women's Jaws.

Among the Eskimo a novel use has been found for woman's jaw. Says Mrs. Peary in her book, "My Arctic Journey:" "The native method of treating the skins of all animals intended for clothing is first to rid them of as much of the fat as can be got off by scraping with a knife. Then they are stretched tight as possible and allowed to become perfectly dry. After this they are taken by the women and chewed and sucked all over in order to get as much of the grease out as possible. Then they are again dried and scraped with a dull implement, so as to break the fibers, making the skins pliable. Chewing the skin is very hard on the women, and all of it is done by them. They cannot chew more than two deerskins per day and are obliged to rest their jaws every other day."

Taken at His Word.

"What! You charge 50 pfennig for these neckties? Why, they are not worth a fraction more than 30 pfennig."

"All I can say is, if you can get me some at that price I'll take any quantity of them," said the shopkeeper.

"Very glad to hear it. I am a traveler in ties and will take the liberty to book you for a hundred dozen."—Humoristische Blatter.

Indian Corn.

Botanists say that the Indian corn is a grass of the tribe of phalaridæ; that the leaves are linear lanceolate and pubescent, with a short ligule; that the inflorescence is monœcious; that the pistillate flowers are crowded on the rachis; that the ovary is bifid, and that the withered glumes and palet remain on the rachis. And if you do not know all about the subject now it's your own fault.

Count Mirabeau, the father of the French revolutionist, got along so pleasantly at home that during his married life he took out no less than 52 lettres de cachet against his wife and her people.

At Poitiers, in 1356, 80,000 French were defeated by the Black Prince with less than 50,000 men. The French king, John, was captured and his army completely routed.

Wheat can be grown in the Alps at an elevation of 3,600 feet, in Brazil at 5,000, in the Caucasus at 8,000, in Abyssinia at 10,000, in Peru and Bolivia at 11,000.

Cape Mendocino, in California, took its name from that of a Spanish viceroy. The name was given in 1542 by Cabrillo.

The natural life of an elephant is said to be 120 years. It is, however, greatly shortened by captivity.

HOARY HUMOR IN INDIA.

Archaic Jokes That Still Serve to Make the Sons of Ind Smile.

It is characteristic of India that it does not produce what the western mind regards as humor, either the old or the new. In the circumstance that the latter order is not forthcoming we may doubtless find matter for congratulation on both sides, and it may be that even as far as the former is concerned the fault lies rather in the western than in the eastern mind. Although the oriental takes life seriously, it requires little to move him to that emotion, which, almost alone, among other emotions, is the prerogative of humankind. In the native theater fun of the grimmest kind brings down the house equally with farce of the broadest, but it is at least doubtful if humor is at the base of either. The sense of incongruity is present plainly enough, but it is hardly such a "pleasing unexpectedness" as would fit the English essayist's definition of humor's chief ingredient. Nor is there humor, save of an exceedingly dubious kind, in the folk tales told for the thousand and first time by the village story teller beneath the banyan tree. Even among the eastern ancients humor is rare, though caustic wit and a certain grim pleasantry are common enough. For one story like the "Three Truths" we get a dozen like the "Tree That Was Coveted." Most people will no doubt best remember these stories in the "Gesta Romanorum," but their origin is indubitably Sanskrit. Anyhow they will bear retelling.

The first relates to a certain ruler who decrees that any malefactor who was brought before him should be put to death unless he could declare three truths. This seems to have been an excellent way to keep down the population, for it is recorded that there were very few who passed the test. But on one occasion an outlaw was brought up, and claiming to be tried declared as the first truth that he had been a bad man from his youth up. The judge passed it as accurate. On the second truth being demanded the outlaw declared that he did not like the situation in which he then stood. That also passed the test. "Now for the third truth," cried the judge. "Why," said the man, "if I once get out of this confounded place, I will never willingly enter it again." He was acquitted. Of the second story many modern versions are current, notwithstanding or perhaps by reason of its hoary antiquity. A man called his neighbors to him and bewailed his fate in that he was growing in his garden a fatal tree, on which his three wives in succession had hanged themselves. "Well," said one of his friends, "I'm surprised that you should weep at such good fortune. Give me a few sprigs of that tree, and I'll share them among my neighbors." He gave his friend the sprigs and ever afterward found that tree the most productive part of his estate.

There is the still older story of the fisherman who asked 100 stripes on the bare back as the price of a basket of choice fish and explained to his astonished patron that the door porter refused him access unless he promised that he should have half the proceeds of his sales, and the more modern but essentially Indian tale of the maiden who feared that a certain man would kiss her if she approached near him. The man was leading a goat, carrying a rooster under one arm, a bucket in his hand and a measure of corn on his head and was walking with a stick. Naturally in these circumstances he was indignant at the girl's suggestion and pointed out how impossible it would be to kiss her against her will, loaded as he was. "Ah," said the artless maiden, "but you might stick the stick in the ground and tie the goat to it, put the bucket over the fowl and the corn on top of the bucket, and then you might kiss me against my will." And of course it all fell out as she said, but the poor man himself would never have thought of such a thing if she had not suggested it.—Times of India.

Dr. Holmes' Revenge.

When "The Last Leaf" was published by Oliver Wendell Holmes, a critic attacked it savagely and cruelly. Dr. Holmes, though importuned by friends, did nothing in revenge. He waited for time to avenge him, which time did liberally. The critic fell upon evil days and ended his existence with suicide. The only morceau of personal revenge which good doctor allowed himself was to cut out the paragraph about his enemy's career and paste it in his scrapbook on the same page which contained the original criticism and the announcements of the successive editions of the poem. This was a mild revenge, but even this was unworthy of Dr. Holmes.

A Plot That Failed.

O'Toole—There, begorra, I've tied Barry's goat on the railroad thrack, and that train comin ull kill um.

Goat—Now, if I hadn't swallowed Mrs. Hoolihan's red petticoat yesterday, I couldn't have coughed it up to flag that train.—Kate Field's Washington.

A Wonderful Western Moss.

One of the most wonderful specimens of vegetable life known to the botanist is the "life moss" of Jamaica, Barbados and other of the West Indian islands. There are several species of tropical plants which have remarkable tenacity of life, but the "life moss" and the story of its vitality are almost beyond belief, its powers to live under adverse circumstances being certainly beyond that of any other known plant. It appears to be absolutely indestructible by any means except by immersion in boiling water or the application of a redhot iron to its roots and branching vines. It may be cut up and divided into infinitesimal particles, and then the very smallest shred will throw out roots and soon grow and form new branches and buds. Specimens of this extraordinary plant have been suspended in the air in a dry, hot room; they have been placed in close, airtight dark boxes, without moisture of any sort, and yet they lived

Legal Notices.

(First publication Jan. 11.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Twenty-One Dollars, Interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joel W. Billings, a single man, Mortgagor, to George W. Thayer, Mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 22nd day of December, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., in Book "E" of Mortgages, on Page 425, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The East half of the Southwest quarter and the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter, of Section Twenty-Six, and the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty-Two, all in Township Forty-three, Range Thirty-One, in Crow Wing County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, on the 27th day of February, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Six Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-Five Dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 10th, A. D. 1895.

GEORGE W. THAYER,
Mortgagee.

LINDBERGH, BLANCHARD & LINDBERGH,
Attorneys,
Little Falls, Minnesota.

(First publication Jan. 11.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, executed and delivered by Edward Jewette and Mary Jewette, husband and wife, Mortgagors, to Lombard Investment Company, Mortgagee, dated the 11th day of January, 1889, and with the power of sale therein recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of February, 1889 at 11 o'clock a. m., in Book "I" of Mortgages, on Pages 332, 333, 334, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Lombard Investment Company, to William S. Neal, by written assignment, dated the 11th day of March, 1889, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of January, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book "N" of Mortgages, on Page 150, and,

Whereas, Pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and in default of said mortgagors so to do, said William S. Neal paid general taxes levied on the premises described in said mortgage, in the sum of $18.90 , and,

Whereas, there is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice on account of said mortgage and the debt secured thereby, including the sum so paid for taxes, the sum of Four Hundred Dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, and the said premises will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, on the 27th day of February, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of sale, and the sum of Twenty-Five Dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

The East half of the Northwest quarter of Section Twenty-Two, in Township Forty-Three North, and of Range Thirty-Two, West of the Fourth Principal Meridian.

Dated January 10th, 1895.

WILLIAM S. NEAL,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

LINDBERGH, BLANCHARD & LINDBERGH,
Attorneys.
Little Falls, Minnesota.

(First publication Jan. 25.)

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
COUNTY OF CROW WING. }

In Probate Court, special term, Jan. 19th, 1895.

In the Matter of the Estate of Anna E. White, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Frank A. White, administrator of the estate of Anna E. White, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law;

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 11th day of February, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the County Court House, in said County.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this ordered once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.

Dated at Brainerd, the 19th day of January, A. D. 1895.

By the court.
(Seal.)

MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

[First Publication Feb. 1st.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }
District Court, 15th Judicial District.
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BRAINERD,
Plaintiff,
vs.
N. W. WHEATLEY AND THOMAS HALLADAY,
Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at his office at Brainerd, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, within 20 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you and each of you for the sum of nine hundred dollars ($900) with interest thereon from the 27th day of June, 1894, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated Sept. 10th, A. D. 1894.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 8, Bank Block, Residence 5th Street.

A. L. McDONALD,
Backus, Minn.
Dealer in
Hats, caps, Mitts, Moccasins, Boots, Rubbers, Mackinaws, Pants and Overals. Groceries, Drugs and Patent medicines.
Pioneer House and Livery Barn in Connection.
Lowest Prices for Everything.
Time Checks Cashed at Bank Rates.

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Wholesale and retail
GROCER,
HAS A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.
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Odd Fellows' Block.

C. D. JOHNSON,
DRUGGIST,
No. 4, Cale Block, Front Street.
Electric Belts,
Sponges, Toilet Articles
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FINE CIGARS, STATIONERY.
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Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.
Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

"But Oh!" That Comfortable Buffet Smoking Library Coach on that Peerless North-Western Limited between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. It is a miniature Delmonico on wheels. In this Coach with its Reclining Chairs and soft Cushioned Lounges, the pitch of comfort, combined with Bohemian Freedom can be had, and we pronounce it the most valuable addition lately made to comfort in travel. —The Commercial, Winnipeg.

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Finest in all Points of any Saloon in the Northwest.
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WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,
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We keep nothing but the finest goods and Guarantee Satisfaction.
Drop in any time as we will make it pleasant for you.
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FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Of Brainerd, Minn.
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LEON E. LUM, Vice President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $200,000
Paid up Capital, - - $50,000.
Surplus, - - - - $30,000
Business accounts invited

All Take Notice.
If you want to jolly it up call and see our mammoth stock of
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware and Sterling Silver NOVELTIES
All the Latest Designs in the market. See our Loose and Mounted DIAMONDS and the GOLDEN ROD SOUVENIR SPOONS
MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG,
CORNER FRONT AND SIXTH STREETS

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 14, NUMBER 11. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1895. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

Northern Pacific Bank

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
J. N. NEVERS, Vice President.
H. J. SPENCER, Cashier.

Money to Loan On Chattel Security

County and City Orders Bought!

Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

RUNS THROUGH CARS TO

ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLIS,
DULUTH
FARGO
GRAND FORKS
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TO

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Pullman Sleeping Cars
Elegant Dining Cars
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 2:15 p. m. Departs going west at 2:20 p. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 6 arrives from the west at 12:55 p. m. Departs going south at 1:15 p. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 7:55 p. m., and departs for the west at 8:15 p. m. daily.
No. 12 arrives from the West at 3:00 a. m. Departs going east at 3:10 a. m. daily.
No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at 5:30 p. m.
No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:30 a. m.
No. 54 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at at 10:30 p. m.
No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 4:15 p. m. and departs for Staples at 5:15 p. m.
No. 56 arrives from Staples at 8 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 9:00 a. m.
For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL MINN.

N. Schroeder.

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Wines, Liquors, and CIGARS

Imported and Domestic.

Special Attention Given to Orders for Family Use.

Give me a call when in Detroit and will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,
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THE
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Two fast trains daily between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago, Milwaukee and all points in Wisconsin, making connection in Chicago with all lines running east and south.

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R. K. WHITELEY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 2 Sleeper Block,
BRAINERD.................. MINN.

ONE of the striking differences between Democratic rule and Republican rule is that the former is debt-making and the latter is debt-paying, says the St Louis Globe Democrat.

JUDGE OTIS, of Minneapolis, has decided that a husband in Minnesota is liable in money damages for any slanderous utterances of his wife. Boys, this is awful. There is but one way to protect yourself. Go muzzle your wife.

THE Hillsboro, N. D., Herald is a prohibition paper, but nevertheless the editor and typos evidently had a "jag" last week, for the copy received by the DISPATCH had the words in the head reversed and the letters turned upside down. The editor should practice what he preaches.

"THE gambling hells have again been opened and are running in full blast. The law seems to be powerless in the wild west. The Capitol should be moved to a civilized community," says the Hillsboro, N. D., Herald. The above is a great condition of affairs for a prohibition community.

THE Potter tax bill has been recommended to pass by the house committee. This bill changes the penalty on delinquent taxes from 10 per cent which is added June 1st, and 5 per cent added Jan. 1st, to 1 per cent a month after becoming delinquent. Delinquent tax payers will probably approve of the measure, but those who are in a position to know, predict that it will retard the collection of taxes.

THE trustees of the Brainerd Water Power Co., have come down from their high and lofty position. On Monday their attorney, Ambrose Tighe, telegraphed to City Attorney McClenahan that if the council would pay water power rental at the price stipulated in the contract, they would accept it. They have declared the contract void for the past year and a half, and insisted that the city pay about three times that amount for power, which the council very wisely refused to do. It was a very strong game of bulldoze but it failed to work.

THE editor of the Cass County Pioneer is crying frantically for the organization of Cass county, but unfortunately for Bro. Olliver, no one residing there wants organization except a few who expect to get fat offices, and Bro. Olliver who wants the county printing. The tax rate for the county is now less than 1 per cent, but if organized it would be greater than the rate in Crow Wing, which is over 4 per cent. This fact is known to a large majority of the intelligent settlers, hence they do not want organization. An increased levy for road and bridge purposes and a small poor fund is all that is desired, and that will not raise their levy to more than 12 mills.

Playing Cards.

Those who believe that "there is nothing new under the sun," may credit the assertion that playing cards were known among the Chinese, the Hindoos, the Arabs and the Romans long ago, but the only known fact is that they were brought out in the fourteenth century by Jacques Grigonneur, a French painter residing in Paris. It is said that they were made for the amusement of the crazy King Charles VI. The four kings were David, Alexander, Cæsar and Charles: the four queens, Angine, Esther, Judith and Pallas; the four knaves or knights, Ogier the Dane, Lancelot, La Hire and Hector de Garland. Cards seem originally to have been taken to England direct from Spain, having been probably introduced into that country by the Moors; the clubs, in Spanish cards, not being trefoils as with us, but cudgels—that is, bastos—the spades or swords, espadas. A fine article of playing cards is issued by the passenger department of Burlington Route, and fifteen cents in postage stamps, sent to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul Minn., will bring you a pack by return mail. From the same address you can obtain maps, time-table, and much other information about the Burlington system of railroads, the favorite line of experienced travelers, and the one by which you can most easily reach the more prominent cities and towns in Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, south Dakota, Wyoming, Montana, Colorado, Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa and Missouri.

Ten Acres is Enough

To the man who knows where to go for it and how to farm it. Let me know your name and I will let you know where it is and how to get it. CHARLES S. FEE, General Passenger Agent, Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul, Minn.

McCall has the best line of pocket cultery razors and scissors to be found in the city.

Have your prescriptions filled at the McFadden Drug Store.

CONGDON
removes all smoke, dust, etc., and makes old paper bright as new.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 2, Sleeper Block.

"The Drive Wheel Of trade is Success, and this is as true of railways as of business. With this thought in mind it is not difficult to account for the success of The North-Western Line—The Great Line from the Twin Cities to Chicago. The North-Western Line does the things that make Success. Success is its watchword, and this is an equivalent for palatial Train Accommodations. Voluntary indorsement of The North-Western Line is spontaneous on the part of every traveler who patronizes it.—The Tribune, Bismarck, N. D.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of the Board of Crow Wing County Commissioners Held Tuesday, Feb. 5, 1895.

Proceedings of board of Crow Wing county commissioners, meeting held February 5th, 1895.

Present, Commissioners Smith, Farrar, Patterson and Mahle.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

The following mortgages were abated for 1894, on account of same being either satisfied or assigned prior to May 1st, 1894:

N. S. Hoffman, $150.
A. G. Michie, $500.
do $1,000.
R. J. Hartley, $464.
M. Cullen, $700.
Mrs. J. McDonald, $800.
Dan Caffrey, $600.
J. W. Koop, $600.

Mrs. J. McCauley was allowed $5 for temporary aid.

Personal tax of Brainerd Brewing Co., for 1894, was abated. Erroneously assessed.

Petition of citizens of Town 45-28, to extend road, was granted, said road to be surveyed in April.

Board adjourned to 2 p. m.

Mrs. P. Brillion was allowed $5 for temporary aid.

The following bills were allowed:

Chas A. Krech, wood for poor	$3 00
Rostad, Bane & Co., meats poor farm	11 09
H. Patterson, attending two meetings	15 80
Larson & Walters, coal, court house	8 25
Koop Bros., goods for poor	9 00
Slipp Bros., goods court house	30 45
" " poor farm	3 30
James Wickham, work poor farm	2 50
Knute Olson, work poor farm	15 00
G. S. McCulloch, overseer poor farm, etc	51 00
C. D. Johnson, drugs poor farm	1 25
C. D. Johnson, drugs poor	1 35
H. Spalding, fees state cases	196 30
A. Angel, goods poor	6 85
Brainerd Dispatch, printing etc	157 25
Brainerd Dispatch, printing	17 50
W. W. Craig, goods poor	8 00
City of Brainerd, electric lights, Dec. and Feb	15 54
M. Hagberg, goods county jail	2 75
M. Hagberg, goods poor farm	26 45
M. Hagberg, goods poor	7 50
J. L. Camp, board and nursing Herman Wendt	20 70
J. L. Camp, board and nursing Jos. Meyers, December	45 00
J. L. Camp, board and nursing Nels Ohlander	20 70
A. Mahlum, recording officers bonds	13 50
Losey & Dean, coffin A. Johnson's child	7 00
Losey & Dean, coffin and burial two persons	23 00
H. Spalding, boarding prisoners	99 75
J. F. McGinnis, goods Shupe children	9 70
Ed. Clarke, clerk, Pine River.	7 20
Chas. Preston, clerk, "	7 20
Chas. L. Heath, judge and returns, Pine River	13 80
Pioneer Press Co., stationery	37 90
" " "	19 20

The following mortgages were abated on account of being satisfied:

L. N. Lowe, $150.
W. A. Fleming, $75.
" $200.
J. S. Gardner, $175.
" $195.
" $270.

An appropriation of $4 was made from road and bridge fund in favor of Nels G. Jerness for release of damages on road.

Valuation of Lot 17, Block 40, was reduced $200.

Report of overseer poor farm for month of January, was accepted.

Reports of fees received by Register of Deeds and Superintendent of Schools, were accepted and placed on file.

Personal property of L. G. Cooke was reduced $1,000 on account of loss of 23 horses.

Personal property tax of S. S. Kilvington, Cass county, for $5.86, was abated. Erroneous assessment.

The following bills were allowed:

John Stees, judge, Pine River.	$7 20
A. P. Farrar, attending three meetings	9 60
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., stationery	75
Brown, Treacy & Co., stationery	4 40
West Publishing Co., stationery	12 00
McFadden Drug Co., goods county jail	6 60
Evergreen Cemetery, seven graves for poor	21 00
Joel Smith, attending three meetings	10 20
Joel Smith, taking Shupe children to Owatonna	25 00
Henry Mahle, attending three meetings	9 60

Report of committee appointed to view road in 44-29-30 and 45-29-30, was accepted and placed on file.

Auditor was instructed to issue refunding order for $4.13 in favor of G. A. Hunt for taxes erroneously assessed in 1890.

Auditor was instructed to accept $3,000 in full payment of all taxes delinquent, and current, against Brainerd Water Power Co.

Inventory of poor farm taken January, 1895, was on motion accepted and placed on file.

Board adjourned until first Tuesday in March.

LOUIS TACHE,
Co. Auditor.

Now is the time to buy children's shoes. We have a large stock and will sell them AT COST before moving

R. F. WALTERS,
Big "9" 6th St.

CASS COUNTY PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of Cass County Commissioners—Meeting Held Monday, Feb. 4, 1895.

Proceedings of board of Cass county commissioners, meeting held Feb. 4th, 1895.

Present Commissioners Ellis and Hardy.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

Applications for liquor license of F. H. Bredfeld and P. James McKeig & A. McDonald, were read and laid over until the next meeting.

The following bills were allowed:

Geo. Gregory, corduroying road	$15 00
J. J. Ellis, attending one commissioner's meeting	11 40
G. L. Hardy, attending two commissioner's meetings	9.60

Board adjourned until 1st Monday in March.

LOUIS TACHE,
Co. Auditor.

Board of Education.

The Board of Education held its regular monthly meeting on Monday evening, with Vice President Britton in the chair. After hearing the report of secretary and treasurer and transacting other unimportant business, the board proceeded to take an informal ballot for president, M. Hagberg receiving 9 votes and Rev. Stapf 1. On motion the ballot was declared formal and Mr. Hagberg was declared elected. The following bills were allowed:

John Goedderz sawing wood	$10 00
W. D. McKay, salary 3 months	30 00
McFadden Drug Co., supplies	60
A. E. Pennell, salary and postage three months	39 15
T. C. Kerr, shade pulls	4 25
Brainerd Journal, advertising	8 62
J. R. Smith, insurance	28 80
D. M. Clark & Co., supplies	42 83
John Britton, drayage	1 00
Peter Peterson, sawing wood	10 00
Chas Britton, " "	13 50
A. Belongy, " "	3 00
E Dibble, " "	7 50
R. P. Nelson, " "	10 00
C. D. O'Brien, legal services	25 00
A. C. McClung & Co., library books	77 54
St. Paul Book & Stationary Co., library books	32 48

The board is evidently getting shy of funds for the finance committee was instructed to make a loan for the next teachers' pay roll. The secretary was instructed to ascertain what amount can be secured from state for library books.

Mr. Keene was appointed a member of finance and repair committee by the president. Board adjourned.

The New Boy.

Everybody will be glad to know that the funniest play produced in London is to be here at Sleeper Opera house next Wednesday night. It is called "The New Boy." It has crowded more theatres and made more people laugh than any attraction since Artemus Ward. A wild, harum scarem school boy, with whom all girls are in love, is discovered to be the husband of the beautiful matron whom the proprietor wants to marry. The boy proved himself too "smart" for them all. He out-wits the villian of the play, wins the gratitude of the doctor, and carries off his wife in triumph, yet the top of his head is scarcely to her shoulder. His voice is thin and piping, but he is a winner and a terror. Bert Coots plays the chief role

Wall paper at D. M. Clark & Co's

(First publication Jan. 11.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss.
District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.
Charles Scott, Plaintiff,
vs.
N. W. Wheatley, Defendant.

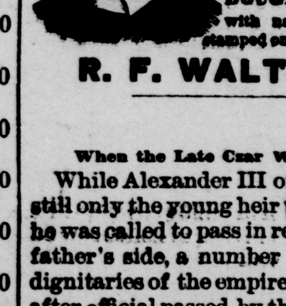
The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in said County, within 20 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three hundred, nine and 27-100 dollars ($309.27) with interest, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated, September 7th, A. D. 1894.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 8, Bank Block Residence 5th Street.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

R. F. WALTERS.

When the Late Czar Was a Boy.

While Alexander III of Russia was still only the young heir to the throne he was called to pass in review, by his father's side, a number of the high dignitaries of the empire. As official after official passed by the hated German termination of names in "berg" betrayed their origin. At last Alexander II pronounced a purely Russian name in "off." He was surprised to hear a sigh of relief from his son, who remarked audibly, "There's one, at any rate."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Different.

Hicks—I do detest a flatterer!

Wicks—Yes, so do I. By the way, I saw Watkyns talking with you just now. He's one of the worst flatterers I know of anywhere.

Hicks—Yes. I know he is, but he wasn't flattering me. He was only telling me how charming he thought my last book of poems.—Somerville Journal.

In the French Style.

"What sort of a stew do they serve at your boarding house?"

"Oh, it's a good deal like a fresh novel—rather tough, but very well done."—Cincinnati Tribune.

TO AN ENGLISH FRIEND.

An American Writer Reveals Some of the Inside Workings of Our National Life.

Yankee ways of thinking and doing are revealed by an American signing himself Franklin Eastman in a letter published in The Atlantic and addressed to an English friend. He says that some of the English folk who are warm friends misunderstand us almost as badly as the old Tories. You seem to think the United States are peopled by a set of philosophical radicals, whose true place is on the Liberal benches behind John Morley. Your writers of this school know we are a separate nation, but they are persuaded that it is a nation of philosophers, right out of Plato or Sir Thomas More.

Mr. Howells has a charming story where a girl from the practical but still visionary "west" thinks Boston is peopled with reformers, who revolve around the abolitionists as bright stars. She is amazed to hear talk an agreeable young gentleman of Boston who never met these people in society, and as far as he had heard of them looked upon them as dangerous eccentrics. Now, some of your highly educated thinkers seem to regard the average American as largely occupied with reading or writing treatises on the philosophy of government, coming down in a long catena from Jefferson, and as much concerned with conventions, and, referenda. My friend, we did that once for all when we started, and, though no doubt such things are talked of more than they used to be 20 years ago, we are in the mass anything but a set of theorizing radicals. We are very conservative, very humdrum, much attached to existing machinery, especially in politics, and with a great distrust of utopian and ideal schemes. Custom is almost as great a tyrant with us as in your Indian dominions. Eager as we are for novelties in dress and buildings, we are hard to stir from our accepted ways of letting ourselves be governed, even when these are tangled and muddy. Our philosophers complain that their speculations do not make the impression they ought on most of their fellow citizens, who are engaged in the mere work of living. I suspect England is a good deal nearer female suffrage than we are.

When Professor Brice was last here, he rushed off from all his friends to see what he considered the intensely interesting spectacle of a constitutional convention in the state of Kentucky, an institution to which he had given much space in his very valuable book. I do not believe that at this hour 20 members of congress outside Kentucky know whether the results of that convention were adopted or not. We can get half as big a vote again on the pettiest election when the choice is between persons as when the people solemnly vote "yes" or "no" on a question of organic law.

No, my old friend, we are not English provincials; we are not half civilized pioneers; we are not utopian radicals; above all, we are not naughty boys and silly girls; we are not anything that you have decided we must be. There is one liberty we claim as our English birthright—the liberty of being illogical when we please and succeeding or failing according to our own ideas of working out our own problems, whether they are yours or not.

Novel Use For Women's Jaws.

Among the Eskimo a novel use has been found for woman's jaw. Says Mrs. Peary in her book, "My Arctic Journey:" "The native method of treating the skins of all animals intended for clothing is first to rid them of as much of the fat as can be got off by scraping with a knife. Then they are stretched tight as possible and allowed to become perfectly dry. After this they are taken by the women and chewed and sucked all over in order to get as much of the grease out as possible. Then they are again dried and scraped with a dull implement, so as to break the fibers, making the skins pliable. Chewing the skin is very hard on the women, and all of it is done by them. They cannot chew more than two deerskins per day and are obliged to rest their jaws every other day."

Taken at His Word.

"What! You charge 50 pfennig for these neckties? Why, they are not worth a fraction more than 30 pfennig."

"All I can say is, if you can get me some at that price I'll take any quantity of them," said the shopkeeper.

"Very glad to hear it. I am a traveler in ties and will take the liberty to book you for a hundred dozen."—Humoristische Blatter.

Indian Corn.

Botanists say that the Indian corn is a grass of the tribe of phalaridæ; that the leaves are linear lanceolate and pubescent, with a short ligule; that the inflorescence is monœcious; that the pistillate flowers are crowded on the rachis; that the ovary is bifid, and that the withered glumes and palet remain on the rachis. And if you do not know all about the subject now it's your own fault.

Count Mirabeau, the father of the French revolutionist, got along so pleasantly at home that during his married life he took out no less than 52 lettres de cachet against his wife and her people.

At Poitiers, in 1356, 80,000 French were defeated by the Black Prince with less than 50,000 men. The French king, John, was captured and his army completely routed.

Wheat can be grown in the Alps at an elevation of 3,600 feet, in Brazil at 5,000, in the Caucasus at 8,000, in Abyssinia at 10,000, in Peru and Bolivia at 11,000.

Cape Mendocino, in California, took its name from that of a Spanish viceroy. The name was given in 1542 by Cabrillo.

The natural life of an elephant is said to be 120 years. It is, however, greatly shortened by captivity.

HOARY HUMOR IN INDIA.

Archaic Jokes That Still Serve to Make the Sons of Ind Smile.

It is characteristic of India that it does not produce what the western mind regards as humor, either the old or the new. In the circumstance that the latter order is not forthcoming we may doubtless find matter for congratulation on both sides, and it may be that even as far as the former is concerned the fault lies rather in the western than in the eastern mind. Although the oriental takes life seriously, it requires little to move him to that emotion, which, almost alone, among other emotions, is the prerogative of humankind. In the native theater fun of the grimmest kind brings down the house equally with farce of the broadest, but it is at least doubtful if humor is at the base of either. The sense of incongruity is present plainly enough, but it is hardly such a "pleasing unexpectedness" as would fit the English essayist's definition of humor's chief ingredient. Nor is there humor, save of an exceedingly dubious kind, in the folk tales told for the thousand and first time by the village story teller beneath the banyan tree. Even among the eastern ancients humor is rare, though caustic wit and a certain grim pleasantry are common enough. For one story like the "Three Truths" we get a dozen like the "Tree That Was Coveted." Most people will no doubt best remember these stories in the "Gesta Romanorum," but their origin is indubitably Sanskrit. Anyhow they will bear retelling.

The first relates to a certain ruler who decrees that any malefactor who was brought before him should be put to death unless he could declare three truths. This seems to have been an excellent way to keep down the population, for it is recorded that there were very few who passed the test. But on one occasion an outlaw was brought up, and claiming to be tried declared as the first truth that he had been a bad man from his youth up. The judge passed it as accurate. On the second truth being demanded the outlaw declared that he did not like the situation in which he then stood. That also passed the test. "Now for the third truth," cried the judge. "Why," said the man, "if I once get out of this confounded place, I will never willingly enter it again." He was acquitted. Of the second story many modern versions are current, notwithstanding or perhaps by reason of its hoary antiquity. A man called his neighbors to him and bewailed his fate in that he was growing in his garden a fatal tree, on which his three wives in succession had hanged themselves. "Well," said one of his friends, "I'm surprised that you should weep at such good fortune. Give me a few sprigs of that tree, and I'll share them among my neighbors." He gave his friend the sprigs and ever afterward found that tree the most productive part of his estate.

There is the still older story of the fisherman who asked 100 stripes on the bare back as the price of a basket of choice fish and explained to his astonished patron that the door porter refused him access unless he promised that he should have half the proceeds of his sales, and the more modern but essentially Indian tale of the maiden who feared that a certain man would kiss her if she approached near him. The man was leading a goat, carrying a rooster under one arm, a bucket in his hand and a measure of corn on his head and was walking with a stick. Naturally in these circumstances he was indignant at the girl's suggestion and pointed out how impossible it would be to kiss her against her will, loaded as he was. "Ah," said the artless maiden, "but you might stick the stick in the ground and tie the goat to it, put the bucket over the fowl and the corn on top of the bucket, and then you might kiss me against my will." And of course it all fell out as she said, but the poor man himself would never have thought of such a thing if she had not suggested it.—Times of India.

Dr. Holmes' Revenge.

When "The Last Leaf" was published by Oliver Wendell Holmes, a critic attacked it savagely and cruelly. Dr. Holmes, though importuned by friends, did nothing in revenge. He waited for time to avenge him, which time did liberally. The critic fell upon evil days and ended his existence with suicide. The only morceau of personal revenge which good doctor allowed himself was to cut out the paragraph about his enemy's career and paste it in his scrapbook on the same page which contained the original criticism and the announcements of the successive editions of the poem. This was a mild revenge, but even this was unworthy of Dr. Holmes.

A Plot That Failed.

O'Toole—There, begorra, I've tied Barry's goat on the railroad thrack, and that train comin ull kill um.

Goat—Now, if I hadn't swallowed Mrs. Hoolihan's red petticoat yesterday, I couldn't have coughed it up to flag that train.—Kate Field's Washington.

A Wonderful Western Moss.

One of the most wonderful specimens of vegetable life known to the botanist is the "life moss" of Jamaica, Barbados and other of the West Indian islands. There are several species of tropical plants which have remarkable tenacity of life, but the "life moss" and the story of its vitality are almost beyond belief, its powers to live under adverse circumstances being certainly beyond that of any other known plant. It appears to be absolutely indestructible by any means except by immersion in boiling water or the application of a redhot iron to its roots and branching vines. It may be cut up and divided into infinitesimal particles, and then the very smallest shred will throw out roots and soon grow and form new branches and buds. Specimens of this extraordinary plant have been suspended in the air in a dry, hot room; they have been placed in close, airtight dark boxes, without moisture of any sort, and yet they lived ...

Legal Notices.

(First publication Jan. 11.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Twenty-One Dollars, Interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joel W. Billings, a single man, Mortgagor, to George W. Thayer, Mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 22nd day of December, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., in Book "E" of Mortgages, on Page 423, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The East half of the Southwest quarter and the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter, of Section Twenty-Six, and the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty-Two, all in Township Forty-three, Range Thirty-One, in Crow Wing County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, on the 27th day of February, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Twenty-One Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-Five Dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 10th, A. D. 1895.

GEORGE W. THAYER, Mortgagee.
LINDBERGH, BLANCHARD & LINDBERGH, Attorneys, Little Falls, Minnesota.

(First publication Jan. 11th)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Six Dollars, Interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Trefle Jewett and his wife, Maggie Jewett, Mortgagors, to George W. Thayer, Mortgagee, bearing date the 12th day of May, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1893, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Book "E" of Mortgages, on Page 468, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The Northwest quarter of the Northwest quarter of Section Twenty Two, and the Northeast quarter of the Northeast quarter, and Lot One in Section Twenty-One, and Lot Four, in Section Sixteen, all in Township Forty-Three, Range Thirty-Two, in Crow Wing County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, on the 27th day of February, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Six Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-Five Dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 10th, A. D. 1895.

GEORGE W. THAYER, Mortgagee.
LINDBERGH, BLANCHARD & LINDBERGH, Attorneys, Little Falls, Minnesota.

(First publication Jan. 11.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, executed and delivered by Edward Jewette and Mary Jewette, husband and wife, Mortgagors, to Lombard Investment Company, Mortgagee, dated the 11th day of January, 1889, and with the power of sale therein, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of February, 1889, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Book "I" of Mortgages, on Pages 332, 333, 334, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Lombard Investment Company, to William S. Neal, by written assignment, dated the 11th day of March, 1889, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of January, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book "N" of Mortgages, on Page 150, and,

Whereas, Pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and in default of said mortgagors so to do, said William S. Neal paid general taxes levied on the premises described in said mortgage, in the sum of $18.20, and,

Whereas, There is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice on account of said mortgage and the debt secured thereby, including the sum so paid for taxes, the sum of Four Hundred Dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, and the said premises will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, on the 27th day of February, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of sale, and the sum of Twenty-Five Dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

The East half of the Northwest quarter of Section Twenty-Two, in Township Forty-Three North, and of Range Thirty-Two, West of the Fourth Principal Meridian.

Dated January 10th, 1895.

WILLIAM S. NEAL, Assignee of Mortgagee.
LINDBERGH, BLANCHARD & LINDBERGH, Attorneys, Little Falls, Minnesota.

(First publication Jan. 25.)

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF CROW WING. } ss

In Probate Court, special term, Jan. 19th, 1895.

In the Matter of the Estate of Anna E. White, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Frank A. White, administrator of the estate of Anna E. White, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 11th day of February, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the County Court House, in said County.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this ordered once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.

Dated at Brainerd, the 19th day of January, A. D. 1895.

By the court.
(Seal.) MILTON McFADDEN, Judge of Probate.

[First Publication Feb. 1st.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. }
District Court, 15th Judicial District.
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BRAINERD, Plaintiff,
vs.
N. W. WHEATLEY AND THOMAS HALLADAY, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at his office at Brainerd, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, within 20 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you and each of you for the sum of nine hundred dollars ($900) with interest thereon from the 27th day of June, 1894, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated Sept. 10th, A. D. 1894.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 8, Bank Block, Residence 5th Street.

A. L. McDONALD,
Backus, Minn.
Dealer in
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Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

Thomas A. Edison says he would be happy if he could break himself of smoking. He might quit for awhile and see how that would work.

Germany's young emperor may be all right when he speaks of "My army," but his reputation for modesty would be improved on this side of the Atlantic if he would take the German nation into partnership.

Joseph Cook has taken up the subject of the Armenian massacres, and his powerful relation of the facts in the case will intensify the feeling of horror in all just and humane minds aroused by the barbarity and cruelty of the Turks.

Felix Alder of the New York Ethical Society, recently speaking on the subject of the "Public Schools," said the school was the child of democracy. Education in the past was for the few, not for the many.

Mrs. Newell Case of Battle Creek, Mich., has twins born in different years. One came into the world at 11:55 p. m., December 31, 1894, and the other at 12:05 a. m., January 1, 1895.

The salary of the president of France is $1000 per day, Sundays included. We would just like to see the cabinet —or the window, either—that could jolt us out of such an office as that!

John A. Logan, Jr., has offered to donate a tract of 100 acres west of Youngstown, Ohio, to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics for a site for the order's national home for widows and orphans.

James B. Church of Tiverton, R. I., a man fifty-two years old, bathed in the river near his home on January 3 at 4 o'clock in the morning. He likes that sort of thing and does it frequently.,

Col. J. Eugene Jarnigan of South Carolina has been appointed United States consul at Ruatan, Honduras. It is difficult to understand how he succeeded in keeping that name out of congress.

By the death of M. De Giers Russia has lost one of its ablest statesmen. For a long time he took a prominent part in conducting the foreign affairs of Russia, and it may be said that the wise management of foreign matters during the reign of Alexander the III was due in the main to him.

It was mentioned at the reunion of the Mosby men in Virginia last week that their commander invented his own tactics, and that the only formal order he ever gave was "Go for 'em." In spite of these defects Mosby was considered a military nuisance by the men in blue.

The other evening while Miss Hannah Green was at a party she paused in the midst of a dance. She had tried to speak to her partner, but found that she could not utter a word. She has been unable to speak since. A few days ago Miss Mollie Tindolph, a cousin of Miss Green, suddenly lost all use of her lower limbs.

From the manner in which the New York newspapers describe the reeking, filthy tenement houses in that city and the vile disease-soaked abodes of vice and squalor, it is evident that a fierce and extensive conflagration is about as badly needed as better government. Desperate cases require desperate remdies, and fire is a great purifier.

Berlin, Hamburg, Trieste and iVenna were connected by telephone over 900 miles of wire a few weeks ago, and Copenhagen will soon be taken into the circuit. As the Danish capital already telephones to Northern Sweden, 850 miles distant, the conversational possibilities in Europe are becoming interesting.

The English are reported to have given a 'friendly intimation" to Japan that the British fleet wil not permit Japanese war-ships to enter the river leading to Nankin. One trouble about opening up communication with Mars is that the planet would probably be found to be within the sphere of British influence.

Casimir-Perier's mother a well preserved lady of 80 years of age, takes a very active interest in French politics. She has been closely connected with the leading events in France for several generations, and her mind is stored with facts and incidents of great value to the historian. She disapproved of her son's resignation.

The Cook gang recently held up an editor and after robbing him of $4, made him promise not to print anything about them in his paper. This distinct invasion of the rights of the press involves constitutional issues and justifies the calling out of federal troops. We, as a profession, don't mind the $4 but we will not be dictated to.

Some men live too long. Mr. Charles Villiers the Nestor of the British Parliament is 93 years old. He entered parliament in 1835, and has represented Wolverhampton without a break for sixty years. He was one of the leaders in the fight for the repeal of the corn laws. His brother was the Earl of Clarendon, who was Foreign Secretary during the Crimean war and in Mr. Gladstone's first administration.

Yale has taken the lead in resolving to eliminate gambling from football and other athletic contests, but how it is to be done still remains a mystery. Open pool selling in the vicinity of the games can be stopped, but it will be impossible to prevent private betting, or the selling of pools in large cities. The most effectual preventative would be the cessation of inter-collegiate games and confining the playing to practice games among students of the same educational institutions.

A report is going around that Lord Wolseley's great claim to the respect of the British army lies in the fact that he has never been beaten. We believe that is true, but then it is added that, like Lord Napier in the Abyssinian war, he went through the Soudan campaign without a single reverse Is not that a mistake? We do not believe that Lord Wolseley was even in the Soudan. Soudan was wrested from Egypt twelve years ago. It probably has reference to his campaign against the Zulus.

PITH OF THE NEWS

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The Latest and Most Important News of the World, Culled From the Telegraph Reports of the Press Associations.

Washington.

The president has approved the urgent deficiency bill.

The Bennington is at Mare Island under orders to sail. She will undoubtedly go to Guatemala as soon as stores can be taken on board.

From the result of a canvass made by the international revenue bureau it is believed the income tax will yield $50,000,000.

The Chinese minister"s ball at Washington was as usual, a riot. Twelve hundred persons crowded in though but 400 invitations were issued.

A substitute for the Reilly Pacific railroad bill, which provides for management by a government commission when default is made, was offered in the house.

Commissioner Miller of the government revenue department has prepared a notice, copies of which will be posted in every city and town, calling attention to the provision of the income tax law.

The controller of the currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent national banks as follows: Five per cent, Stock Growers' national Bank of Miles City, Mont.; three-sevenths per cent, Spokane Bank, of Spokane Wash.

The house committee on public lands yesterday voted to favorably report the resolution introduced by Representative Caminetti, of California, to stop issuing patents to land grant railroads until congress has taken action for the classification of the lands, into mineral and non-mineral.

Personal Mention.

William Rufus Perkins, professor of history at the Iowa university, died in Erie, Pa.

Emil Schurman, one of the best known men in Alabama, fell dead from apoplexy in Mobile.

Asa G. Ross, a well known citizen, died at Coldwater, Mich., of heart disease, aged eighty-one years.

The will of Peter Wooden of Plainfield, N. J., bequeathed $150,000 to Alfred university, the Seventh Day Baptist college of Alfred Center, N. Y.

Elder Aaron Cummings, for forty years a prominent worker in the United Brethren church, died in North Manchester, Ind., aged about seventy.

Col. E. W. Northcott of Linneus, Mo., died in his seventy-eighth year. He was lieutenant colonel of the Seventy-fourth Illinois infantry in the late war.

The Hon. J. J. Ingalls, ex-United States senator from Kansas and John L. Sullivan, ex-champion heavyweight prize fighter, have met and, according to witnesses of the meeting, are the best of friends.

Thomas E. Heenan of Minnesota is in Washington. Mr. Heenan is United States consul at Odessa, Russia. He was appointed during the first Cleveland administration and held over under Harrison.

Joseph M. Layne, one of the most prominent educational men in Indiana and well known in Illinois and Ohio educational circles, has been taken from Anderson to a private sanitarium at Indianapolis. His nervous system is shattered ,and paralysis is feared.

Unfortunate Events.

Eli Yarian of Goshen, Ind., was killed by a falling tree.

Harvel, Ill., near Hillsboro, suffered a loss of $6,000 by fire Friday night.

One man was killed and five others injured in a trolley-car collision at Wilkesbarre, Pa.

Gabriel Thomas was run over and killed in the Burlington yards at Hannibal, Mo.

Fire did $50,000 damage to the Mechanics' Institute containing the public library of Montreal, Can.

Leroy Bush, aged 10, and his brother Willie, aged 9, were fatally burned by gasoline at Logansport, Ind.

John A. Miller, a potter from Hamilton, Ohio, was drowned at Marshall, Illinois.

Mrs. Theodore Englemann of Mascoutah, Ill., fell on a slippery pavement and was injured perhaps fatally.

Joseph W. Smith a brakeman on the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus railroad was killed at Akron Ohio.

An elevator owned by the Omaha Elevator company, burned at Barneston, Neb. Loss, $8,000; fully insured.

Bush Anderson, a professional skater, had his feet frozen while walking from Franklin to Jeffersonville, Ind. They will be amputated.

Eleven trained ponies and thirty-five educated dogs, in winter quarters at Bloomington, Ind., were burned to death.

At Franklin Grove, Ill., the postoffice and two other buildings were destroyed by fire and other houses damaged.

Mrs. Louis Lane was burned to death at Zanesville, Ohio. She was sitting before the fire when her clothing was ignited.

Edward Van Orman, an employe of the Ellsworth Lumber company., near Petoskey, Mich., fell into boiling water and died a few hours later.

The American hotel at Elmore, O., and several other buildings were destroyed. Two servant girls were fatally injured.

Miner Winfield, a negro hermit across the Missisippi from Moline, Ia., was found partly frozen and mutilated by rats and died soon after.

The 8-year old daughter of William Lans of Oberlin, Ohio, poured gasoline on the kitchen fire and was fatally burned. Her mother was badly burned and the house destroyed.

Criminal Doings.

W. H. Busher of Monmouth, Ill., a young poultry dealer has disappeared, and foul play is feared.

Four Mexicans are under arrest at Santa Fe, N. M., charged with murdering a stockman and burning his body.

Rev. Benjamin F. Bolton was arrested at Findlay, Ohio, charged with forging the name of his wife and her mother to notes for a large amount.

Ex-Mayor J. Hull Davidson and Editor Charles C. Moore engaged in a street fight at Lexington, Ky.

Pugilist Fitzsimmons has given $10,000 bail to answer to the charge of killing Con Riordan.

John W. Miley, of Galesburg, Ill., is accused of forging the names of business men to notes for large sums.

Fred Hoffman, deputy county clerk of D county, O. T., is reported to have been killed by bandits near Taloga.

John Fingerstine, a peddler, was killed by John Usery, in a quarrel near Shelburn, Ind.

Morris O'Connor, county surveyor, was arrested at Albia, Iowa, on a charge of selling whisky unlawfully.

Michael S. Considine, an ex-saloonkeeper well-known in the "Tenderloin" of New York city, shot and fatally wounded John J. Malone, a broker.

At Hinton, W. Va., M. F. Wykoff and Fred Nihoof, an engineer fought with pistols last night, and Nihoof received a fatal wound.

Jesse Plowder and Jesse Williams a negro soldier at Fort Robinson, Neb., fought over a disreputable white woman and Plowder was stabbed to death.

Rev. Benjamin F. Stutsman was arrested at Goshen, Ind., charged with entering a schoolhouse and insulting a teacher.

John Bevins, aged 65 was taken to the penitentiary at Anamosa, Iowa, on a ten years' sentence for the murder of Patrick O'Donnell.

Vincent Little, aged 22, was arrested at Elkhart, Ind., charged with the murder of Johathan Rumbocker, a few weeks ago.

Louis Robb was convicted of attempting to assassinate Mayor Hobbs, of Benton Harbor, Mich., and sentenced to fifteen years at hard labor.

Miss Gertie McLellan committed suicide at Benton Harbor, Mich., by taking poison. Ill health and despondency are supposed to have caused the act.

The body of Irwin Meyers, a farmer residing near Springfield, Ill., was found by the roadside. It is supposed that he detected trespassers on his land and was killed by them.

E. A. Gogg, was arrested at Wabash, Ind., charged with embezzeling $5,000 from the dry goods firm of Hollis Bros. Fogg asserts the discrepancy in his accounts will prove to be clerical errors.

William Whittington, son of ex-Sheriff Whittington, was severely injured while resisting arrest at Columbus, Ind. He attempted to give a dance in his saloon, which was running without a license.

Inquest on the body of Rebecca Land, the woman found dead in her room in the McLean building, St. Louis, strengthen the theory that the woman was murdered with robbery as the motive.

Foreign.

Drift ice has stopped traffic in the Rhine and other German rivers.

Count Herbert Bismarck has been promoted to the rank of colonel.

The czar has assigned 50,000 roubles to be alloted yearly as pensions for scholars and authors.

The French cabinet has decided to accord the remains of the late Marshal Canrobert the honors of a state funeral.

Leprosy has broken out at Konigsberg and Memel, in Eastern Prussia, and the disease has been officially declared to exist in these districts.

M. Shishkin, who was assistant to the late M. De Giers, Russian minister of foreign affairs has been appointed to succeed the latter temporarily.

A proposal has been submitted to the council of the empire for the establishment of a permanent Russian legation at the Vatican.

Trouble is imminent between France and San Domingo growing out of the seizing by the latter of the funds of a bank.

Premiers of the various colonies attended an enthusiastic meeting at Melbourne in behalf of Australian federation.

A sentry on duty at the military laboratory in Berlin shot and killed a suspicious looking man who was loitering about the premises.

Henri Rochefort, editor of L'Intransigant, who is now in exile in England, will return to France when the senate has adopted the amnesty bill.

A decree has been issued prohibiting the publication or transmission of anything but official news of the revolt in the Republic of Colombia.

In a letter to the army, Emperor William ordered the guns and standards which took part in the war with France to be decorated with oak leaves.

It is stated that the issue of a Chinese government 6 per cent gold loan of £3,000,000 fully secured on the revenue of the imperial maratime customs, has been virtually arranged.

The court of cessation has confirmed the judgment of the court of Erzipghjain rendered on Nov. 5, by which twenty-four Armenians were condemned to death.

The government of Sweden and Norway has signified its willingness to allow its minister at Washington to serve as a member of the Venezuelan claims commission.

Eighteen Italian anarchists of Lugano, one of the capitals of the Canton of Ticino who have been engaged in smuggling anarchist literature into Italy, have been expelled from Switzerland.

General.

The Norfolk, Ohio, electric light plant will be sold at public auction to satisfy creditors.

Collieries of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre company will be shut down, throwing 8,000 men out of employment.

Peter P. Powell, boot and shoe dealer at Springfield, Ill., failed; assets, $22,000; liabilities, $18,000.

A train load of ore valued at $1,000,000 left the Independence mine at Cripple Creek, Col., for Denver.

Frank J. Grove, a Springfield, Ohio, jeweler has not been heard from since he went to Chicago three weeks ago.

The first Croation church in the country was dedicated in Pittsburg by Bishop Phecan.

Hendricks Bros., of Harvel, Ill., dealers in general merchandise, failed for $5,500.

New York bankers and financial men approve of the president's message.

Omaha has been flooded with bogus silver dollars so finely counterfeited as to deceive even the bank tellers.,

The coal operators of Massillon, Ohio, will reduce the retail price Feb. 1 to $3 a ton.

A plan to create an Episcopal archbishop, who shall be located at Washington, is being favorably considered.

A letter from the Mafia demanding $2,000 has been received by a wealthy Italian resident of New Orleans.

Mayor Pingree was refused a hearing at a mass meeting in Detroit to consider proposed legislation. A riot was barely averted.

Refusal of the tonnage men to accept a cut has caused the shutting down of the Joliet plant of the Ilinois Steel company.

The strike in the Byron Noyes shoe factory at Haverhill, Mass., was settled, the firm signing the arbitration agreement submitted by the strikers.

The British ship Linlithgowshire put into San Diago, Cal., and brought a peculiar story involving the death of two of her captains.

The Woolen Manufacturing company of Lacon, Ill., closed down, throwing 100 expert employes out of work. The company is solvant.

J. W. Hoffman, Jr., of Aurora, Ill., has begun suit to establish his title to most of the land on which Hebron, Ind., is situated.

Two important dry goods firms, Rossi & Marcellina of Florence and Coen & Marco of Terni, Italy, have suspended. Both have extensive foreign relations.

Two hundred miners' families at East Granville, Ohio, who having been quarantined because of scarlet fever, are without food and work, have sent out a request for help.

The iron mills at Niles, Ohio, will start up at once and the tin mills will resume soon. There is more employment there than at ary time for two years.

John H. Sullivan, sixteen years old, shot and killed William Flynn, a miner, aged twenty-three, on the street in Leadville, Col. Flynn was accused of enticing Sullivan's sister from home.

Amalgamated association men in Youngstown, Ohio, rejected the proposition of the iron manufacturers to start their mills on a scale of wages based on a $3 a ton rate for puddling.

The Aetna Standard Iron and Steel company of Martin's Ferry, Ohio, and the Licking Rolling Mill company of Covington, Ky., have accepted the compromise tin scale and will start up at once.

The St. Louis Merchants' exchange yesterday adopted resolutions recommending to congress the early enactment of a law covering the propositions of the president in his financial message.

Henry Houten was found dead on the railroad track south of Grand Rapids, Mich. He was reported to belong to an old and wealthy Holland family. He regularly received a remittance of $50 a month from Holland.

The organizers of the Brooklyn Storage and Warehouse company, the $30,000,000 combination on which is largely to control the warehouse business of New York port, met to-day to complete the transfer to the new corporation of the various properties involved.

The fifty-two singers in the Della Fox Opera company and many other passengers on a Vandalia train were stuck for a half hour in the bridge tunnel at St. Louis. Several of the women fainted and there was much excitement among the entombed passengers.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

WORK OF THE MINNESOTA LAW-MAKERS.

Condensed Report of the Proceedings in the Senate and House, Comprising a Brief Summary of the Week's Business.

St. Paul, Feb. 2.—Senator Day, the new lieutenant governor, called the senate to order, Gov. Clough having handed over the gavel and assumed the duties of governor.

Senator Howard's bill relative to the employment of minors is a rather sweeping measure and appears to be aimed particularly at the employment of messenger boys after 6 o'clock at night. It provides heavy penalties for employing minors about saloons, gambling places or any place where liquor is sold, or for employing minors in mines, factories, etc., or A. D. T., telephone and other similar establishments between 6 p. m. and 7 a. m.

Senator Reishus got a bill in the senate this morning which raised the age of consent to 18 years. It attracted attention from the start, as the ladies began to inquire for the bill as soon as it was read.

Senator Wing's bill prohibits the whistling by traction engines on the public highways, and requires them to stop before meeting horses.

Senator Peterson's bill amends the law governing the insane hospitals. It allows the board of managers to make improvements without advertising for bids, and changes the commitment law in a number of respects, the old law having been declared unconstitutional.

Senator Roverud introduced a bill providing that where there has been a continuous travel in a certain place for six years without objection from the owner of the property, said road shall be a public highway.

Senator Spencer introduced a bill for a soldiers' relief commission. It provides that judges of probate shall appoint the commissioners.

The senate this afternoon went into committee of the whole and recommended the following bills to pass:

A bill for an act to amend sections 1 and 4 of chapter 76 of the General Laws of 1883, concerning mutilated, lost and destroyed bonds, orders and warrants.

In the House.

Bills introduced in the house to-day were as follows:

Mullen, to amend existing laws relating to the formation of farmers' mutual fire insurance companies.

Robbins, concerning chattel mortgages and other liens upon grain and for the protection of mortgages.

Reeves (by request), to amend existing laws to prevent debtors from giving preference to creditors.

Parker, to amend the constitution so that the permanent school fund may be loaned to aid in the erection of school buildings.

Soule, to amend existing laws and permitting the barbed wire fence to answer the definition of a legal fence.

Christenson, to amend existing laws so as to exempt 100 instead of 50 bushels of grain from execution.

Feig, to promote practical forestry and to appropriate $2,500 to the Minnesota Forestry Association to raise trees for free distribution on the prairies.

Sampson, to provide for maintenance of track scales at all stations by railroad companies.

Tallman, to amend the penal code so as to make Sabbath breaking punishable as misdemeanor.

The senate confirmed all the appointments recently made by Gov. Nelson, except those of Dairy Commissioner Anderson and Labor Commissioner Powers. Other names may now be sent in by Gov. Clough.

St. Paul, Feb. 3.—The committee on elections reported to the house in the Furlong-Allen contest, in favor of allowing Furlong, the contestee, to hold his seat. The report of the committee was not adopted, but made a special order for Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock, and at that time, in accordance with the statute, the two sides of the case will be heard by the house and a verdict rendered by a vote of the members. The committee report sets forth that the committee decides that Furlong is entitled to his seat because insufficient notice by the contestant, Allen, and that, though Allen appears to have a plurality of two votes, yet the evidence to that end is very conflicting and unsatisfactory.

The most interesting thing in the senate was the fight on the committee on legislative expenses. When this committee was appointed, no one suspected that it would ever be charged with extravagance, and there was general surprise when the committee yesterday afternoon decided to favor clerks for committees that in the past hardly knew what a clerk was. The senators seemed to know what had been done by the committee, for the report had not even been read when Senator Wyman moved that the report be referred back to the committee. Senator Greer and others wanted certain matters exempted, they being pet resolutions, of course. This did not wark, however, and after a more or less lively discussion, in which retrenchment and reform talk came from unexpected directions, the motion of Senator Wyman to refer the report back carried practically unanimously.

In the House.

The house, after hearing committee reports, managed to summon enough energy to pass four bills. One of them was Baston's pest house measure. As was expected the bill sailed serenely through on the high tide of a majority —counting every vote in the house but two—Hartshorn and Robillard. The bills were as follows:

Staples, an act to amend chapter 14, General Laws 1889, relating to sale of tobacco.

Johns, an act to amend section 30, chapter 34, General Laws of 1878.

Cant, an act to regulate and define the powers of park commissioners of cities.

Baston, an act to prohibit the establishment of pest houses in certain cases.

The following bills were reported from committees; H. F. 64, to appropriate for a deficiency in the land department of the auditor's office, H. F. 184 offered as a substitute; H. F. 24, Johns, relating to compilation of laws, recommended to pass as amended; H. F. 85, Vogel, issuing of liquor license, recommended to pass as amended; H. F. 170, to form and organize drainage districts, recommended to pass; H. F. 48, sale of liquor prescribed within a mile of the fair grounds, recommended to pass; H. F. 47, to prevent transfer of liquor licenses, and relaing to their issuance, recommended to pass.

All these bills were given their second reading and will take their place on general orders.

In committee of the whole; Roverud, to legalize certain acts of village councils, relating to highways, etc., was recommended to pass; Gutterson, to amend chapter 13, General Statutes 1878, relating to public highways, as amended by Kendall and Gutterson, was recommended to pass.

Among the bills introduced: Knutson, to establish a state normal school at Crookston, provided such city donate to normal school board ten acres of land and said school be not built before 1897; by Mansfield, to provide for the collection of taxes in installments, one-half on June 1 and one-half on Dec. 1; by Robbins, to provide for treatment of inebriates, by counties.

St. Paul, Feb. 5—The following bills were introduced in the senate:

Howard—To legalize the record of certain deeds and mortgages, and defining the force and effect thereof.

Howard—To prevent debtors from giving preferences to creditors, and to secure an equal distribution of assets.

Masterman—To provide for the punishment of persons injuring or destroying dams, booms and similar structures.

Sheehan—To amend section 5, chapter 81, General Statutes 1878, providing for filing of notice of foreclosure of real estate with the register of deeds.

Sheehan—Defining the liability of fire insurance companies in certain cases.

Masterman—To provide for the punishment of persons for falsifying the scale of logs and lumber.

Theden—To regulate the practice in civil cases before the justice of the peace. Courts of conciliation provided for.

There was no business transacted in the house.

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—Among the most important bills introduced in the senate were the following:

To authorize county commissioners to issue bonds to aid in the construction of roads and bridges, the amount of bonds not to exceed 1 per cent of assessed valuation.

To provide for holding political conventions and elections.

To amend chapter 204, general laws 1893, to authorize cities to issue bonds for certain school purposes.

To amend section 7, article 7, of the state constitution, relating to judges of gfrgfgrdk ıpu i mfrfoodowdwod xz probate and requiring such judges to be learned in the law.

To amend chapter 62, general statutes 1878, relating to divorce laws.

To appoint a committee consisting of three members of the house and two from the senate to confer with similar committee appointed by the legislature of North Dakota to confer upon the subject of some suitable legislation to secure lower freight rates on grain and coal. Passed under suspension of the rules.

The chief clerk reported a number of bills that had been passed by the house.

In the house the following bills were introduced:

To provide for the issuance of certificates of indebtedness by cities of over 10,000 population.

To amend chapter 204, general laws of 1893, allowing cities to issue bonds for certain purposes.

To prohibit the sale of cigarettes, cigars or tobacco to pupils attending schools.

To prevent corrupt practices in election and to provide for publicity of and to limit election expenses.

To amend chapter 10, laws of 1887, relating to common carriers and creating ther ailroad and warehouse commission.

Providing for the annual revisior and establishment by the state rail road and warehouse commission of the tariffs of rates, fares, charges and classifications of all common carriers of the state.

Mr. Van Sant announced the appointment of the following special committees: To investigate discrimination of railroads in matters of rates, Messrs. Nash, Barta, Post, E. E. Smith and Reeves.

To investigate exorbitant express charges, Messrs. Foss, McKenney, O'Reilly,, J. M. Smith, and Rice.

To investigate rates on fuel and coal conjointly with acommittee from the North Dakota legislature, Messrs. DeLaittre, Shell and Hartshorn.

Committee reports received recommending to pass: S. F. 80, to appropriate certain money for public schools; S. F. 28, providing for the transfer of the school text book fund to the reserve fund; H. F. 178, exempting 100 bushels of wheat instead of fifty; H. F. 58, relating to grain inspection, was recommended to be indefinitely postponed.

On the calendar S. F. 109, by Roverud, to legalize certain acts of village councils relating to highways, was passed, as was also H. F. 98, by Staples, to amend existing laws relating to roads, and H. F. 61, Guttersen, to amend existing laws relating to highways.

Losing Hold on Life.

She then and there lost her hold upon life. She was poisoned and must die. She was as sure of it as a Chinamen who has seen an eagle, and who recognizing that his hour is come, calmly lies down and breathes his last by the mere suspension of volition. In old countries the lower orders, as a rule, have but a low vitality. It may be true to say that the vital volition is weak. Let the learned settle the definition. The fact is easily accounted for. During generations upon generations the majority of European agricultural populations live upon vegetable food, like the majority of Eastern Asiatics, and with the same result. Hard labor produces hard muscles, but vegetable food yields a low vital tension, so to say. Soldiers know it well enough. The pale-faced city clerk who eats meat twice a day will outfight and outlast and outstarve the burly laborer whose big thews and sinews are mostly compounded of potatoes, corn, and water.—"Casa Braccio," by Marion Crawford in the Century.

NEW ISSUE OF BONDS.

A Loan of $100,000,000 May Soon Be Announced.

New York, Special.—Assistant Treasurer Curtis conferred with New York financiers and representatives of foreign bankers to-day, and later returned to Washington. It is confidently expected in financial circles here that a new issue will be announced within a few daws, and that the amount of the loan is generally estimated at $100,000,000. It is known that the foreign banking interests have expressed themselves in favor of a 4 per cent bond; hence it is believed that long term fours will be issued at a price which will yield the purchasers one-half per cent. There is excellent authority for saying that Mr. Curtis was vested with authority to do more than ascertain the views of the New York bankers.

A Failure.

New York Special.—Brouwer & McGowan have announced their suspension on the stock exchange. The liabilities amount to about $400,000, principally due to the shrinkage of securities in manufacturing and other corporations in which the firm is largely interested.

Hershfield Once More.

Helena Mont., Special.—In the district court the famous Hershfield case has taken another turn. The suit of Mrs. Aaron Hershfield against L. H. Hershfield and wife for $75,000 damages for alienating her husband's affections was set for hearing March 11. It promises to be almost as celebrated a case as the trial at Fargo.

Had Seen Many Changes.

Kenosha, Wis., Special.—Capt. John E. Tuttle, the oldest mariner hereabouts, died last night, aged 82 years. He sailed the first grain schooner on Lake Michigan.

NEWS BOILED DOWN.

Items of General Interest Placed in a Few Lines.

The national convention of St. Patrick's Alliance of America opened at Elizabeth, N. J., to-day.

Capt, James M. Lewis, a retired army officer dropped dead at Wichita, Kan., from heart disease.

Over 300 negro emigrants from Georgia passed through San Antonio, Tex., to-day on their way to Mexico.

The village of Leipsic, Putnam county, Ohio, had its business section burned out. The loss is $85,000, with insurance covering one-third.

Allowing for depreciation the lost steamship Elbe was worth $300,000. She cost $725,000. The North German Lloyd company insures itself.

Frank Selmer of Kansas City, the common law husband of Lillie Hobart, is mysteriously missing, and so is $1,440 in gold belonging to his wife.

The Bodman leaf tobacco warehouse at Cincinnati caught fire in a mysterious way and is now in ruins, nothing but the walls standing. Loss, $60,000.

In an insurance case just decided by the circuit court of appeals at Kansas City death by suicide is declared to be cause for not paying a Masonic policy.

At Sheffield, Mo., while Mrs. George Slitzel was away her home caught fire and Maggie and Henry, aged respectively one and three years, were cremated.

Rev. A. H. Coit, D. D., rector of St. Paul's school, is dead at Concord, N. H. For eight years Dr. Coit was a trustee of Trinity college. He was 64 years of age.

Gen. Reys, with 3,000 government troops, recently attacked the rebels at Honda, Colombia, and defeated them. Of the rebel force Gen. Aldano and ninety men were killed.

HARDWOOD MEN.

Hold Their Annual Meeting in the Mill City.

Minneapolis, Feb. 6 — The annual meeting of the Northwestern Hardwood Lumbermen's association was held to-day at the West hotel. This body is made up of manufacturers and dealers in other than pine lumber at Minneapolis and St. Paul and points in Central and Western Wisconsin and Minnesota. Its object is the advancement of the interests of the trade, and its meetings have little of a general interest. About seventy-five gentlemen were in attendance to-day at the business meeting, which opened at 3 o'clock. The reports of President W. C. Bailey, Secretary J. Newton Nind and Treasurer C. B. Brooks were read and showed the organization to be in good condition. Some matters relating to change of grades were discussed. It was expected that the old officers would be re-elected.

A TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

WHICH RECALLS A FAMOUS MURDER OVER A DECADE AGO.

Jim Nutt, Who Killed Lawyer W. W. Duke at Uniontown, Pa., for Seducing Nutt,s Sister, Fatally Shoots a Woman and a Hired Man in Kansas.

Atchison, Kan., Feb. 7.—Jim Nutt, made famous for killing Lawyer W. W. Duke in Uniontown, Pa., over a decade ago because he seduced Nutt's sister, is dying from wounds inflicted early this morning by Mrs. John Payton, who committed the act after Nutt, in a drunken rage, had fatally shot her. Neither can live. Leonard Coleman, a hired man who attempted to save Mrs. Payton's life, is lying seriously wounded, having received a bullet from Nutt's revolver, but will recover. The crime was most horrible and unprovoked. The prominence of the families concerned make it most sensational.

The Nutts and Dukes were at one time prominent politicians in Pennsylvania, while Coleman, who was 27 years of age originally came from New York, where he was well known. Fourteen years ago W. W. Duke, a prominent lawyer in Uniontown, was killed by Nutt for having seduced Miss Nutt. Before that the Nutts and Dukes were at war a good deal, and during one of the several encounters Duke killed Nutt's father. He was acquitted, however, the plea being self-defense. When young Nutt came to be tried he was also promptly acquitted, the trial creating a great sensation at the time. Shortly afterward he moved to Kansas, near where his present farm is situated, and managed his mother's farm. He was considered a good citizen and became prosperous. Until two years ago the Paytons worked for Nutt, living on his farm. Their relations became strained, however, and the Payton family, consisting of the parents and five children, rented a farm eight miles from Nutt's place from Mrs. A. H. Bradbury.

Payton has been away from home most of the present winter cutting ice, during which time Nutt renewed his acquaintance with the family. Nothing out of the way was discernable in his conduct, however, until last night, when he went to the Paytons at a late hour under the influence of liquor. Payton was absent, and Coleman, the hired man, was the only other man on the premis s. Nutt, who had been on a week's spree, was not in a pleasant mood, and told Mrs. Payton to get him some supper. Mrs. Payton complied, and, scenting trouble, she quietly got the children from the room. As he ate Nutt became more abusive toward Mrs. Payton, and seemed to be turning mad. When he finished eating he deliberately drew his revolver, and, pointing it at the now thoroughly frightened woman, cried:

"I'm going to shoot you." Before she could make a move he had carried his threat into effect and sent three bullets into her body. The noise attracted Coleman, who rushed into the house with an ax in his hand. The instant he entered Nutt leveled his weapon at him and fired. Two shots struck the would-be rescuer. He fell to the floor and for a time lay unconscious in the blood that poured from his wounds. In the meantime Mrs. Payton, with a superhuman effort, had raised herself from the floor and secured the ax. Nutt had become weakened now, and literally sank in his tracks. Rushing to the place where he lay, the woman, her wounds bleeding profusely and herself weak from excitement and loss of blood, rained blow after blow upon Nutt's head. Not until her victim's head was a mass of jelly and she too weak to longer wield the ax did she desist. Then she sank to the floor unconscious Both will die.

The Motorman to Blame.

Milwaukee, Feb. 7.—The testimony of witnesses in the inquest on the victims of the Kinnickinnic street car accident, in which three lives were lost, tended to show that Motorman Kennedy was to blame. Robert Scott, of the fire department, who was a passenger and jumped before the car fell, swore that Kennedy was looking under the car when it made the plunge. The investigation will be continued to-morrow. The nine persons who were rescued are suffering a great deal from the shock they received by being dropped into the water when the thermometer registered 15 below zero. Some of them have received permanent injuries, and all are in bed.

Starved to Death.

Sioux City, Feb. 7.—D. Harrison of Emporia, Neb., is here soliciting aid for sufferers. He says there is eighteen families in that section on the verge of starvation. A Mrs. Pearson, living north of Emporia, died the other day, and it is almost certain she starved to death.

Eaton Decision Reversed.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 6—The supreme court reverses the Grand Forks district court decision in the Eaton disbarment proceedings and dismisses the case. Eaton is said to have gone insane since the decision against him by the district court.

Earthquake in Norway.

Christiana, Norway, Feb. 7. — Dispatches received here from Molde, Aalsund, Bergen and Christiansand report that at all these places earthquakes were experienced this morning. No damage done.

Bevington Acquitted.

Sioux City, Feb. 7.—County Attorney T. F. Bevington was to-day acquitted of the charge of conspiracy in the county boodling cases.

Wisconsin Agricultural Society.

Madison, Feb. 7.—The state agricultural society concluded its business session to-day. The mid-winter meeting at which addresses, papers and discussions on agricultural topics are the order, opened with addresses by Gov. Upham and President Hubbard, of the society. The business session was devoted to receiving reports and the election of superintendents for the various departments. The retiring superintendents made many recommendations for improvements at the state fair grounds in Milwaukee.

A Foreign Loan.

Washington, Feb. 7. — The cabinet was in session to-day. It is understood, that almost the only subject of discussion was the pending bond issue. Several prominent New York bankers are here, among them J. Pierrepont Morgan, and while they have neither seen the president or Mr. Carlisle, it is understood their views on the situation were conveyed to the president to-day. The purpose of the administration, it is understood, is to place the entire issue of bonds with London bankers.

Against Tinsley.

Washington, Feb. 7. — The senate committee on postoffices and post roads to-day reported adversely the nomination of Alfred D. Tinsley, who was named for postmaster at Sioux Falls, S. D. It has been a long contest in which Senator Pettigrew has made a vigorous fight against the appointee.

A WOMAN'S NERVES.

THE STORY OF A WOMAN TO WHOM NOISE WAS TORTURE.

Prostrated By the Least Excitement—Physicians Baffled By Her Case.

[From the Gate City, Keokuk, Iowa.]

Mrs. Helen Meyers, whose home is at 3515 Vernon avenue, Chicago, and whose visit to Keokuk, Ia., will long be remembered, was at one time afflicted with a nervous malady which at times drove her nearly to distraction. "Those terrible headaches are a thing of the past," she said the other day to a Gate City representative, "and there is quite a story in connection with it, too. "My nervous system sustained a great shock some fifteen years ago, brought on, I believe, through too much worrying over family matters and then allowing my love for my books to get the better of my discretion where my health was concerned. Why, whenever my affairs at home did not go along just as I expected, I would invariably become prostrated from the excitement and I would consider myself fortunate indeed if the effects of the attack would not remain for a week. I was obliged to give up our pleasant home not far from the Lake Shore drive, because I could not stand the noise in that locality. I could find no place in the city which I deemed suitable to one whose nervous system was always on the point of explosion. To add to my misfortunes my complexion underwent a change and I looked so yellow and sallow that I was ashamed to venture from the house at all.

" 'Madam,' said my doctor to me soon after an unusually severe attack of the malady, 'unless you leave the city and seek some place of quiet, you will never recover.' So I concluded I would visit my uncle, who lives in Dallas county, Iowa, and whose farm would surely be a good place for one in my pitiable condition. I picked up the Gate City one day and happened to come across an interesting recital of the recovery of some woman in New York state who was afflicted as I had been. This woman had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I thought that if Pink Pills cured that woman they might do the same for me. I began to take the pills according to directions and I began to feel better from the start. After I had taken several boxes of them I was ready to go back to Chicago My nervousness was gone and my complexion was as fresh as that of any 16-year-old girl in Iowa, and Pink Pills is what put the color in my cheeks. No wonder I am in such high spirits and feel like a prize fighter. And no wonder I like to come to Keokuk, for if it had not been for Pink Pills bought from a Keokuk firm I would not be alive now," laughingly concluded the lady.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 50 cents per box, or six boxes for $2.50.

THE SUBJECT OF FEEDING.

Learn to Live on as Little as You Possibly Can.

The vast majority of people are absolutely wrong on the subject of feeding, writes Sir B. W. Richardson in Longman's Magazine; they think that rich and luxurious people, feeding on the richest and most luxurious foods, are the most fortunate and healthy people. I assure you it is just the reverse. I am the director of an insurance company and am often obliged to form an estimate of the commercial value of life. If, then, two persons of the same age and constitutional build come for calculation as to the monetary value of their future lives, and if one be rich and luxurious and the other be competent and frugal, frugal even to abstemiousness, I would value the life of the frugal person as 20 per cent at least better than that of the rich and luxurious person.

Dives dies in plenty, Lazarus in poverty. Do not die like Lazarus if you can help it, and do not die like Dives if you have the opportunity, but find the happy condition, easy enough to find if you determine to learn how on least food you can do the most and best work. Never eat until you are satiated; never eat in the day one heavy meal, but divide your food into three light meals, equally distributed as to time and quantity; eat slowly, take small mouthfuls; masticate, or chew, your food well; touch your food with your fingers as little as possible; do not cry out for animal food more than twice a day at most; have all animal food well cooked and do not forget fruit as food.

In Queen Elizabeth's time the orange, the golden fruit of the Hesperides, might find its way to the queen's table, but such fruit was indeed scarce. Joints of meat were cut up with the frill of paper round the end of the joint to hold by, forks being unknown, and her royal subjects, a short-lived race, knowing little how to make the most of life in the matter of feeding and drinking, suffered from diseases which were of the most avoidable as well as objectionable character. We, fortunately, live in a different reign; we have fruit galore and have clean forks instead of dirty fingers to raise our food with, two advantages equally sweet and wholesome, though so different in kind.

He Drew the Line at Monkeys.

A Philadelphia young man's best girl sent him for a Christmas a beautiful woolen monkey that was as large as life and twice as natural. With much cunning she bribed the housemaid to attach it to the top of the doorway opening into his room by means of an elastic piece of rubber, so that Jocko would bounce up and down in a life-like way at the slightest jar. About midnight the young man returned home, and as he reached the door of his room his head hit the monkey and set it to jumping vigorously. By the faint light from the street he dimly saw the outline of the beast, and with a wild yell he rushed down stairs and shut himself up in the parlor, where the night was passed on the sofa. In the morning he gained sufficient courage to face the mystery, but when he saw what it was that had frightened him he swore a blue streak and his "best girl" is now minus her yellow jacket and peacock feather—in other words, the engagement is broken.—Boston Herald.

Warming Milk in Winter.

The success in making winter butter with a Junt butter flavor by means of a bacillus is very suggestive. It is possible that such bacillus always exists in milk made from wholesome feed, though it may be more abundant when cows are fed on fresh grass in summer. The breath of a cow at pasture at that season is pleasantly fragrant, and this fact has been recognized by those close observers, the poets. Warming the milk in winter to a temperature of 120 degrees to 130 degrees makes the cream rise more quickly, churn more easily, and improves the quality of the butter. If the milk is heated too much the butter will be soft as it is in summer, and the quality will also be impaired.

No Use for Them.

Col. Julep—There were two dishes on the table I didn't touch.

Col. Nipper—Which were those?

Col. Julip—The olives and water; I've no use for such things that call for an acquired taste.

The Modern Invalid

Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly acceptable in form, purely wholesome in composition, truly beneficial in effect and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physician; if constipated he uses the gentle laxative, Syrup of Figs.

To Prevent Water Pipes Freezing.

Down in the cellar you will find spigots at the end of each pipe, where the water can be completely shut off. You know that when a pipe bursts it is because the water in it has frozen and, of course, expanded in the freezing and broken the pipe at the weakest point, so that if the water is shut off altogether there is nothing to freeze. Only do that, however, when you think the frost is going to be severe. Ordinarily just let the water drip a little, because running water is less apt to freeze, and if it does the slightly open faucet gives it room to expand.

No Style There.

Little Miss Brickrow—We're livin' in a very stylish and exclusive boarding house.

Little Miss Backcourt—Huh! You can't make anybody believe that.

"Why not?"

"You're too fat."—Street & Smith's Good News.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

☞Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Enjoyed the Information.

Visitor—I hope your teacher is always willing to answer questions and give information outside the regular lessons?

Little Boy—Yes, sir.

"I am glad to hear that. You enjoy it, don't you?"

"Yes, sir; 'specially when she informs me that I can go out."—Street & Smith's Good News.

The Boss.

"So you are married, Mary?"

"Yes."

"And you're your own mistress now."

"My own mistress (with a sigh). I'm more of a slave than a mistress."

"What! Is your husband a tyrant?"

"No, I've got a hired girl."—New York Press.

202 BUS. DANVERS YELLOW ONIONS

Were grown by John L. Rath, East Saginaw, from one pound of seed. This tremendous yield, at the rate of 1,048 bushels per acre, Mr. Rath says was only possible because he used Salzer's seeds. We understand that Mr. Salzer's seeds are the earliest in the world, especially his beets, carrots, cabbage, cucumbers, onions, peas,corn, radishes, tomatoes, etc., and that he sells to market gardeners and farmers at lowest wholesale prices.

If You Will Cut This Out and Send It

with $1 money order to the John A. Salzer Seed company, La Crosse, Wis., you will get free thirty-five packages earliest vegetable seeds and their wonderful catalogue, or for 13 cents in stamps a package above **Prize Danvers Onions** and their catalogue free. wnu

It is an interesting fact, not generally known, that the criminal code of the United States prescribes the penalty of death for nearly seventy offenses. Most of these, however, pertain to the army and navy, the principal exceptions being treason, murder, rape and arson. The federal laws containing such penalties have stood for over 100 years, and an effort is now being made to revise and modify them.

Cinnamon, as a cure for cancer in its early stages, is advocated by a writer in the Lancet.

Europe has 144,359 miles of railroad, Asia has 23,219½ miles, Africa 7,212½ and Australia 12,685.

The ocean hydrae have no heart, no lungs, no liver, no brains, no nervous system, no organs save mouth and skin.

In the recent Massachusetts elections, Medford, chiefly famous for its rum, voted against licensing dramshops.

America has 218,871½ miles of railroad, or 31,000 more than all other countries combined.

Purify Your Blood

Strengthen and invigorate your nerves and muscles, tone your stomach and digestive organs, and build up your whole system by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla if you would avoid the grip, pneumonia, diphtheria and typhoid fever. These diseases seek for their most ready victims, persons who are weak, tired, debilitated and all run down, owing to impure and impoverished blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies and vitalizes the blood and thus wards off disease.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache.

Sea Trip of Sparrows.

"There," said Clerk Sargent the other day, as a sparrow, that had been resting upon one of the iron brace rods of the Portland Harbor steamer Forest Queen flew toward the center of the boat and disappeared; "that fellow has been the round trip with us clear to Long Island, and has now gone in among the life preservers to make himself comfortable. Watch now." Going along Mr. Sargent shook one or two of the great mass of cork buoys that formed overhead and almost continuous ceiling for the upper deck, and the disturbed bird flew out, and settled upon one of the rods, but showed no disposition to leave the boat. "I've seen these rods literally covered with sparrows," continued Mr. Sargent. "They will go over the entire route, but seem averse to landing at any of the islands, and return to the city."—Lewiston Journal.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

Shattered Cups and Superstition.

A friend who often stayed with the Lesseps family says that the count never seemed to lose sight of the education of his children, even in the smallest detail. One morning at breakfast a beautiful Dresden teacup was broken. "Ah!" cried the countess, "a disaster! Two more of that set will now be broken. It always happens so."

"Are you so superstitious," asked the count, "as to really believe that two more will broken?"

"I know it."

"Then let us get it off our minds." And, taking two of the cups by the handles, he dashed them together. The anger and dismay of the countess proved conclusively that she had not seriously held to her superstition. It also loosed any hold the absurd idea may have had on the minds of the children. —Kate Field's Washington.

You Name the Price Yourself.

All dining cars on the Chicago Great Western Railway are now run on the cafe plan, passengers paying moderate prices only for what is ordered. This applies to cars attached to Chicago limited express as well as to all others and will doubtless be appreciated by patrons of this line.

On to Him.

Mrs. Stryver—We had a most enjoyable time at Mrs. Hunter's pink tea. Count Tedout was there and kept us mystified for an hour with his tricks with the cards.

Mr. Stryver (dryly)—He kept us mystified with 'em for three months at the club, but we're on to him now.

Lake steamers are increasing in size as well as the ocean liners. The steamer North Land, launched at Cleveland last week is 383 feet long and 44 feet wide, with 34 1-2 feet deep of hold. She is built on the same lines as the latest Cunarders, and is larger than many passenger ships prominent among the Atlantic packets. The North Land will ply next summer between Buffalo and Duluth.

A Pertinent Paragraph.

"Our country if right, should be kept right; if wrong should be put right," is a political maxim which paraphrased applies to other conditions of life, thus: Our health if right, should be kept right; if wrong should be put right, especially in bodily ailments, such as pains and aches, which St. Jacobs Oil promptly cures. Many out of work should heed to give it a chance to cure and it will give them a chance to go to work cured. Another adage is: "He doeth best, who doeth well." Well, of course, you want to be well from all sorts of aches, and the best thing to do is to use the great remedy. He who does so is doing well indeed.

ANTITOXINE NOT NEW.

Inoculation by Poison Dates as Far Back as Mithridates, King of Pontus.

There is nothing new under the sun. Inoculation with antitoxine, it appears according to a learned and ingenious correspondent of a Munich medical journal, is by no means new, nor even modern, having been employed by no less a person than Mithridates, King of Pontus. The authority for this statement is the Roman naturalist Pliny, who relates that this monarch, for reasons known to himself, was afraid of being poisoned, and therefore made himself proof against all attempts by gradually accustoming himself to all known poisons, producing the state called mithridaticum He was accustomed to make use of an antidote called mithridaticum, whose principal ingredient was the blood of the Pontic duck, this creature having been chosen because it had the reputation of living on poison. Here, therefore, we have the case of the blood of an immune animal being used to make another animal immune.

The coral insects are said to consume prodigious quantities of worms, small fish and other living creatures.

THERE were no competitive tests of baking powders at the Chicago World's Fair, and no "highest awards." All awards were of the same value, and "for an exhibit" only.

But here is the report of a series of competitive tests of baking powders

By the Official Food Authorities of Wisconsin.

This is of real value to the public, as it shows beyond dispute which of the many baking powders is the purest, strongest, and best:

"After examining many samples of the leading brands of baking powders, I have arrived at the conclusion that the ROYAL BAKING POWDER is superior in regard to purity, leavening power and keeping qualities.

"It is a cream of tartar powder, entirely free from alum, lime, ammonia, and all deleterious ingredients.

"GEO. S. COX,

"State Chemist, Wisconsin Dairy and Food Com.

"Prof. of Chemistry, Wisconsin College of Physicians and Surgeons, etc."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

Thomas A. Edison says he would be happy if he could break himself of smoking. He might quit for awhile and see how that would work.

Germany's young emperor may be all right when he speaks of "My army," but his reputation for modesty would be improved on this side of the Atlantic if he would take the German nation into partnership.

Joseph Cook has taken up the subject of the Armenian massacres, and his powerful relation of the facts in the case will intensify the feeling of horror in all just and humane minds aroused by the barbarity and cruelty of the Turks.

Felix Alder of the New York Ethical Society, recently speaking on the subject of the "Public Schools," said the school was the child of democracy. Education in the past was for the few, not for the many.

Mrs. Newell Case of Battle Creek, Mich., has twins born in different years. One came into the world at 11:55 p. m., December 31, 1894, and the other at 12:05 a. m., January 1, 1895.

The salary of the president of France is $1000 per day, Sundays included. We would just like to see the cabinet —or the window, either—that could jolt us out of such an office as that!

John A. Logan, Jr., has offered to donate a tract of 100 acres west of Youngstown, Ohio, to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics for a site for the order's national home for widows and orphans.

James B. Church of Tiverton, R. I., a man fifty-two years old, bathed in the river near his home on January 3 at 4 o'clock in the morning. He likes that sort of thing and does it frequently.,

Col. J. Eugene Jarnigan of South Carolina has been appointed United States consul at Ruatan, Honduras. It is difficult to understand how he succeeded in keeping that name out of congress.

By the death of M. De Giers Russia has lost one of its ablest statesmen. For a long time he took a prominent part in conducting the foreign affairs of Russia, and it may be said that the wise management of foreign matters during the reign of Alexander the III was due in the main to him.

It was mentioned at the reunion of the Mosby men in Virginia last week that their commander invented his own tactics, and that the only formal order he ever gave was "Go for 'em." In spite of these defects Mosby was considered a military nuisance by the men in blue.

The other evening while Miss Hannah Green was at a party she paused in the midst of a dance. She had tried to speak to her partner, but found that she could not utter a word. She has been unable to speak since. A few days ago Miss Mollie Tindolph, a cousin of Miss Green, suddenly lost all use of her lower limbs.

From the manner in which the New York newspapers describe the reeking, filthy tenement houses in that city and the vile disease-soaked abodes of vice and squalor, it is evident that a fierce and extensive conflagration is about as badly needed as better government. Desperate cases require desperate remedies, and fire is a great purifier.

Berlin, Hamburg, Trieste and iVenna were connected by telephone over 900 miles of wire a few weeks ago, and Copenhagen will soon be taken into the circuit. As the Danish capital already telephones to Northern Sweden, 850 miles distant, the conversaticnal possibilities in Europe are becoming interesting.

The English are reported to have given a 'friendly intimation" to Japan that the British fleet wil not permit Japanese war-ships to enter the river leading to Nankin. One trouble about opening up communication with Mars is that the planet would probably be found to be within the sphere of British influence.

Casimir-Perier's mother a well preserved lady of 80 years of age, takes a very active interest in French politics. She has been closely connected with the leading events in France for several generations, and her mind is stored with facts and incidents of great value to the historian. She disapproved of her son's resignation.

The Cook gang recently held up an editor and after robbing him of $4, made him promise not to print anything about them in his paper. This distinct invasion of the rights of the press involves constitutional issues and justifies the calling out of federal troops. We, as a profession, don't mind the $4 but we will not be dictated to.

Some men live too long. Mr. Charles Villiers the Nestor of the British Parliament is 93 years old. He entered parliament in 1835, and has represented Wolverhampton without a break for sixty years. He was one of the leaders in the fight for the repeal of the corn laws. His brother was the Earl of Clarendon, who was Foreign Secretary during the Crimean war and in Mr. Gladstone's first administration.

Yale has taken the lead in resolving to eliminate gambling from football and other athletic contests, but how it is to be done still remains a mystery. Open pool selling in the vicinity of the games can be stopped, but it will be impossible to prevent private betting or the selling of pools in large cities. The most effectual preventative would be the cessation of inter-collegiate games and confining the playing to practice games among students of the same educational institutions.

A report is going around that Lord Wolseley's great claim to the respect of the British army lies in the fact that he has never been beaten. We believe that is true, but then it is added that, like Lord Napier in the Abyssinian war, he went through the Soudan campaign without a single reverse. Is not that a mistake? We do not believe that Lord Wolseley was even in the Soudan. Soudan was wrested from Egypt twelve years ago. It probably has reference to his campaign against the Zulus.

PITH OF THE NEWS

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The Latest and Most Important News of the World, Culled From the Telegraph Reports of the Press Associations.

Washington.

The president has approved the urgent deficiency bill.

The Bennington is at Mare Island under orders to sail. She will undoubtedly go to Guatemala as soon as stores can be taken on board.

From the result of a canvass made by the international revenue bureau it is believed the income tax will yield $50,000,000.

The Chinese minister"s ball at Washington was as usual, a riot. Twelve hundred persons crowded in though but 400 invitations were issued.

A substitute for the Reilly Pacific railroad bill, which provides for management by a government commission when default is made, was offered in the house.

Commissioner Miller of the government revenue department has prepared a notice, copies of which will be posted in every city and town, calling attention to the provision of the income tax law.

The controller of the currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent national banks as follows: Five per cent, Stock Growers' national Bank of Miles City, Mont.; three-sevenths per cent, Spokane Bank, of Spokane Wash.

The house committee on public lands yesterday voted to favorably report the resolution introduced by Representative Caminetti, of California, to stop issuing patents to land grant railroads until congress has taken action for the classification of the lands, into mineral and non-mineral.

Personal Mention.

William Rufus Perkins, professor of history at the Iowa university, died in Erie, Pa.

Emil Schurman, one of the best known men in Alabama, fell dead from apoplexy in Mobile.

Asa G. Ross, a well known citizen, died at Coldwater, Mich., of heart disease, aged eighty-one years.

The will of Peter Wooden of Plainfield, N. J., bequeathed $150,000 to Alfred university, the Seventh Day Baptist college of Alfred Center, N. Y.

Elder Aaron Cummings, for forty years a prominent worker in the United Brethren church, died in North Manchester, Ind., aged about seventy.

Col. E. W. Northcott of Linneus, Mo., died in his seventy-eighth year. He was lieutenant colonel of the Seventy-fourth Illinois infantry in the late war.

The Hon. J. J. Ingalls, ex-United States senator from Kansas and John L. Sullivan, ex-champion heavyweight prize fighter, have met and, according to witnesses of the meeting, are the best of friends.

Thomas E. Heenan of Minnesota is in Washington. Mr. Heenan is United States consul at Odessa, Russia. He was appointed during the first Cleveland administration and held over under Harrison.

Joseph M. Layne, one of the most prominent educational men in Indiana and well known in Illinois and Ohio educational circles, has been taken from Anderson to a private sanitarium at Indianapolis. His nervous system is shattered ,and paralysis is feared.

Unfortunate Events.

Eli Yarian of Goshen, Ind., was killed by a falling tree.

Harvel, Ill., near Hillsboro, suffered a loss of $6,000 by fire Friday night.

One man was killed and five others injured in a trolley-car collision at Wilkesbarre, Pa.

Gabriel Thomas was run over and killed in the Burlington yards at Hannibal, Mo.

Fire did $50,000 damage to the Mechanics' Institute containing the public library of Montreal, Can.

Leroy Bush, aged 10, and his brother Willie, aged 9, were fatally burned by gasoline at Logansport, Ind.

John A. Miller, a potter from Hamilton, Ohio, was drowned at Marshall, Illinois.

Mrs. Theodore Englemann of Mascoutah, Ill., fell on a slippery pavement and was injured perhaps fatally.

Joseph W. Smith a brakeman on the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus railroad was killed at Akron Ohio.

An elevator owned by the Omaha Elevator company, burned at Barneston, Neb. Loss, $8,000; fully insured.

Bush Anderson, a professional skater, had his feet frozen while walking from Franklin to Jeffersonville, Ind. They will be amputated.

Eleven trained ponies and thirty-five educated dogs, in winter quarters at Bloomington, Ind., were burned to death.

At Franklin Grove, Ill., the postoffice and two other buildings were destroyed by fire and other houses damaged.

Mrs. Louis Lane was burned to death at Zanesville, Ohio. She was sitting before the fire when her clothing was ignited.

Edward Van Orman, an employe of the Ellsworth Lumber company,, near Petoskey, Mich., fell into boiling water and died a few hours later.

The American hotel at Elmore, O., and several other buildings were destroyed. Two servant girls were fatally injured.

Miner Winfield, a negro hermit across the Missisippi from Moline, Ia., was found partly frozen and mutilated by rats and died soon after.

The 8-year old daughter of William Lans of Oberlin, Ohio, poured gasoline on the kitchen fire and was fatally burned. Her mother was badly burned and the house destroyed.

Criminal Doings.

W. H. Busher of Monmouth, Ill., a young poultry dealer has disappeared, and foul play is feared.

Four Mexicans are under arrest at Santa Fe, N. M., charged with murdering a stockman and burning his body.

Rev. Benjamin F. Bolton was arrested at Findlay, Ohio, charged with forging the name of his wife and her mother to notes for a large amount.

Ex-Mayor J. Hull Davidson and Editor Charles C. Moore engaged in a street fight at Lexington, Ky.

Pugilist Fitzsimmons has given $10,000 bail to answer to the charge of killing Con Riordan.

John W. Miley, of Galesburg, Ill., is accused of forging the names of business men to notes for large sums.

Fred Hoffman, deputy county clerk of D county, O. T., is reported to have been killed by bandits near Taloga.

John Fingerstine, a peddler, was killed by John Usery, in a quarrel near Shelburn, Ind.

Morris O'Connor, county surveyor, was arrested at Albia, Iowa, on a charge of selling whisky unlawfully.

Michael S. Considine, an ex-saloonkeeper well-known in the "Tenderloin" of New York city, shot and fatally wounded John J. Malone, a broker.

At Hinton, W. Va., M. F. Wykoff and Fred Nihoof, an engineer fought with pistols last night, and Nihoof received a fatal wound.

Jesse Plowder and Jesse Williams a negro soldier at Fort Robinson, Neb., fought over a disreputable white woman and Plowder was stabbed to death.

Rev. Benjamin F. Stutsman was arrested at Goshen, Ind., charged with entering a schoolhouse and insulting a teacher.

John Bevins, aged 65 was taken to the penitentiary at Anamosa, Iowa, on a ten years' sentence for the murder of Patrick O'Donnell.

Vincent Little, aged 22, was arrested at Elkhart, Ind., charged with the murder of Johathan Rumbocker, a few weeks ago.

Louis Robb was convicted of attempting to assassinate Mayor Hobbs, of Benton Harbor, Mich., and sentenced to fifteen years at hard labor.

Miss Gertie McLellan committed suicide at Benton Harbor, Mich., by taking poison. Ill health and despondency are supposed to have caused the act.

The body of Irwin Meyers, a farmer residing near Springfield, Ill., was found by the roadside. It is supposed that he detected trespassers on his land and was killed by them.

E. A. Gogg, was arrested at Wabash, Ind., charged with embezzeling $5,000 from the dry goods firm of Hollis Bros. Fogg asserts the discrepancy in his accounts will prove to be clerical errors.

William Whittington, son of ex-Sheriff Whittington, was severely injured while resisting arrest at Columbus, Ind. He attempted to give a dance in his saloon, which was running without a license.

Inquest on the body of Rebecca Land, the woman found dead in her room in the McLean building, St. Louis, strengthen the theory that the woman was murdered with robbery as the motive.

Foreign.

Drift ice has stopped traffic in the Rhine and other German rivers.

Count Herbert Bismarck has been promoted to the rank of colonel.

The czar has assigned 50,000 roubles to be alloted yearly as pensions for scholars and authors.

The French cabinet has decided to accord the remains of the late Marshal Canrobert the honors of a state funeral.

Leprosy has broken out at Konigsberg and Memel, in Eastern Prussia, and the disease has been officially declared to exist in these districts.

M. Shishkin, who was assistant to the late M. De Giers, Russian minister of foreign affairs has been appointed to succeed the latter temporarily.

A proposal has been submitted to the council of the empire for the establishment of a permanent Russian legation at the Vatican.

Trouble is imminent between France and San Domingo growing out of the seizing by the latter of the funds of a bank.

Premiers of the various colonies attended an enthusiastic meeting at Melbourne in behalf of Australian federation.

A sentry on duty at the military laboratory in Berlin shot and killed a suspicious looking man who was loitering about the premises.

Henri Rochefort, editor of L'Intransigant, who is now in exile in England, will return to France when the senate has adopted the amnesty bill.

A decree has been issued prohibiting the publication or transmission of anything but official news of the revolt in the Republic of Colombia.

In a letter to the army, Emperor William ordered the guns and standards which took part in the war with France to be decorated with oak leaves.

It is stated that the issue of a Chinese government 6 per cent gold loan of £3,000,000 fully secured on the revenue of the imperial maratime customs, has been virtually arranged.

The court of cessation has confirmed the judgment of the court of Erz'pghjaln rendered on Nov. 5, by which twenty-four Armenians were condemned to death.

The government of Sweden and Norway has signified its willingness to allow its minister at Washington to serve as a member of the Venezuelan claims commission.

Eighteen Italian anarchists of Lugano, one of the capitals of the Canton of Ticino who have been engaged in smuggling anarchist literature into Italy, have been expelled from Switzerland.

General.

The Norfolk, Ohio, electric light plant will be sold at public auction to satisfy creditors.

Collieries of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre company will be shut down, throwing 8,000 men out of employment.

Peter P. Powell, boot and shoe dealer at Springfield, Ill., failed; assets, $22,000; liabilities, $18,000.

A train load of ore valued at $1,000,000 left the Independence mine at Cripple Creek, Col., for Denver.

Frank J. Grove, a Springfield, Ohio, jeweler has not been heard from since he went to Chicago three weeks ago.

The first Croation church in the country was dedicated in Pittsburg by Bishop Phecan.

Hendricks Bros., of Harvel, Ill., dealers in general merchandise, failed for $5,500.

New York bankers and financial men approve of the president's message.

Omaha has been flooded with bogus silver dollars so finely counterfieited as to deceive even the bank tellers.,

The coal operators of Massillon, Ohio, will reduce the retail price Feb. 1 to $3 a ton.

A plan to create an Episcopal archbishop, who shall be located at Washington, is being favorably considered.

A letter from the Mafia demanding $2,000 has been received by a wealthy Italian resident of New Orleans.

Mayor Pingree was refused a hearing at a mass meeting in Detroit to consider proposed legislation. A riot was barely averted.

Refusal of the tonnage men to accept a cut has caused the shutting down of the Joliet plant of the Ilinois Steel company.

The strike in the Byron Noyes shoe factory at Haverhill, Mass., was settled, the firm signing the arbitration agreement submitted by the strikers.

The British ship Linlithgowshire put into San Diago, Cal., and brought a peculiar story involving the death of two of her captains.

The Woolen Manufacturing company of Lacon, Ill., closed down, throwing 100 expert employes out of work. The company is solvant.

J. W. Hoffman, Jr., of Aurora, Ill., has begun suit to establish his title to most of the land on which Hebron, Ind., is situated.

Two important dry goods firms, Rossi & Marcellina of Florence and Coen & Marco of Terni, Italy, have suspended. Both have extensive foreign relations.

Two hundred miners' families at East Granville, Ohio, who having been quarantined because of scarlet fever, are without food and work, have sent out a request for help.

The iron mills at Niles, Ohio, will start up at once and the tin mills will resume soon. There is more employment there than at ary time for two years.

John H. Sullivan, sixteen years old, shot and killed William Flynn, a miner, aged twenty-three, on the street in Leadville, Col. Flynn was accused of enticing Sullivan's sister from home.

Amalgamated association men in Youngstown, Ohio, rejected the proposition of the iron manufacturers to start their mills on a scale of wages based on a $3 a ton rate for puddling.

The Aetna Standard Iron and Steel company of Martin's Ferry, Ohio, and the Licking Rolling Mill company of Covington, Ky., have accepted the compromise tin scale and will start up at once.

The St. Louis Merchants' exchange yesterday adopted resolutions recommending to congress the early enactment of a law covering the propositions of the president in his financial message.

Henry Houten was found dead on the railroad track south of Grand Rapids, Mich. He was reported to belong to an old and wealthy Holland family. He regularly received a remittance of $50 a month from Holland.

The organizers of the Brooklyn Storage and Warehouse company, the $30,000,000 combination on which is largely to control the warehouse business of New York port, met to-day to complete the transfer to the new corporation of the various properties involved.

The fifty-two singers in the Della Fox Opera company and many other passengers on a Vandalia train were stuck for a half hour in the bridge tunnel at St. Louis. Several of the women fainted and there was much excitement among the entombed passengers.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

WORK OF THE MINNESOTA LAWMAKERS.

Condensed Report of the Proceedings in the Senate and House, Comprising a Brief Summary of the Week's Business.

St. Paul, Feb. 2.—Senator Day, the new lieutenant governor, called the senate to order, Gov. Clough having handed over the gavel and assumed the duties of governor.

Senator Howard's bill relative to the employment of minors is a rather sweeping measure and appears to be aimed particularly at the employment of messenger boys after 6 o'clock at night. It provides heavy penalties for employing minors about saloons, gambling places or any place where liquor is sold, or for employing minors in mines, factories, etc., or A. D. T., telephone and other similar establishments between 6 p. m. and 7 a. m.

Senator Reishus got a bill in the senate this morning which raised the age of consent to 18 years. It attracted attention from the start, as the ladies began to inquire for the bill as soon as it was read.

Senator Wing's bill prohibits the whistling by traction engines on the public highways, and requires them to stop before meeting horses.

Senator Peterson's bill amends the law governing the insane hospitals. It allows the board of managers to make improvements without advertising for bids, and changes the commitment law in a number of respects, the old law having been declared unconstitutional.

Senator Roverud introduced a bill providing that where there has been a continuous travel in a certain place for six years without objection from the owner of the property, said road shall be a public highway.

Senator Spencer introduced a bill for a soldiers' relief commission. It provides that judges of probate shall appoint the commissioners.

The senate this afternoon went into committee of the whole and recommended the following bills to pass:

A bill for an act to amend sections 1 and 4 of chapter 76 of the General Laws of 1883, concerning mutilated, lost and destroyed bonds, orders and warrants.

In the House.

Bills introduced in the house to-day were as follows:

Mullen, to amend existing laws relating to the formation of farmers' mutual fire insurance companies.

Robbins, concerning chattel mortgages and other liens upon grain and for the protection of mortgages.

Reeves (by request), to amend existing laws to prevent debtors from giving preference to creditors.

Parker, to amend the constitution so that the permanent school fund may be loaned to aid in the erection of school buildings.

Soule, to amend existing laws and permitting the barbed wire fence to answer the definition of a legal fence.

Christenson, to amend existing laws so as to exempt 100 instead of 50 bushels of grain from execution.

Feig, to promote practical forestry and to appropriate $2,500 to the Minnesota Forestry Association to raise trees for free distribution on the prairies.

Sampson, to provide for maintenance of track scales at all stations by railroad companies.

Tallman, to amend the penal code so as to make Sabbath breaking punishable as misdemeanor.

The senate confirmed all the appointments recently made by Gov. Nelson, except those of Dairy Commissioner Anderson and Labor Commissioner Powers. Other names may now be sent in by Gov. Clough.

St. Paul, Feb. 3.—The committee on elections reported to the house in the Furlong-Allen contest, in favor of allowing Furlong, the contestee, to hold his seat. The report of the committee was not adopted, but made a special order for Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock, and at that time, in accordance with the statute, the two sides of the case will be heard by the house and a verdict rendered by a vote of the members. The committee report sets forth that the committee decides that Furlong is entitled to his seat because insufficient notice by the contestant, Allen, and that, though Allen appears to have a plurality of two votes, yet the evidence to that end is very conflicting and unsatisfactory.

The most interesting thing in the senate was the fight on the committee on legislative expenses. When this committee was appointed, no one suspected that it would ever be charged with extravagance, and there was general surprise when the committee yesterday afternoon decided to favor clerks for committees that in the past hardly knew what a clerk was. The senators seemed to know what had been done by the committee, for the report had not even been read when Senator Wyman moved that the report be referred back to the committee. Senator Greer and others wanted certain matters exempted, they being pet resolutions, of course. This did not wark, however, and after a more or less lively discussion, in which retrenchment and reform talk came from unexpected directions, the motion of Senator Wyman to refer the report back carried practically unanimously.

In the House.

The house, after hearing committee reports, managed to summon enough energy to pass four bills. One of them was Baston's pest house measure. As was expected the bill sailed serenely through on the high tide of a majority —counting every vote in the house but two—Hartshorn and Robillard. The bills were as follows:

Staples, an act to amend chapter 14, General Laws 1889, relating to sale of tobacco.

Johns, an act to amend section 30, chapter 34, General Laws of 1878.

Cant, an act to regulate and define the powers of park commissioners of cities.

Baston, an act to prohibit the establishment of pest houses in certain cases.

The following bills were reported from committees: H. F. 64, to appropriate for a deficiency in the land department of the auditor's office, H. F. 184 offered as a substitute; H. F. 24, Johns, relating to compilation of laws, recommended to pass as amended; H. F. 85, Vogel, issuing of liquor license, recommended to pass as amended; H. F. 170, to form and organize drainage districts, recommended to pass; H. F. 48, sale of liquor prescribed within a mile of the fair grounds, recommended to pass; H. F. 47, to prevent transfer of liquor licenses, and relaing to their issuance, recommended to pass.

All these bills were given their second reading and will take their place on general orders.

In committee of the whole; Roverud, to legalize certain acts of village councils, relating to highways, etc., was recommended to pass; Gutterson, to amend chapter 13, General Statutes 1878, relating to public highways, as amended by Kendall and Gutterson, was recommended to pass.

Among the bills introduced: Knutson, to establish a state normal school at Crookston, provided such city donate to normal school board ten acres of land and said school be not built before 1897; by Mansfield, to provide for the collection of taxes in installments, one-half on June 1 and one-half on Dec. 1; by Robbins, to provide for treatment of inebriates, by counties.

St. Paul, Feb. 5—The following bills were introduced in the senate:

Howard—To legalize the record of certain deeds and mortgages, and defining the force and effect thereof.

Howard—To prevent debtors from giving preferences to creditors, and to secure an equal distribution of assets.

Masterman—To provide for the punishment of persons injuring or destroying dams, booms and similar structures.

Sheehan—To amend section 5, chapter 81, General Statutes 1878, providing for filing of notice of foreclosure of real estate with the register of deeds.

Sheehan—Defining the liability of fire insurance companies in certain cases.

Masterman—To provide for the punishment of persons for falsifying the scale of logs and lumber.

Theden—To regulate the practice in civil cases before the justice of the peace. Courts of conciliation provided for.

There was no business transacted in the house.

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—Among the most important bills introduced in the senate were the following:

To authorize county commissioners to issue bonds to aid in the construction of roads and bridges, the amount of bonds not to exceed 1 per cent of assessed valuation.

To provide for holding political conventions and elections.

To amend chapter 204, general laws 1893, to authorize cities to issue bonds for certain school purposes.

To amend section 7, article 7, of the state constitution, relating to judges of gfrgfgrdk ıpu i mfrfoodowdwod xz probate and requiring such judges to be learned in the law.

To amend chapter 62, general statutes 1878, relating to divorce laws.

To appoint a committee consisting of three members of the house and two from the senate to confer with similar committee appointed by the legislature of North Dakota to confer upon the subject of some suitable legislation to secure lower freight rates on grain and coal. Passed under suspension of the rules.

The chief clerk reported a number of bills that had been passed by the house.

In the house the following bills were introduced:

To provide for the issuance of certificates of indebtedness by cities of over 10,000 population.

To amend chapter 204, general laws of 1893, allowing cities to issue bonds for certain purposes.

To prohibit the sale of cigarettes, cigars or tobacco to pupils attending schools.

To prevent corrupt practices in election and to provide for publicity of and to limit election expenses.

To amend chapter 10, laws of 1887, relating to common carriers and creating ther ailroad and warehouse commission.

Providing for the annual revision and establishment by the state rail road and warehouse commission of the tariffs of rates, fares, charges and classifications of all common carriers of the state.

Mr. Van Sant announced the appointment of the following special committees: To investigate discrimination of railroads in matters of rates, Messrs. Nash, Barta, Post, E. E. Smith and Reeves.

To investigate exorbitant express charges, Messrs. Foss, McKenney, O'Reilly,, J. M. Smith, and Rice.

To investigate rates on fuel and coal conjointly with acommittee from the North Dakota legislature, Messrs. DeLaittre, Shell and Hartshorn.

Committee reports received recommending to pass: S. F. 80, to appropriate certain money for public schools; S. F. 28, providing for the transfer of the school text book fund to the reserve fund; H. F. 178, exempting 100 bushels of wheat instead of fifty; H. F. 58, relating to grain inspection, was recommended to be indefinitely postponed.

On the calendar S. F. 109, by Roverud, to legalize certain acts of village councils relating to highways, was passed, as was also H. F. 98, by Staples, to amend existing laws relating to roads, and H. F. 61, Guttersen, to amend existing laws relating to highways.

Losing Hold on Life.

She then and there lost her hold upon life. She was poisoned and must die. She was as sure of it as a Chinamen who has seen an eagle, and who recognizing that his hour is come, calmly lies down and breathes his last by the mere suspension of volition. In old countries the lower orders, as a rule, have but a low vitality. It may be true to say that the vital volition is weak. Let the learned settle the definition. The fact is easily accounted for. During generations upon generations the majority of European agricultural populations live upon vegetable food, like the majority of Eastern Asiatics, and with the same result. Hard labor produces hard muscles, but vegetable food yields a low vital tension, so to say. Soldiers know it well enough. The pale-faced city clerk who eats meat twice a day will outfight and outlast and outstarve the burly laborer whose big thews and sinews are mostly compounded of potatoes, corn, and water.—"Casa Braccio," by Marion Crawford in the Century.

NEW ISSUE OF BONDS.

A Loan of $100,000,000 May Soon Be Announced.

New York, Special.—Assistant Treasurer Curtis conferred with New York financiers and representatives of foreign bankers to-day, and later returned to Washington. It is confidently expected in financial circles here that a new issue will be announced within a few daws, and that the amount of the loan is generally estimated at $100,000,000. It is known that the foreign banking interests have expressed themselves in favor of a 4 per cent bond; hence it is believed that long term fours will be issued at a price which will yield the purchasers one-half per cent. There is excellent authority for saying that Mr. Curtis was vested with authority to do more than ascertain the views of the New York bankers.

A Failure.

New York Special.—Brouwer & McGowan have announced their suspension on the stock exchange. The liabilities amount to about $400,000, principally due to the shrinkage of securities in manufacturing and other corporations in which the firm is largely interested.

Hershfield Once More.

Helena Mont., Special.—In the district court the famous Hershfield case has taken another turn. The suit of Mrs. Aaron Hershfield against L. H. Hershfield and wife for $75,000 damages for alienating her husband's affections was set for hearing March 11. It promises to be almost as celebrated a case as the trial at Fargo.

Had Seen Many Changes.

Kenosha, Wis., Special.—Capt. John E. Tuttle, the oldest mariner hereabouts, died last night, aged 82 years. He sailed the first grain schooner on Lake Michigan.

NEWS BOILED DOWN.

Items of General Interest Placed in a Few Lines.

The national convention of St. Patrick's Alliance of America opened at Elizabeth, N. J., to-day.

Capt, James M. Lewis, a retired army officer dropped dead at Wichita, Kan., from heart disease.

Over 300 negro emigrants from Georgia passed through San Antonio, Tex., to-day on their way to Mexico.

The village of Leipsic, Putnam county, Ohio, bad its business section burned out. The loss is $85,000, with insurance covering one-third.

Allowing for depreciation the lost steamship Elbe was worth $300,000. She cost $725,000. The North German Lloyd company insures itself.

Frank Selmer of Kansas City, the common law husband of Lillie Hobart, is mysteriously missing, and so is $1,440 in gold belonging to his wife.

The Bodman leaf tobacco warehouse at Cincinnati caught fire in a mysterious way and is now in ruins, nothing but the walls standing. Loss, $60,000.

In an insurance case just decided by the circuit court of appeals at Kansas City death by suicide is declared to be cause for not paying a Masonic policy.

At Sheffield, Mo., while Mrs. George Slitzel was away her home caught fire and Maggie and Henry, aged respectively one and three years, were cremated.

Rev. A. H. Colt, D. D., rector of St. Paul's school, is dead at Concord, N. H. For eight years Dr. Colt was a trustee of Trinity college. He was 64 years of age.

Gen. Reys, with 3,000 government troops, recently attacked the rebels at Honda, Colombia, and defeated them. Of the rebel force Gen. Aldano and ninety men were killed.

HARDWOOD MEN.

Held Their Annual Meeting in the Mill City.

Minneapolis, Feb. 6 — The annual meeting of the Northwestern Hardwood Lumbermen's association was held to-day at the West hotel. This body is made up of manufacturers and dealers in other than pine lumber at Minneapolis and St. Paul and points in Central and Western Wisconsin and Minnesota. Its object is the advancement of the interests of the trade, and its meetings have little of a general interest. About seventy-five gentlemen were in attendance to-day at the business meeting, which opened at 3 o'clock. The reports of President W. C. Bailey, Secretary J. Newton Nind and Treasurer C. B. Brooks were read and showed the organization to be in good condition. Some matters relating to change of grades were discussed. It was expected that the old officers would be re-elected.

A TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

WHICH RECALLS A FAMOUS MURDER OVER A DECADE AGO.

Jim Nutt, Who Killed Lawyer W. W. Duke at Uniontown, Pa., for Seducing Nutt,s Sister, Fatally Shoots a Woman and a Hired Man in Kansas.

Atchison, Kan., Feb. 7.—Jim Nutt, made famous for killing Lawyer W. W. Duke in Uniontown, Pa., over a decade ago because he seduced Nutt's sister, is dying from wounds inflicted early this morning by Mrs. John Payton, who committed the act after Nutt, in a drunken rage, had fatally shot her. Neither can live. Leonard Coleman, a hired man who attempted to save Mrs. Payton's life, is lying seriously wounded, having received a bullet from Nutt's revolver, but will recover. The crime was most horrible and unprovoked. The prominence of the families concerned make it most sensational.

The Nutts and Dukes were at one time prominent politicians in Pennsylvania, while Coleman, who was 27 years of age originally came from New York, where he was well known. Fourteen years ago W. W. Duke, a prominent lawyer in Uniontown, was killed by Nutt for having seduced Miss Nutt. Before that the Nutts and Dukes were at war a good deal, and during one of the several encounters Duke killed Nutt's father. He was acquitted, however, the plea being self-defense. When young Nutt came to be tried he was also promptly acquitted, the trial creating a great sensation at the time. Shortly afterward he moved to Kansas, near where his present farm is situated, and managed his mother's farm. He was considered a good citizen and became prosperous. Until two years ago the Paytons worked for Nutt, living on his farm. Their relations became strained, however, and the Payton family, consisting of the parents and five children, rented a farm eight miles from Nutt's place from Mrs. A. H. Bradbury.

Payton has been away from home most of the present winter cutting ice, during which time Nutt renewed his acquaintance with the family. Nothing out of the way was discernable in his conduct, however, until last night, when he went to the Paytons at a late hour under the influence of liquor. Payton was absent, and Coleman, the hired man, was the only other man on the premis s. Nutt, who had been on a week's spree, was not in a pleasant mood, and told Mrs. Payton to get him some supper. Mrs. Payton complied, and, scenting trouble, she quietly got the children from the room. As he ate Nutt became more abusive toward Mrs. Payton, and seemed to be turning mad. When he finished eating he deliberately drew his revolver, and, pointing it at the now thoroughly frightened woman, cried:

"I'm going to shoot you." Before she could make a move he had carried his threat into effect and sent three bullets into her body. The noise attracted Coleman, who rushed into the house with an ax in his hand. The instant he entered Nutt leveled his weapon at him and fired. Two shots struck the would-be rescuer. He fell to the floor and for a time lay unconscious in the blood that poured from his wounds. In the meantime Mrs. Payton, with a superhuman effort, had raised herself from the floor and secured the ax. Nutt had become weakened now, and literally sank in his tracks. Rushing to the place where he lay, the woman, her wounds bleeding profusely and herself weak from excitement and loss of blood, rained blow after blow upon Nutt's head. Not until her victim's head was a mass of jelly and she too weak to longer wield the ax did she desist. Then she sank to the floor unconscious Both will die.

The Motorman to Blame.

Milwaukee, Feb. 7.—The testimony of witnesses in the inquest on the victims of the Kinnickinnic street car accident, in which three lives were lost, tended to show that Motorman Kennedy was to blame. Robert Scott, of the fire department, who was a passenger and jumped before the car fell, swore that Kennedy was looking under the car when it made the plunge. The investigation will be continued to-morrow. The nine persons who were rescued are suffering a great deal from the shock they received by being dropped into the water when the thermometer registered 15 below zero. Some of them have received permanent injuries, and all are in bed.

Starved to Death.

Sioux City, Feb. 7.—D. Harrison of Emporia, Neb., is here soliciting aid for sufferers. He says there is eighteen families in that section on the verge of starvation. A Mrs. Pearson, living north of Emporia, died the other day, and it is almost certain she starved to death.

Eaton Decision Reversed.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 6.—The supreme court reverses the Grand Forks district court decision in the Eaton disbarment proceedings and dismisses the case. Eaton is said to have gone insane since the decision against him by the district court.

Earthquake in Norway.

Christiana, Norway, Feb. 7. — Dispatches received here from Molde, Aalsund, Bergen and Christiansand report that at all these places earthquakes were experienced this morning. No damage done.

Bevington Acquitted.

Sioux City, Feb. 7.—County Attorney T. F. Bevington was to-day acquitted of the charge of conspiracy in the county boodling cases.

Wisconsin Agricultural Society.

Madison, Feb. 7.—The state agricultural society concluded its business session to-day. The mid-winter meeting at which addresses, papers and discussions on agricultural topics are the order, opened with addresses by Gov. Upham and President Hubbard, of the society. The business session was devoted to receiving reports and the election of superintendents for the various departments. The retiring superintendents made many recommendations for improvements at the state fair grounds in Milwaukee.

A Foreign Loan.

Washington, Feb. 7. — The cabinet was in session to-day. It is understood, that almost the only subject of discussion was the pending bond issue. Several prominent New York bankers are here, among them J. Pierrepont Morgan, and while they have neither seen the president or Mr. Carlisle, it is understood their views on the situation were conveyed to the president to-day. The purpose of the administration, it is understood, is to place the entire issue of bonds with London bankers.

Against Tinsley.

Washington, Feb. 7. — The senate committee on postoffices and post roads to-day reported adversely the nomination of Alfred D. Tinsley, who was named for postmaster at Sioux Falls, S. D. It has been a long contest in which Senator Pettigrew has made a vigorous fight against the appointee.

A WOMAN'S NERVES.

THE STORY OF A WOMAN TO WHOM NOISE WAS TORTURE.

Prostrated By the Least Excitement—Physicians Baffled By Her Case.

[From the Gate City, Keokuk, Iowa.]

Mrs. Helen Meyers, whose home is at 3515 Vernon avenue, Chicago, and whose visit to Keokuk, Ia., will long be remembered, was at one time afflicted with a nervous malady which at times drove her nearly to distraction. "Those terrible headaches are a thing of the past," she said the other day to a Gate City representative, "and there is quite a story in connection with it, too. "My nervous system sustained a great shock some fifteen years ago, brought on, I believe, through too much worrying over family matters and then allowing my love for my books to get the better of my discretion where my health was concerned. Why, whenever my affairs at home did not go along just as I expected, I would invariably become prostrated from the excitement and I would consider myself fortunate indeed if the effects of the attack would not remain for a week. I was obliged to give up our pleasant home not far from the Lake Shore drive, because I could not stand the noise in that locality. I could find no place in the city which I deemed suitable to one whose nervous system was always on the point of explosion. To add to my misfortunes my complexion underwent a change and I looked so yellow and sallow that I was ashamed to venture from the house at all.

" 'Madam,' said my doctor to me soon after an unusually severe attack of the malady, 'unless you leave the city and seek some place of quiet, you will never recover.' So I concluded I would visit my uncle, who lives in Dallas county, Iowa, and whose farm would surely be a good place for one in my pitiable condition. I picked up the Gate City one day and happened to come across an interesting recital of the recovery of some woman in New York state who was afflicted as I had been. This woman had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I thought that if Pink Pills cured that woman they might do the same for me. I began to take the pills according to directions and I began to feel better from the start. After I had taken several boxes of them I was ready to go back to Chicago My nervousness was gone and my complexion was as fresh as that of any 16-year-old girl in Iowa, and Pink Pills is what put the color in my cheeks. No wonder I am in such high spirits and feel like a prize fighter. And no wonder I like to come to Keokuk, for if it had not been for Pink Pills bought from a Keokuk firm I would not be alive now," laughingly concluded the lady.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 50 cents per box, or six boxes for $2.50.

THE SUBJECT OF FEEDING.

Learn to Live on as Little as You Possibly Can.

The vast majority of people are absolutely wrong on the subject of feeding, writes Sir B. W. Richardson in Longman's Magazine; they think that rich and luxurious people, feeding on the richest and most luxurious foods, are the most fortunate and healthy people. I assure you it is just the reverse. I am the director of an insurance company and am often obliged to form an estimate of the commercial value of life. If, then, two persons of the same age and constitutional build come for calculation as to the monetary value of their future lives, and if one be rich and luxurious and the other be competent and frugal, frugal even to abstemiousness, I would value the life of the frugal person as 20 per cent at least better than that of the rich and luxurious person.

Dives dies in plenty, Lazarus in poverty. Do not die like Lazarus if you can help it, and do not die like Dives if you have the opportunity, but find the happy condition, easy enough to find if you determine to learn how on least food you can do the most and best work. Never eat until you are satiated; never eat in the day one heavy meal, but divide your food into three light meals, equally distributed as to time and quantity; eat slowly, take small mouthfuls; masticate, or chew, your food well; touch your food with your fingers as little as possible; do not cry out for animal food more than twice a day at most; have all animal food well cooked and do not forget fruit as food.

In Queen Elizabeth's time the orange, the golden fruit of the Hesperides, might find its way to the queen's table, but such fruit was indeed scarce. Joints of meat were cut up with the frill of paper round the end of the joint to hold by, forks being unknown, and her royal subjects, a short-lived race, knowing little how to make the most of life in the matter of feeding and drinking, suffered from diseases which were of the most avoidable as well as objectionable character. We, fortunately, live in a different reign; we have fruit galore and have clean forks instead of dirty fingers to raise our food with, two advantages equally sweet and wholesome, though so different in kind.

He Drew the Line at Monkeys.

A Philadelphia young man's best girl sent him for a Christmas a beautiful woolen monkey that was as large as life and twice as natural. With much cunning she bribed the housemaid to attach it to the top of the doorway opening into his room by means of an elastic piece of rubber, so that Jocko would bounce up and down in a life-like way at the slightest jar. About midnight the young man returned home, and as he reached the door of his room his head hit the monkey and set it to jumping vigorously. By the faint light from the street he dimly saw the outline of the beast, and with a wild yell he rushed down stairs and shut himself up in the parlor, where the night was passed on the sofa. In the morning he gained sufficient courage to face the mystery, but when he saw what it was that had frightened him he swore a blue streak and his "best girl" is now minus her yellow jacket and peacock feather—in other words, the engagement is broken.—Boston Herald.

Warming Milk in Winter.

The success in making winter butter with a Junt butter flavor by means of a bacillus is very suggestive. It is possible that such bacillus always exists in milk made from wholesome feed, though it may be more abundant when cows are fed on fresh grass in summer. The breath of a cow at pasture at that season is pleasantly fragrant, and this fact has been recognized by those close observers, the poets. Warming the milk in winter to a temperature of 120 degrees to 130 degrees makes the cream rise more quickly, churn more easily, and improves the quality of the butter. If the milk is heated too much the butter will be soft as it is in summer, and the quality will also be impaired.

No Use for Them.

Col. Julep—There were two dishes on the table I didn't touch.

Col. Nipper—Which were those?

Col. Julip—The olives and water; I've no use for such things that call for an acquired taste.

The Modern Invalid

Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly acceptable in form, purely wholesome in composition, truly beneficial in effect and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physician; if constipated he uses the gentle laxative, Syrup of Figs.

To Prevent Water Pipes Freezing.

Down in the cellar you will find spigots at the end of each pipe, where the water can be completely shut off. You know that when a pipe bursts it is because the water in it has frozen and, of course, expanded in the freezing and broken the pipe at the weakest point, so that if the water is shut off altogether there is nothing to freeze. Only do that, however, when you think the frost is going to be severe. Ordinarily just let the water drip a little, because running water is less apt to freeze, and if it does the slightly open faucet gives it room to expand.

No Style There.

Little Miss Brickrow—We're livin' in a very stylish and exclusive boarding house.

Little Miss Backcourt—Huh! You can't make anybody believe that.

"Why not?"

"You're too fat."—Street & Smith's Good News.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Enjoyed the Information.

Visitor—I hope your teacher is always willing to answer questions and give information outside the regular lessons?

Little Boy—Yes, sir.

"I am glad to hear that. You enjoy it, don't you?"

"Yes, sir; 'specially when she informs me that I can go out."—Street & Smith's Good News.

The Boss.

"So you are married, Mary?"

"Yes."

"And you're your own mistress now."

"My own mistress (with a sigh). I'm more of a slave than a mistress."

"What! Is your husband a tyrant?"

"No, I've got a hired girl."—New York Press.

202 BUS. DANVERS YELLOW ONIONS Were grown by John L. Rath, East Saginaw, from one pound of seed. This tremendous yield, at the rate of 1,048 bushels per acre, Mr. Rath says was only possible because he used Salzer's seeds. We understand that Mr. Salzer's seeds are the earliest in the world, especially his beets, carrots, cabbage, cucumbers, onions, peas, corn, radishes, tomatoes, etc., and that he sells to market gardeners and farmers at lowest wholesale prices.

If You Will Cut This Out and Send It with $1 money order to the John A. Salzer Seed company, La Crosse, Wis., you will get free thirty-five packages earliest vegetable seeds and their wonderful catalogue, or for 13 cents in stamps a package above **Prize Danvers Onions** and their catalogue free. wnu

It is an interesting fact, not generally known, that the criminal code of the United States prescribes the penalty of death for nearly seventy offenses. Most of these, however, pertain to the army and navy, the principal exceptions being treason, murder, rape and arson. The federal laws containing such penalties have stood for over 100 years, and an effort is now being made to revise and modify them.

Cinnamon, as a cure for cancer in its early stages, is advocated by a writer in the Lancet.

Europe has 144,359 miles of railroad, Asia has 23,219½ miles, Africa 7,212½ and Australia 12,685.

The ocean hydrae have no heart, no lungs, no liver, no brains, no nervous system, no organs save mouth and skin.

In the recent Massachusetts elections, Medford, chiefly famous for its rum, voted against licensing dramshops.

America has 218,871½ miles of railroad, or 31,000 more than all other countries combined.

Purify Your Blood

Strengthen and invigorate your nerves and muscles, tone your stomach and digestive organs, and build up your whole system by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla if you would avoid the grip, pneumonia, diphtheria and typhoid fever. These diseases seek for their most ready victims, persons who are weak, tired, debilitated and all run down, owing to impure and impoverished blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies and vitalizes the blood and thus wards off disease.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache.

Sea Trip of Sparrows.

"There," said Clerk Sargent the other day, as a sparrow, that had been resting upon one of the iron brace rods of the Portland Harbor steamer Forest Queen flew toward the center of the boat and disappeared; "that fellow has been the round trip with us clear to Long Island, and has now gone in among the life preservers to make himself comfortable. Watch now." Going along Mr. Sargent shook one or two of the great mass of cork buoys that formed overhead and almost continuous ceiling for the upper deck, and the disturbed bird flew out, and settled upon one of the rods, but showed no disposition to leave the boat. "I've seen these rods literally covered with sparrows," continued Mr. Sargent. "They will go over the entire route, but seem averse to landing at any of the islands, and return to the city."—Lewiston Journal.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve." Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

Shattered Cups and Superstition.

A friend who often stayed with the Lesseps family says that the count never seemed to lose sight of the education of his children, even in the smallest detail. One morning at breakfast a beautiful Dresden teacup was broken. "Ah!" cried the countess, "a disaster! Two more of that set will now be broken. It always happens so."

"Are you so superstitious," asked the count, "as to really believe that two more will broken?"

"I know it."

"Then let us get it off our minds." And, taking two of the cups by the handles, he dashed them together. The anger and dismay of the countess proved conclusively that she had not seriously held to her superstition. It also loosed any hold the absurd idea may have had on the minds of the children. —Kate Field's Washington.

You Name the Price Yourself.

All dining cars on the Chicago Great Western Railway are now run on the cafe plan, passengers paying moderate prices only for what is ordered. This applies to cars attached to Chicago limited express as well as to all others and will doubtless be appreciated by patrons of this line.

On to Him.

Mrs. Stryver—We had a most enjoyable time at Mrs. Hunter's pink tea. Count Tedout was there and kept us mystified for an hour with his tricks with the cards.

Mr. Stryver (dryly)—He kept us mystified with 'em for three months at the club, but we're on to him now.

Lake steamers are increasing in size as well as the ocean liners. The steamer North Land, launched at Cleveland last week is 383 feet long and 44 feet wide, with 34 1-2 feet deep of hold. She is built on the same lines as the latest Cunarders, and is larger than many passenger ships prominent among the Atlantic packets. The North Land will ply next summer between Buffalo and Duluth.

A Pertinent Paragraph.

"Our country if right, should be kept right; if wrong should be put right," is a political maxim which paraphrased applies to other conditions of life, thus: Our health if right, should be kept right; if wrong should be put right, especially in bodily ailments, such as pains and aches, which St. Jacobs Oil promptly cures. Many out of work should heed to give it a chance to cure and it will give them a chance to go to work cured. Another adage is: "He doeth best, who doeth well." Well, of course, you want to be well from all sorts of aches, and the best thing to do is to use the great remedy. He who does so is doing well indeed.

ANTITOXINE NOT NEW.

Inoculation by Poison Dates as Far Back as Mithridates, King of Pontus.

There is nothing new under the sun. Inoculation with antitoxine, it appears according to a learned and ingenious correspondent of a Munich medical journal, is by no means new, nor even modern, having been employed by no less a person than Mithridates, King of Pontus. The authority for this statement is the Roman naturalist Pliny, who relates that this monarch, for reasons known to himself, was afraid of being poisoned, and therefore made himself proof against all attempts by gradually accustoming himself to all known poisons, producing the state called mithridaticum He was accustomed to make use of an antidote called mithridaticum, whose principal ingredient was the blood of the Pontic duck, this creature having been chosen because it had the reputation of living on poison. Here, therefore, we have the case of the blood of an immune animal being used to make another animal immune.

The coral insects are said to consume prodigious quantities of worms, small fish and other living creatures.

THERE were no competitive tests of baking powders at the Chicago World's Fair, and no "highest awards." All awards were of the same value, and "for an exhibit" only.

But here is the report of a series of competitive tests of baking powders

By the Official Food Authorities of Wisconsin.

This is of real value to the public, as it shows beyond dispute which of the many baking powders is the purest, strongest, and best:

"After examining many samples of the leading brands of baking powders, I have arrived at the conclusion that the ROYAL BAKING POWDER is superior in regard to purity, leavening power and keeping qualities.

"It is a cream of tartar powder, entirely free from alum, lime, ammonia, and all deleterious ingredients.

"GEO. S. COX,

"State Chemist, Wisconsin Dairy and Food Com.

"Prof. of Chemistry, Wisconsin College of Physicians and Surgeons, etc."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

A DOUBLE BACK-SOMERSAULT.

A Baking Powder Company Was Too Hasty in ItsClaims.

A Chicago baking powder concern, advertising far and near that its product received the highest award for strength, purity and excellence at the Chicago World's Fair, has been obliged to take a double somersault backward. Mr. John Boyd Thatcher, chairman of the Agricultural Awards, has written a letter to the said Chicago concern showing it that its advertising statements, speaking mildly, are incorrect, while the Judge of Awards on Baking Powders sends another in which he brands the claim of the pretenders as false in the most unmistakable language. Since, comes the second exposure to the effect that this baking powder, for which these spurious claims have been made, was actually found by the Exposition chemists who analyzed it, to contain ammonia! Is this the reason that the commissioners declined to give it an award for purity and wholesomeness?

So She Had.

Sister-in-Law—Well, John, how did you like mother's visit?

John (ruefully)—Oh, don't mention it! She started house cleaning, got us in a row with the neighbors, made our girl leave and had the wife and me so we didn't speak for a week.

Sister-in-Law—Why, that's strange. She told me she had such a pleasant time and had enjoyed her visit so much.

In the year 1860 the assessed value of Philadelphia was $155,000,000 and the cost of the municipal departments was $2,682,000. The valuation in 1894 was $769,000,000, while the taxation footed up $29,312,000. It is useless for extravagance like this to attempt to hide behind the name of any party, and all parties should unite to drag it forth to meet a just condemnation.

Important to Know.

Club Man (rather full)—I wish you'd (hic) take me home. Do you know where (hic) I live?

Policeman—What's the name of your cook?

Signs of the Season.

Hallum—Would you call this an open winter so far?

Billson—Yes, indeed. Even the book agents haven't learned to shut the doors behind them yet.

Very Naturally.

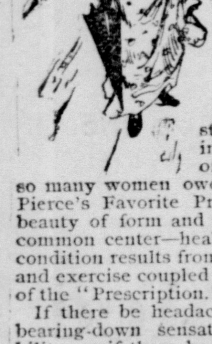
Miss Perique—In New York do the prominent social lights smoke?

Miss Caustique—Yes, particularly after they have been turned down.

The name Munich is derived from the fact that the Monks owned the property on which the town now stands.

In England the tax on farming lands exceeds 10 per cent of the value of crops; in Egypt it is 14 per cent.

It is said the big crops of Texas will keep the roads of that state out of the receivers' hands.



ON THE ROAD to recovery, the young woman who is taking Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In maidenhood, womanhood, wifehood and motherhood the "Prescription" is a supporting tonic and nervine that's peculiarly adapted to her needs, regulating, strengthening and curing the derangements of the sex. Why is it so many women owe their beauty to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription? Because beauty of form and face radiate from the common center—health. The best bodily condition results from good food, fresh air and exercise coupled with the judicious use of the "Prescription."

If there be headache, pain in the back, bearing-down sensations, or general debility, or if there be nervous disturbance, nervous prostration, and sleeplessness, the "Prescription" reaches the origin of the trouble and corrects it. It dispels aches and pains, corrects displacements and cures catarrhal inflammation of the lining membranes, falling of the womb, ulceration, irregularities and kindred maladies.

"FALLING OF WOMB."

MRS. FRANK CAMFIELD, of *East Dickinson, Franklin Co., N. Y.*, writes: "I deem it my duty to express my deep, heart-felt gratitude to you for having been the means, under Providence, of restoring me to health, for I have been by spells unable to walk. My troubles were of the womb — inflammatory and bearing-down sensations and the doctors all said, they could not cure me. Twelve bottles of Dr. Pierce's wonderful Favorite Prescription has cured me."



MRS. CAMFIELD.

DO YOUR OWN REPAIRING

THE "FAMILY COBBLER"

A Household Necessity



Sample Outfit sent on receipt of $2.00.

Contains the following articles: Iron Clinching Stand, with three reversible feet, Shoe Hammer, Shoe Knife, Pegging Awl and Handle, Large Bottle of Leather Cement, Large Bottle of Rubber Cement, Four Pairs of Heel Plates, Package of Pegs, Package of Heel Nails, Package of Clinching Nails for Men's and Boys' Work, Package of Clinching Nails for Women's and Children's work, and

THREE PAIRS OF HALF SOLES.

Securely Packed in wooden box with hinged lid. Weight 17 lbs.

No family can afford to be without one of these Outfits. Will pay for itself many times over each year.

For sale by all Hardware and General Stores.

The Trade Supplied by Hardware Jobbers Generally, or by **BRANDENBURG & CO.**

Sole Proprietors of the "Family Cobbler," the "Family Harness Mender," the "Bonanza" Half Soles, etc.

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS. KANSAS CITY. OMAHA. SIOUX CITY.

Agents Wanted. Send for Catalogue.

Sample Each, Cobbler & Harness Mender for $3.50

Half Soles, 10c to 25c per Pair.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of

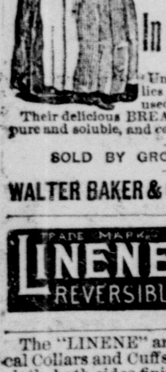
PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received

HIGHEST AWARDS

from the great

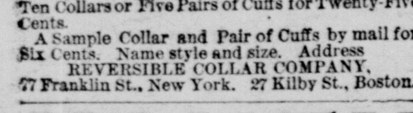
Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.



Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.



Raphael, Angelo, Rubens, Tasso

The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn: they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and, being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. *They fit well, wear well and look well.* A box of Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents.

A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY, 77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston.

MONEY

To loan, no delay, on improved city or farm property, on easy payment plan. Send for particulars.

Inter-State Savings and Loan Association,

New York Life Building,

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.



By Annette Marie Maillard.

CHAPTER XI—(Continued.)

"I have been very selfish, Lora," he said, after a thoughtful pause, when she spoke of the change in himself and Alice. "It is not that we love you less, my own Lora, but that we love so well, we never thought of any-other. Oh, love is a very engrossing passion, and aselfish one; we forgot all you might suffer. There are but two in the world, when people love, Lora, and but one spot, where they meet—the rest is a bleak desert. We forgot you, my own Lora, my gentle girl; but can you forgive, though without understanding us?"

"Forgive!" she cried, raising her voice; "oh, yes, all, so you love me still."

She was smiling then. Basil felt sad.

"Hush!" he said. "Did you not hear a step?"

"No," she answered, still clinging to his arm. She seemed afraid if she loosered her hold that his affections might slip away too. "No; and if anyone came, it could only be Oliver. I wish he could see how happy I am now, for he has been scolding me today for my crossness but I was not cross, but unhappy. We are often misjudged. This I feel, dear Basil, little as I know of the world!"

Alas, poor child of Nature, she little knew how much she was wronged in that moment. Basil was sad beyond his own comprehension, and this feeling it was which made him unburden all his heart to Lora, and in a low whisper told her how he and Alice had discovered their love, and the many difficulties that surrounded them.

All his eloquence was in vain to make her see these, she was far too happy in the certainty of being still loved by both, to see any sorrow; and far too good and generous to be angry at their wishing to meet alone.

"Oh," she whispered, "I am so happy, dear Basil, for when Oliver knows it I know he will love Alice, and all will go well, and then she and I will be always together, young mothers nursing our children, as I did my boy to-night. Oh, how happy shall we be, Basil, ever together!"

And she felt joyous enough to have danced.

"Now," she continued, "I shall let you go alone, and watch for you at night to hear what Alice says, and when you are gone, I will go out often and see her, and write and tell you all."

And thus she ran on for half an hour, until at last Basil reminded her of the length of their whispered conversation, and she, whose eyes knew no thought of sleep, and whose heart was all awakened by this peep into a feeling to herself so new and strange, rose and unwillingly as a child journeying to school, prepared to go. Nor could Basil quite decide her to leave "so soon" without threatening she should not come again to hear what Alice said.

At last she went. he door opened, and then she turned, and holding up her cheek, for a kiss, as she was wont to do before her husband, said—

"I don't know why I love you better than ever to-night, Basil, but I do."

"Because we never know the value of anything until we are near losing it, or have quite done so."

'True, Basil, I thought you had forgotten, or hated me."

"Darling little Lora!" and he drew her near him, and kissed her soft cheek. "Now, go; and good night."

The door closed, and in the silence of that long passage a low tinkling sound might have been heard, as of metal falling. She stopped a moment and then hastily springing up the stairs, entered her dressing-room, and closed the door.

A few moments afterwards a crouching figure rose up from a doorway in that corridor, and on tiptoe crept down to the farther end. It was Captain Oliver's valet, who lighted a candle with a match, and stealthily returning sought on the ground, for he had heard the metallic sound. In a few moments he rose—something glittered on his finger—the man looked earnestly at it.

"It is her wedding guard," he muttered, 'with master's and her name together. Oh, my poor master! my poor master!" And the man stole to bed without being heard.

For several successive evenings Basil went alone to see Alice, and Lora remained perfectly happy at home, watching for his return, when, if she could not go to the library, a few words passed in a meeting on the stairs, and all these were unhappily watched by one, interested in the affection for his master in seeing an error which had never existed but in his own imagination, impressed with evil thoughts by the wickedness of others.

If all stood still in nature how soon the world would become barren, withered up, and faint in coloring. It has been wisely ordained the constant change which, giving fresh vigor, renews existence. It is the young blood infused into the dried up veins of infirmity, filling them with renewed youth Perhaps even the affection of Basil and Alice would have paled, there might have come moments when even they would have felt a weariness creep over their metings, but such a change was spared them by their approaching separation. Even their last hours of bitterness possessed a charm, for they became so completely unguarded in their grief, that they found themselves entirely cherished in each other's heart. There could not with them exist that painful idea which often tortures the absent: "Do I know him or her Am I really beloved?"

We were not at ware then, therefore it will in nothing tarnish Basil's courage to admit that his prospects as a soldier were but gloomy in his heart. He was so thoroughly boyish in love, that he would gladly have cast all glory to the winds, and have vegetated at B—— dragging through the dreary day, to spend one hour at night with Alice. He was a perfect lover, counting this one hour in the twenty-four of rapture, and twenty-three of one soul engrossing thought—her.

Before the carriage drove round from the stables, which was to take Basil to the railroad, his father's valet had been wandering about, watching a moment to speak to him. Seeing the instant approaching in which Basil would depart without hearing what he wished to say, the man hurriedly entered his room, and, closing the door, approached him. There was an energy in his manner, and earnestness in his look, which made Basil at once pause in what he was doing, to address him with a wondering, "What now Hall?"

Pardon me, Master Basil, but I don't know how to speak of it—it breaks my heart; you are so young, and, I believe, innocent."

"What do you mean?" asked Basil, impatiently; he was so troubled at leaving, that his naturally good temper turned tl impatience.

"Master Basil, I know all, heard all, that night; and since too—forgive me, dear Master Basil, but my poor old she—what she is!"

"Fellow," eclaimed his young master, turning impatiently round, and facing him, his proud nature stung at the idea of his and Alice's meetings, as he suppesed, being watched. There was something sacred to his young heart in their pure lives, but they seemed almost desecrated by an indifferent eye coldly fixed upon them. He thought, too, of more than one gentle kiss, offspring of their first recorded one—of the last, which he had looked upon as doubly sacred, as it was to live on his lips, poor boy, as he hoped and intended, until they met, for only a faithless one could efface it. Lora's would but strengthen it, as a pledge of the trinity of their affection, and to have even this one defiled by a coldly watchful eye—his soul revolted.

"You watched us—listened—and now dare admit it!" exclaimed he, his brow frowning on the trembling man.

"Master Basil, I did it for the best—I did, indeed sir. I had heard so many wicked things reported but I would not believe them until I saw and heard."

"Heaven give me patience not to fling you from the window!" ejaculalted Basi, with intense rage, which made him almost speechless.

"No, Master Basil, you will not do it!" think of the many days we have spent together, when I taught you to ride, fish, all; when I tried to make a man of you before your dear father returned, when he left me to look after you; think of that, Master Basil, and only say you will give her up, and, wrong as it may be" he adde this last phrase in a whisper), "I will not tell the captain this time"

The other stood in stupified amazement, looking at him—he scarcely durst breathe lest his almost ungoveraable rage should quite overcome him.

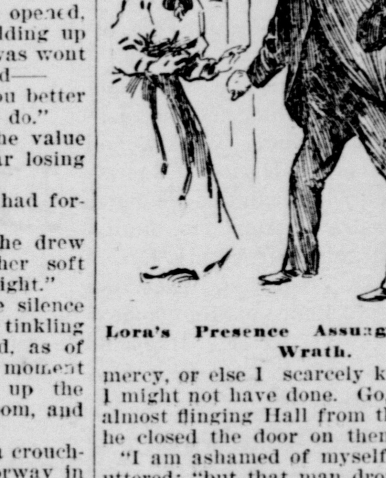
"I know she must have led you into it," continued the man, mistaking the cause of the other's silence. "She must, you never would have thought of it, yourself. Think of all it will lead to, Master Basil—the sin, Master Basil, as she is, and my poor master! Oh! master, master, that I should have ever lived to see this day! she must be a wicked one; but they're a bad lot!"

Words could not convey on idea of all Basil underwent. He knew that Hall had spoken freely against Mrs. Evelyn to his father, as an old privileged servant; but that he should thus dare to speak of Alice, an angel surpassed all he could have imagined.

"Hall," he said in an almost unintelligible tone, grasping his arm tightly, "but that you were my father's old servant, and I could recall my early days when you were kind to me, I would, yes, by heavens! I would horsewhip you as a prying hound; but now I only bid you go; and remember that, if one word of this passes your lips, I shall know the author. If I hear of it, you will find an implacable enemy in me. What you have seen I glory in. Now go." And draggingg the stupified and indignant man towards the door, he was on the point of pushing him out, when the handle turned, and Lora entered. At the sight of Hall, she started; for every swollen vein in Basil's face denoted his agitation, and in the position of both she could not doubt but that some untoward event had occurred.

"Hall!" she exclaimed, stepping back.

"Come in, Lora," said Basil; 'you have arrived in time to soften me to



Lora's Presence Assuages Basil's Wrath.

mercy, or else I scarcely known what I might not have done. Go," he added almost flinging Hall from the room, as he closed the door on themselves.

"I am ashamed of myself, Lora," he uttered; "but that man drove me mad in the excited state of my feelings."

And while he related it all to her, Hall stood on the landing

"And I came to give him back her ring," he said, sadly and sufferingly, quite forgetting his own disgraceful reception in his bitter feelings of sorrow, "and he receives me in this manner; but I won't revenge myself, poor Master Basil, I will try and save you yet, and my poor master too from trouble, but I won't give back the ring yet. And there they are together! Master Basil knows how I love him, and he tries me hardly, for I have a duty, too, to perform. Oh! the shameless woman, to enter his room before my face!"

And in truth there they remained until the last moment almost, Lora amidst her tears aiding him to finish packing. And Basil told her all, but imploring her to say nothing to Hall, to be the same as ever; for then he might keep the secret which, if his father were now made acquainted with might cause Alice and himself much rouble in corresponding, as he was to send a letter for her to Lora which the latter would deliver in the little arbor at night. All was well arranged, provided Hall would be discreet, and Lora promised to be kind to him; and Basil from an impulse of his good heart, turned to the old servant as he passed out, and said—

"Hall, I was very angry, but you should not meddle with things which don't concern you."

Captain Oliver had preceded Basil to the railroad to avoid the leave-taking; it bored him and he was a man essentially liking his comfort, so there was no one to question what had taken place to call for these words.

Though the man gladly grasped the proffered hand, an illiterate nature, though good, could not understand the other's nobility of heart, and he said, mentally—

"He is afraid of me, and I shall not give back the ring; it may serve to frighten them both."

Neither could he read Lora's innocent sorrow in her bitter tears at parting from Basil; he saw only guilt in them, and cunning in her after kindness to himself. No servant can judge the one above him; it is not station, it is the lordly mind which demands a judgment by its peers.

There had been a wide search and inquiry for Lora's ring, but she sought it everywhere in vain.

CHAPTER XII.

Basil gone, Alice had little else to look forward to but to take up her cross of daily annoyances, and energetically that young heart had accepted it. Her mother had so completely changed her retiring nature from her matrimonial disappointment, that a nervous irritability had taken place of all true dignity, and she pictured to herself a triumph over Captain Oliver in the assiduities of Mr. Lyon; because this gentleman had for many years been the object of the united efforts of all the single ladies and widows of B—— to draw him into matrimony, inasmuch as Mr. Lyon was in easy circumstances. Mrs. Evelyn was still a fine woman of eight and thirty and having been looked upon as almost inaccessible, from her excessive coldness and pride, though veiled under the mantle of humility, he felt flattered by her notice, and he was not sufficiently keen to divine its motive at first. His gratified vanity and her indignation at Captain Oliver's treatment accomplished the rest, and she consented to become Mrs. Lyon. The settlements were mutually satisfactory and nothing remained but to have the ceremony performed. If Mrs. Evelyn had been disliked for her coldness and reserve during her husband's lifetime, she was doubly hated now by all the spinsters and widows around; and these had been her supporters while she stood before them in all the nudity of a rejected jilted woman though she vainly tried to enwrap herself in a covering which would render her impervious to all Captain Oliver's attacks. Her friends quite believed her to her face, but in absence nodded and winked and shook their heads. (What a great necromancer Lord Burleigh was to have invented so undying a coadjutor as that mystic shake of the head.) But none of them wondered (behind her back) at anything she would do, after the inquitious slanders breathed—invented against the most innocent persons! for their parts, they always knew them to be calumnies!

To be Continued.)

A PENALTY WORSE THAN DEATH.

Belgium Has a System of Refined Torture That Kills in Three Years.

Though the death penalty was practically abolished in Belgium over thirty years ago, the punishment of those convicted of capital crimes is so awful that none has yet been able to endure it more than three years. Another curious thing is that little Belgium until recently had two public executioners, while but one was sufficient for her vaster neighbor, France—Diebler, othwise known as "Monsieur de Paris." The King of the Belgians recently ordered the retirement of a pension of 1,837 francs of the "executor of high works" (as he is euphoniously termed), who was stationed at Liege. The executioner at Brussels stills holds his place.

The duties of the public executioner in Belgium are singular, but not arduous. The courts still continue to sentence malefactors to death, but the guillotine has been replaced by a scaffold, on which is posted a copy of the sentences. Much ceremony is observed in affixing this document. A troop of gendarmes, with their imposing helmets plumed with horsehair, is drawn up about the place of the execution, which they gravely guard with sabres drawn, while the red-robed executioner mounts the steps, nails up the decrees of the court, and after a moment, takes it down again.

But the condemned man might more mercifully have perished by the axe or rope. He is placed in a dungeon so constructed that from the moment he enters it he will never hear the sound of human voices nor see a living being. His food is passed in through a sliding panel in the door of his cell.

Not one of these prisoners has been able to survive this confinement more than three years. The authorities have striven in vain to prolong their lives by varying their food as much as possible, but those who are moderately or lightly nourished gradually waste away, while who are generously fed go mad and die raving maniacs.

ASLEEP ELEVEN YEARS.

A Girl Frightened Into Slumber From Which She Has Never Awakened.

There is a girl named Marguerite Bouyenval, at Thenelles, in the north of France, near Saint Quentin, who is reported to have been asleep for the past eleven years. A good deal of doubt has been thrown on the phenomenal slumbering case, not only in Paris but also in Thenelles and its vicinity, where there are two camps, one of the believers and the other of those who maintain that the so-called sleeping beauty rises at night and has a good supper. The matter has been investigated by a Parisian, who has seen the girl and found her as lean as a skeleton,and as stiff as a corpse, but still living. Her mother injects milk, peptone, and sometimes wine through a broken tooth in the girl's mouth.

Marguerite Bouyenval made away with ab aby eleven years ago, and the gendarmes were sent to the house. The girl was so frightened at their approach that she had an attack of hysteria, which lasted several hours, and at the end of which she fell into a trance. The doubts thrown on the continuation of the trance have evidently been caused by the fact that the mother of the sleeping girl has made a god deal of money by exhibiting her. A local doctor who has observed the case during the eleven years, informed the investigator from Paris that Marguerite Bouyenval had really been asleep during the whole time. Occasionally she has hysterical cries, but did not awake after them. Other doctors have also agreed as to the genuineness of the phenomenon, and the sleeping girl of Thenelles remains a human mystery.—Paris Letter to London Telegraph.

A Girl's Marriageable Age.

The age of marriage should be determined by the understanding of both principals as to the nature of their bond. It must always seem to an older person who has had experience in observation of careers "made or marred" by marriage that the mistake is apt to be in impetuous judgment, rather than immaturity or the reverse. One has seen quite as many failures resulting from the mating of gray hair with middle age as from the nuptials of eighteen with two-and-twenty. As a general thing, indeed, young hearts seem to grow more together, to accept the inevitables of life more frankly, to be more lenient with offending for love's sake than do their elders. Old lovers who have spent their lives together in their journey through life have a rund of tenderness in recollection of their common youth that is fountain sealed at which they alone can refresh themselves. Then in youth hard knocks are borne so easily together; laughter is so apt to come after tears; hopes shared are sustaining even in disappointment! These thoughts make an early marriage sacred from the common gibes about "rushing blindfold into a pit," "tying a millstone around one's neck," "marrying in haste to repent at leisure," etc.

But materialism is the governing power of our age and society. Where certain indispensables are now lacking to a home discontent and heartburning are so often seen lurking near.

If a young couple be sure enough of their own ability to shape their lives according to their actual means in venturing into matrimony they are blessed indeed. This is so rarely the case that a young man now holds back to let thirty find him in possession of sufficient income to pay his household bills before he dares assume the intimidating privilege of a wife.

There can be no reason against a girl marrying young if circumstances insure to her a reasonable protection against the disheartening apparition of poverty shivering behind the lamps and silver bonbon dishes of her wedding presents.

In our large cities one is called upon to attend wedding after wedding, where even in the brief glamour of excitement surrounding the pageant that glides up the aisle and back, there seems to be an almost awful suggestion of the future of the pair. The antecedents of the man met in a ballroom a few months before, unknown to the girl or disregarded by her parents; the evident consciousness of the bride as to theatrical effect; the unthinking delight of the bridesmaids in themselves; the callous indifference of the congregation to the vital issues of the scene make one sick at heart. No wonder the divorce follows so soon in the annals of so-called fashionable life.

There was never a time when the bond of matrimony was entered into more lightly, unadvisedly than now. There has never been a time when the marriage tie is treated more scoffing in speech. And it is in the hands of the parents of our land to see, by precept and example, that this wrong is righted.

When a young man, therefore, is able and fit to take a wife, when a girl is ready to understandingly assume the duty toward her husband, that should, it seems to me, be the right time to marry, and not before!—Mrs. Burton Harrison in Ladies' Home Journal.

The Real Trouble.

Mrs. Witherby—I wish you would be more particular, Henry, when you are in company.

Wethreby (savagely)—Don't you consider that I have good manners?

Mrs. Wetherby—Yes, dear; but a poor memory.

THE HAYWARD TRIAL

THE GING MURDER TRIAL ON AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Charles Blixt, the Self-Confessed Slayer of the Girl, Takes the stand and Goes Into Details of the Crime. Blixt Breaks Down and Sobs Like a Child.

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—There was interest enough in the proceedings of the Hayward trial to satisfy the court room crowd. It began with the descriptions by Policemen Fox and Moore of the position of Miss Ging's body when found by them on the Excelsior road. The questioning of these witnesses was sufficiently minute to satisfy the most morbid-minded auditor. With the utmost insistence every detail of the appearance presented by the body as it lay there in the road was drawn out, and although most of the statements thus elicited had been already made in the newspapers, the crowd listened intently.

Mr. Erwin wanted to establish by Officer Fox the existence of tracks made by a sharp-pointed shoe in the vicinity of the body. It was stated at the time of the murder that the prints of a sharp-pointed shoe could be seen in the road, as though the wearer of such shoes had turned the buggy round. The officer described the tracks of the buggy where it had been turned, but knew nothing of the alleged footprints. There were a good many people on the ground before he got there, and a large number of tracks had been made. It would have been impossible to distinguish one from another. The questioning of Mr. Erwin in cross-examination seemed to indicate a theory on his part that Blixt had a confederate on the ground with him

When the Killing Occurred,

and that it was this confederate who turned the buggy around.

The defense is already laying the foundation for reasonable deubt. Conflict exists between the testimony of Erhart, who first found the body, and the two officers who arrived later in the patrol wagon. Erhart testified that the body lay with the right side of the face downward on the road. Fox and Moore agreed that the left side was downward. Mr. Erwin was particularly careful to establish this point of difference. It is perhaps a small matter in itself, but with many such to be used in massing the testimony the existence of a reasonable doubt may be established.

Altogether the evidence this morning made a very black showing for the accused, and the testimony elicited was not shaken in the least degree by Mr. Erwin's searching questions. There is nothing in the evidence so far to show that Hayward uttered a single sentence expressiv of regret at the death he was so firmly convinced had occurred long before any one lse knew it. It showed conclusively that his sole solicitude was as to whether or not he could realize on the life of Catherine Ging.

Minneapolis, Feb. 3. — The great crowd which gathered to hear the story of Catherine Ging's murder was doomed to disappointment for the aged juror, S. H. Dyer, whose sudden illness terminated the session yesterday, was unable to appear, and the court took an adjournment until 10 o'clock Monday morning. His condition this morning was said to be improved, but his physicians advised an adjournment until Monday morning, and it was so ordered. The sickness of the juror is hardly to be wondered at, under the circumstances, for it is not to be expected that a man of his years, exceeding three score in number, should be able to resist what other frequenters of the court room find intolerable. He had complained of not feeling well for two or three days. He is suffering from an attack of indigestion, caused by the want of exercise and the bad air in the court room. Efforts will be made to give the place better ventillation.

Bullet or Blow.

Minneapolis, Feb. 6.—The Hayward case was devoid of the sensational, the testimony being entirely that of physicians and of little interest to the hundreds who crowd into the court room daily. The testimony naturally is of an expert character. The defense keeps pounding away on the poor girl's skull, its aim being to establish beyond a doubt the fact that the two fractures of the skull were sufficient to have caused death.

Dr. Nippert's testimony was that there were two well defined fractures, of equal extent and about four inches in length, which penetrated both coverings of the skull. It is plainly the purpose of Attorney Erwin to discredit Blixt's testimony, and it is thought the defense will introduce testimony to show that these fractures could have been made only by heavy blows from some instrument, delivered before the murdered girl was shot. The testimony of Blixt does not intimate that any such blows were given, and this story is in strong conflict with the expert evidence as to the nature of the injuries. The state may find it difficult to show that these injuries could have resulted either from a fall from the buggy or from the buggy passing over the body. It will probably be shown that, in case of a fall from the buggy, the fracturing of both the outer and inner plates of the skull would not have occurred. Dr. Nippert was a good witness, and had a ready response for all of Mr. Erwin's technical questions. Dr. William Russell, who was one of the few that visited the scene of murder, corroborates Witness Erhardt in the statement that the body lay on its right side. The officers, Moore and Fox, testify that it was on its left side, and they are evidently wrong. The state acknowledges that on this point they are misinformed. As to the conditions of the woman's clothes and its appearance, Dr. Russell agrees with those who have already testified. It would be inferred from the questioning of the defense that Hayward's attorneys wish to establish the fact that Miss Ging died from the blows on her skull, and that the shot, while of a fatal character, was fired to hasten the end. The attorneys for the state have nothing to say of their visits to St. Paul. Assistant County Attorney Hall has been known to make several visits to the sister city, but the mission on which he went will probably not be disclosed until given by witnesses.

Minneapolis, Feb. 7. — The mass of prefatory evidence in the trial of Harry Hayward for the murder of Catherine Ging having been cleared away, the state sprung a surprise by placing Claus A. Blixt, the self-confessed tool of Hayward, on the stand.

The state's main witness walked firmly to the desk and took the oath with hand held high above him. The attitude seemed almost one of defiance, and his facial expression detracted nothing from his impression. He mounted the witness stand and sat composedly with his hands crossed in front of him, evidently a characteristic attitude. Hayward never removed his eyes from the man, gazing intently at him, and seemingly endeavoring to read his purposes. But Blixt looked anywhere and everywhere rather than at Hayward. Mr. Nye first drew out some information as to his antecedents, and his employment as janitor by the Haywards. In answer to questions from Mr. Nye, Blixt related how for six or seven weeks before the murder Harry Hayward was accustomed to come down into the engine room and have long talks with him. Blixt pointed out the rooms on the diagram of the flats where they were accustomed to talk, and went on to say that along in November Hayward began to talk to him about doing some outside work in a newspaper case.

The Plot.

Blixt described how he had witnessed the note for $7,000 given to Miss Ging by Hayward. He said he had been instructed by Harry to say when he saw the pile of bills, "J—— C——, what a lot of money." The note was offered in evidence and was found to be dated Nov. 24, nine days before the murder. That night in the basement of the Ozark, Harry had said to him:

"I am going to kill her. I did not let her have $7,000. It was only $2,000. I am going to take her around where I have taken her before and gamble as high as $1,000 on her. I am going to take her to a restaurant and have her show the money and tell her how careless she's been.

"Afterward," continued Blixt, "he told me that he took her around to a restaurant and had her show the money and she placed it in a tumbler while she ate, and some one else told her she'd be killed for her money."

"Did he say anything more?"

"Yes, he said he was going to have her life insured and then kill her. He said he was going to drive out and find a place where there were some rocks and throw her on the rocks and then they would think it was a runaway. He wanted me to go to St. Paul and get an overcoat, a slouch hat and a revolver like the one he had. I said I wouldn't do it. One day Harry came into the boiler room with a piece of T rail about four feet long and wanted me to cut it in two. I said I couldn't do it, but a man showed me how and I did it. Harry took the shorter piece, put it under his coat and went upstairs. Afterward I showed the officers where the other piece was."

This piece of rail was offered in evidence, and identified. Blixt continued:

"He wanted me to go out somewhere and get a hitched horse. He said he would drive out somewhere with Miss Ging. He would drop some money out of the buggy, and get her to get out. Then he would strike her on the head with the T rail and leave her there and start the horse to run away. He wanted me to make a list of all the things he had in his pockets when he went, so that he shouldn't lose anything while away that would turn up against him as evidence. That was Saturday night before. The next morning he came down and asked me if I ever heard of people getting killed in elevators. I said I had. He said he would get in the elevator with her and strike her on the head, and then put her on the floor so that when the elevator started it would

Cut Off Her Head.

At this there was a low murmur of horror that ran through the assemblage which was checked by the deputy's gavel.

"I said I wouldn't do that," went on Blixt. "Hayward said that every time Miss Ging came into his room and put her arms around his neck, he wanted to stick a knife into the —— ——, so," and Blixt, with an expressive gesture, showed how Harry wanted to stab the woman.

"I said to him, 'Harry, can't you make money some other way? This is the awfullest thing I ever heard.' He said, 'You're a coward. Your conscience is hurting you. If I had her and a dog, I'd shoot her and leave the dog.' That evening he came down with her to the boiler room, and showed her things. The next morning, that was Monday, about 11 o'clock, he handed me his watch, a box of cartridges and a roll of money, and told me to hide them in a tin box, so that if he was arrested they would not be found. The watch was gold, and he said there was $50 in money there. I put it in the attic, and when I told him where I had put it, he called me a —— fool and said that was the first place they'd look for it. He said to put it in a hollow tree in the woods. He said that the money was not all good, but that some of it was green goods. He said there was going to be a funeral there before the 10th, no matter how it happened. He says: 'Of course she'll be brought here and I'll be so sorry, and I'll have to sit up all night with the corpse, and after the coroner has had his examination then I'll go East with the body.' He said he had to have $15,000 to carry out his plans in the East. He would get $10,000 out of this and he would have to make $5,000 in some other way. Late that evening he came in with a pint bottle of whisky. He said: 'Blixt, here's some whisky.' I said I did not want any. 'You —— —— fool,' he said, 'this ain't common whisky.' Then I took it and drank half of it. Then he said: 'She's got to die to-night, and you've got to help me.' I said: 'Harry, ain't you got any other way to make money than to kill that poor little girl?' He said: 'It's nothing to kill-people,

I've Killed Two Other People.

He said one was a Chinaman, but he didn't say who the other was. He said he had wounded a third. I said I couldn't help him do it. He said I'd got to or he'd kill me. I didn't pay any attention to that, and then he said that he'd kill my wife. I told him: 'Whatever you do, don't hurt my wife. You can do what you like with me, but don't touch my wife.'" At the recollection of this the witness broke down utterly and sobbed like a child. At last, resuming his narrative, Blixt said:

"Finally I said to him that I would do as he liked, but he must not hurt my wife. He wanted me to sign a receipt for a revolver, but I wouldn't. He gave me six long cartridges and six short ones to put in it, and after it was all done I was to change the cartridges. Then he told me to go out Hennepin avenue to Kenwood and wait for him. When he came I was to follow him. Pretty soon I saw him coming across a lot and I followed him. Then he stopped a buggy and I came up and he told me to get into it and drive along. I got in and he said to keep our heads inside. Then he said to Miss Ging: 'This man is in the gang.' Then we drove out Hennepin and I didn't see him again until afterward.

"After awhile she asked me if Hayward was buying green goods. I told her I didn't know. She asked me what I had down there by my side, and I said it was a revolver that Harry told me to take. She kept looking out all the time and I kept thinking. It was a fight in my head all the time. I thought I would get out, and then I thought of my wife and staid in the buggy. I tried ten times to do it, and it was always fighting in my head. Finally I fired the shot. I hit her where he said I should. Then she threw her head back like this. I went on about thirty of forty yards further and then I thought I'd have to get her out. I moved her legs so, then she went out, so, and struck on her head on the wheel, and then she went over on the ground." The action accompanying this recital was most dramatic, as the witness, with uplifted hands threw his whole body forward as though falling. He then told how he returned from the scene of the murder down town and went to South Minneapolis to establish an alibi and at last returned to the Ozark.

Erwin cross-examined Blixt and used every effort to cause him to contradict himself, but without avail.

WARDS OF MINNESOTA.

State Institutions Are Increasing in Population.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—Secretary Hart today issued the following report of the population of state institutions on Jan. 31 of each year:

Institutions—	1894.	1895.
St. Peter hospital	920	966
Rochester hospital	1,148	1,152
Fergus Falls hospital	493	548
Total insane	2,561	2,666
Soldiers' home	304	364
School for deaf	222	236
School for blind	56	60
School for feeble-minded	341	434
State public school	167	176
Reform school	312	334
State reformatory	145	125
State prison	a 489	b 529
Totals	4,597	4,944
Increase	569	347

a—Indicates 100 United States prisoners from other states.

b—Indicates 65 United States prisoners from other states.

DEBS' TRIAL GOES ON.

Four Defendants Discharged but the President Not Among Them.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Four of the defendants in the Debs conspiracy trial were discharged by Judge Grosscup to-day—Dennis Larkin, Frank Dreyer, James McDonald and John Burke. The argument of the attorneys for the defense for the discharge of all of the defendants was made last night, the judge reserving his decision until today. He announced the discharge of the four men at the opening of court, reserving his answer on the discharge of Director John F. McVean and John J. Hannahan. Referring to the other eleven defendants, including Debs, he simply said to the attorneys for the defense: "You may go ahead with your side of the case."

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

LAST SESSION OF THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

A Condensed Record of the Proceedings in the Senate and House—Matters of Importance Dealt With.

Washington, Feb. 2.—A critical stage of the financial discussion was unexpectedly precipitated in the senate just before the senators were preparing to go home. Intermittent references had been made to the subject throughout the day, but it was without definite form or purpose, and the senate finally lapsed into a discussion of the District of Columbia appropriation bill. But the financial question arose incidentally, and finally Mr. Gorman launched a speech which proved to be one of the most effective he has delivered at the present session of congress. He pointed out the gravity of the treasury situation, intimating that the facts were being held back, and that an investigation would show startling deficiencies.

Washington, Feb. 3.—There was a most exciting scene in the house of representatives when Representative Breckinridge of Kentucky and Representative Heard of Missouri came to blows in the center aisle, in the middle of the hall. Representative Heard, who is chairman of the committee on the District of Columbia, became angered because the Hawaiian question was being brought forward in the time devoted to his committee, and attempted to secure the floor. The beginning of the controversy was not plain, but sudderly both members sprang toward each other, Mr. Breckinridge shouting:

"You cur, scoundrel and liar," striking at the member from Missouri a fierce blow, which missed him.

Instantly they were seized by other members, but struggled fiercely to get at each other, shouting "liar."

Mr. Pence of Colorado had Mr. Breckinridge by the throat, and Mr. McCreary of Kentucky climbed over several seats and held him by the shoulder. for three or four minutes there was a wild scrambling resembling a foot ball rush, while all the members in the house poured into the aisle and the greatest confusion reigned. The pounding of the speaker's gavel could not be heard, but Mr. Crisp's voice rang above the tumult, shouting:

"The sergeant-at-arms will arrest the members."

And then "the sergeant-at-arms will bring them before the bar of the house."

Deputy Sergeant-at-arms Isaac Hill rushed down the aisle bearing the great mace, followed by his assistants.

The two members were then brought up before the speaker's desk, two men on each side holding their arms and Representative Dockery of Missouri standing behind them. Mr. Breckinridge was exceedingly red in the face, while Mr. Heard, who is a slender man, was ashen pale and trembled like a leaf. In the course of an explanation to the house, Mr. Breckinridge practically challenged Mr. Heard and demanded personal satisfaction. Both Heard and Breckinridge were forced to apologize to the house.

All Is Lovely Again.

Later the gentlemen withdrew their remarks and shook hands. The report of the proceedings were stricken from the journal, and everything is now serene. An hour was devoted to debate on the Pacific railroad bill. A resolution was adopted calling on the president for all correspondence and information regarding the alleged aid furnished rebels in Hawaii by representatives of the British government.

The financial question again came before the senate as an incident to the consideration of the pending District of Columbia appropriation bill and Mr. Teller made an effective speech to give the suggestive warning that he would see to it that as far as the present session of congress was concerned there shall be no hasty or weak legislation on the lines now proposed. In view of Mr. Teller's recognized position as an authority among the element favorable to silver, the statement was regarded as having an important bearing on the situation.

Washington, Feb. 5. — The Pacific railroad funding bill was recommitted to the committee on Pacific railroads by a vote of 177 to 108, showing an unexpectedly large magority against the measure. This renders the status of the bill extremely precarious. Although the draft has been against the bill from the inception of the debate, its advocates were not without hope. The extent of their defeat was a great surprise to both sides.

The senate succeeded in making progress on the appropriation bills without being led into an extended financial debate. At one time it looked as though another financial discussion was imminent, when Messrs. Hale, Chandler and Aldrich made brief speeches denying the current reports that Republican senators were purposely delaying appropriation bills in order to cut off financial legislation. These senators asserted that there was no such concerted purpose, and that Republican senators stood ready to aid in advancing financial legislation. Mr. McPherson announced that the resolution discharging the senate finance committee, thus bringing the financial question before the senate, would be urged not later than to-day. Lee Mantle took the oath of office as senator from Montana. He once before presented his credentials, based on an appointment from the governor, but the senate declined to accept them. The new credentials, reciting his election by the legislature, were submitted to the senate, and the new senator, accompanied by his colleague, Mr. Power, was presented to the presiding officer's desk, where he was sworn in.

Washington, Feb. 6. — An attempt was made in the house to pass an omnibus bill for the payment of claims for stores and supplies confiscated from loyal people in the South during the war, amounting to $718,603. It excited much opposition, and especially from Pennsylvania members interested in Pennsylvania war claims amounting to $1,600,000 and not included, and the measure was defeated —95 to 148. A rule was then adopted for the consideration of the currency bill this week, after which the remainder of the day was devoted to the agricultural appropriation bill, which was passed without amendment. An attempt to reduce the appropriation for the distribution of seed failed.

The senate spent almost the entire day on the District of Columbia appropriation bill, and for the first time since the measure was taken up, it did not serve as a text for a financial discussion.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The debate on the administration bill to authorize the issue of $500,000,000 gold bonds for the purpose of retiring the legal tender and treasury notes began in the house, and continued for six hours. It developed widely divergent views at the outset. The silver Democrats and Populists opposed it outright. Some of the administration Democrats favored a substitute on the lines of the Carlisle bill, while Mr. Reed, the leader of the Republicans, after a speech charging the present trouble to the deficiency in the revenue, introduced a bill authorizing the secretary of the treasury to sell 3 per cent coin bonds to keep up the gold reserve and certificates of indebtedness redeemable at the pleasure of the government to pay current expenses until the revenues shall equal the expenditures. The issue of gold bonds, he said, would discriminate against the coin bond of the past.

The senate session opened with a very breezy personal altercation between Mr. Mitchell (Or.) and Mr. Harris (Tenn.). The words "ungentlemanly" and "contemptable" were exchanged, and for a time it looked as though the senate chamber might witness a repetition of the belligerent scene in the house last week. But the conflict assumed a somewhat seriocomic aspect and the senate soon relapsed into an uneventful consideration of routine business. The senate modified the Japanese treaty so as to provide for its abrogation on one year's notice after it goes into effect.

Planting the Standard



All hail Columbus! Behold the great navigator as he lands. The perils of the deep are past. The clouds of fear have vanished. The night of gloom has ended. In the heavens the sun of success shines resplendent. Morning has dawned.

Imperiously the banner of haughty Spain greets the daylight. Upon its fluttering folds are inscribed the destinies of a new world. Its gleaming surface marks a long advance in the evolution of the human race. It tells a story of prophecy unparalleled, of developement unapproached in the fullness of recorded time. It crowns with triumph the efforts of genius.

The World's Fair contained no finer statue of the great discoverer than this colossal figure. It commanded from its pedestal the eastern entrance to the Administration building. The majesty of its dimensions, the vigor and aggressiveness of its expression and the artistic finish of its composition made it admired as a genuine sculptural triumph.

Another Standard Proudly Displayed

at the Fair was that of

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

A Standard of Excellence for Forty Years.

It was the standard of unequalled strength, perfect purity and wholesome results. **The award to Dr. Price's of highest honors at the Fair** furnishes conclusive evidence of its superiority over all other baking powders.

Blanket the Horses.

Did you ever stop to think of the value of a blanket to the colt or work horse? "What a foolish question," I can hear many farmers exclaim, followed by "a blanket is only for city horses, I want my horses tough." My friend, did you ever notice how much more food it takes for you when it is cold and how much extra clothing you put on? A horse is remarkably thin skinned and in a draught of the stable or a cold stall suffers acutely. His food does him but little good when he is in this condition. Much of it passes through completely undigested and it requires at least one-third more food good judges say. Good strong blankets are cheap and will pay for themselves in the food saved in a month. Then think of the better appearance of the horse with his soft, smooth silky coat. —E. T. Ridick.

How the Wind Roars!

How the vessel tosses at sea! Reader, did you ever cross the "briny?" If so, we will bet a good cigar you were sea sick. Don't deny the soft impeachment. If you had Hostetter's Stomach Bitters with you, you were all right, otherwise not. This medicinal cordial relieves every disturbance of the stomach, liver and bowels, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble, and is highly commended by tourists and commercial travelers.

Jew the Only Correct Name.

Jews refer to the religion which the Jews profess. Hebrew refers to a language which they no longer speak, and has consequently no meaning at the present time. Israelite refers to a nation which they at one time formed, and it has at present no signification except when reference is made to the ancient nation. The Jews are a religious community, and that is all that separates them or distinguishes them from their fellow citizens. The Jews do not call themselves Hebrews. A few who do not know any better may call themselves so, but they are wrong. Those who know what is right call themselves Jews, and that is the only correct name.—Jewish Tidings.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. The original and only genuine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Cold Sores, &c. C. G. Clark Co., N. Haven, Ct.

Not Unusual.

Friend—You must make allowances for your husband's shortcomings.

Mme. the Countess, nee Gotrox—But the more I allow him the shorter he comes.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.

On the Avenue.

Hattie—Who was that you bowed so coolly to?

Marie—That's my ex-fiance.

Hattie—To what does the "ex" refer?

Marie—To the $10 he borrowed of me and never paid back.

1,000 BUS. POTATOES PER ACRE.

Wonderful yields in potatoes, oats, corn, farm and vegetable seeds. Cut this out and send 5c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., for their great seed book and sample of Giant Spurry. wnu

The Scotch Joke and Surgery.

A noble instance of Mark Tapleyism, not to say heroism, was supplied recently at the Royal Infirmary. The case was in the hands of Prof. Barlow, and was that of an iron-worker who had met with an accident. As a result of an explosion in a furnace a piece of red-hot iron four inches in length embedded itself in the man's eye and cheek, necessitating the removal of the dreadfully burned eye-ball. This done, the question arose among those present at the operation as to the nature of the metal extracted, when the patient himself, with extraordinary nerve, asked to be allowed to handle the substance, and pronouncing it to be cast-iron, quaintly added: "Better send it back to the works, or they'll be hacing me up for stealing."—Glasgow News.

Curves in Ancient Masonry.

At the joint meeting of archaeological societies held in Philadelphia December 27-29, Prof. William H. Goodyear announced his discovery of Greek horizontal curves in the Maison Carree at Nimes. This is the first observation ever made of this optical refinement in a temple of the Roman art. The measurements, facts and theories connected with them will appear in the next issue of the "American Journal of Anaeology." It is Prof Goodyear's view that all curves in architectural surfaces, whether concave or convex to the point of vision, produce an effect of dimension conditioned by the laws of curvilinear perspective and that the curves of the Maison Carree have been hitherto overlooked for this reason. At all events the measurements proving the curves to exist in the masonry construction are attested by the official architect of the City of Nimes, with whose co-operation and assistance the measurements were made. The curves differ from those of the Parthenon, being curves in plan (not in elevation), and are convex to the point of vision. The measurements also attest a perspective scheme in the intercolumnar spacings.

A Protest.

Uncle Mose—Hab I de right to be tried by a jury of ma peers?

Justice—Of course, you have.

Uncle Mose—Well, dere hain't a man of doze twelbe dat hain't los' chickuns in de las' fo' weeks, to ma certain knowledge.

Hard Lines.

Judge (to witness on the stand)—Can you write?

Witness (indignantly)—Write? Why, I am one of the charter members of the Authors' club.

Judge—Very well, make your mark then. It holds in law just as well as if you could.

Paradoxical.

Jack—I don't think I care for the New Woman.

Jess—Why not?

Jack—She is usually too old.

I cannot speak too highly of Piso's Cure for Consumption.—Mrs. Frank Mobbs, 215 W. 22d St., New York, Oct. 29, 1894.

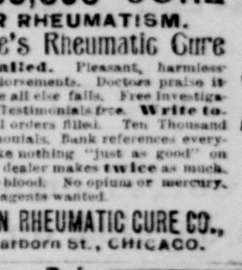
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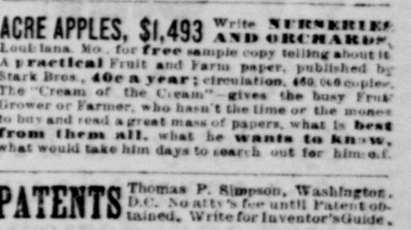
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and all women who are nursing babies, derive almost inconceivable benefits from the nourishing properties of

Scott's Emulsion

This is the most nourishing food known to science. It enriches the mother's milk and gives her *strength.* It also makes babies fat and gives more nourishment to growing children than all the rest of the food they eat.

Scott's Emulsion has been prescribed by physicians for *twenty years* for Rickets, Marasmus, Wasting Diseases of Children, Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Emaciation and Consumption.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and $1.

A DOUBLE BACK-SOMERSAULT.

A Baking Powder Company Was Too Hasty in Its Claims.

A Chicago baking powder concern, advertising far and near that its product received the highest award for strength, purity and excellence at the Chicago World's Fair, has been obliged to take a double somersault backward. Mr. John Boyd Thatcher, chairman of the Agricultural Awards, has written a letter to the said Chicago concern showing it that its advertising statements, speaking mildly, are incorrect, while the Judge of Awards on Baking Powders sends another in which he brands the claim of the pretenders as false in the most unmistakable language. Since, comes the second exposure to the effect that this baking powder, for which these spurious claims have been made, was actually found by the Exposition chemists who analyzed it, to contain ammonia! Is this the reason that the commissioners declined to give it an award for purity and wholesomeness?

So She Had.

Sister-in-Law—Well, John, how did you like mother's visit?

John (ruefully)—Oh, don't mention it! She started house cleaning, got us in a row with the neighbors, made our girl leave and had the wife and me so we didn't speak for a week.

Sister-in-Law—Why, that's strange. She told me she had such a pleasant time and had enjoyed her visit so much.

In the year 1860 the assessed value of Philadelphia was $155,000,000 and the cost of the municipal departments was $2,682,000. The valuation in 1894 was $769,000,000, while the taxation footed up $29,312,0000. It is useless for extravagance like this to attempt to hide behind the name of any party, and all parties should unite to drag it forth to meet a just condemnation.

Important to Know.

Club Man (rather full)—I wish you'd (hic) take me home. Do you know where (hic) I live?

Policeman—What's the name of your cook?

Signs of the Season.

Hallum—Would you call this an open winter so far?

Billson—Yes, indeed. Even the book agents haven't learned to shut the doors behind them yet.

Very Naturally.

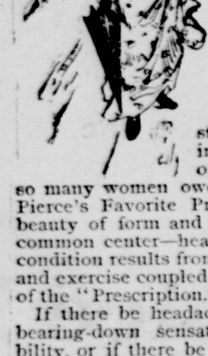
Miss Perique—In New York do the prominent social lights smoke?

Miss Caustique—Yes, particularly after they have been turned down.

The name Munich is derived from the fact that the Monks owned the property on which the town now stands.

In England the tax on farming lands exceeds 10 per cent of the value of crops; in Egypt it is 14 per cent.

It is said the big crops of Texas will keep the roads of that state out of the receivers' hands.



ON THE ROAD to recovery, the young woman who is taking Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In maidenhood, womanhood, wifehood and motherhood the "Prescription" is a supporting tonic and nervine that's peculiarly adapted to her needs, regulating, strengthening and curing the derangements of the sex. Why is it so many women owe their beauty to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription? Because beauty of form and face radiate from the common center—health. The best bodily condition results from good food, fresh air and exercise coupled with the judicious use of the "Prescription."

If there be headache, pain in the back, bearing-down sensations, or general debility, or if there be nervous disturbance, nervous prostration, and sleeplessness, the "Prescription" reaches the origin of the trouble and corrects it. It dispels aches and pains, corrects displacements and cures catarrhal inflammation of the lining membranes, falling of the womb, ulceration, irregularities and kindred maladies.

"FALLING OF WOMB."

MRS. FRANK CAMFIELD, of *East Dickinson, Franklin Co., N. Y.*, writes: "I deem it my duty to express my deep, heart-felt gratitude to you for having been the means, under Providence, of restoring me to health, for I have been by spells unable to walk. My troubles were of the womb — inflammatory and bearing-down sensations and the doctors all said, they could not cure me. Twelve bottles of Dr. Pierce's wonderful Favorite Prescription has cured me."



MRS. CAMFIELD.

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THE "FAMILY COBBLER"

A Household Necessity



Sample Outfit sent on receipt of $2.00.

Contains the following articles: Iron Clinching Stand, with three reversible feet, Shoe Hammer, Shoe Knife, Pegging Awl and Handle, Large Bottle of Leather Cement, Large Bottle of Rubber Cement, Four Pairs of Heel Plates, Package of Pegs, Package of Heel Nails, Package of Clinching Nails for Men's and Boys' Work, Package of Clinching Nails for Women's and Children's work, and

THREE PAIRS OF HALF SOLES.

Securely Packed in wooden box with hinged lid. Weight 17 lbs.

No family can afford to be without one of these Outfits. Will pay for itself many times over each year.

For sale by all Hardware and General Stores.

The Trade Supplied by Hardware Jobbers Generally,

or by **BRANDENBURG & CO.**,

Sole Proprietors of the "Family Cobbler," the "Family Harness Mender," the "Bonanza" Half Soles, etc.

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

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Agents Wanted. Send for Catalogue.

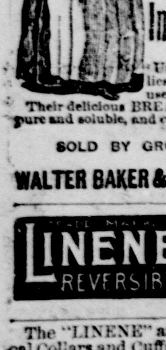
Sample Each, Cobbler & Harness Mender for $3.50

Half Soles, 10c to 25c per Pair.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.



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SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

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Raphael, Angelo, Rubens, Tasso

The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn; they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and, being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind.

They fit well, wear well and look well. A box of Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents.

A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY, 77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston.

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PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C.

Successfully Prosecutes Claims.

Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION



THE DEATH-BED SECRET

By Annette Marie Maillard.

CHAPTER XI—(Conteinued.)

"I have been very selfish, Lora," he said, after a thoughtful pause, when she spoke of the change in himself and Alice. "It is not that we love you less, my own Lora, but that we love so well, we never thought of any-other. Oh, love is a very engrossing passion, and aselfish one; we forgot all you might suffer. There are but two in the world, when people love, Lora, and but one spot, where they meet—the rest is a bleak desert. We forgot you, my own Lora, my gentle girl; but can you forgive, though without understanding us?"

"Forgive!" she cried, raising her voice; "oh, yes, all, so you love me still."

She was smiling then. Basil felt sad.

"Hush!" he said. "Did you not hear a step?"

"No," she answered, still clinging to his arm. She seemed afraid if she loosened her hold that his affections might slip away too. "No; and if anyone came, it could only be Oliver. I wish he could see how happy I am now, for he has been scolding me today for my crossness but I was not cross, but unhappy. We are often misjudged. This I feel, dear Basil, little as I know of the world!"

Alas, poor child of Nature, she little knew how much she was wronged in that moment. Basil was sad beyond his own comprehension, and this feeling it was which made him unburden all his heart to Lora, and in a low whisper told her how he and Alice had discovered their love, and the many difficulties that surrounded them.

All his eloquence was in vain to make her see these, she was far too happy in the certainty of being still loved by both, to see any sorrow; and far too good and generous to be angry at their wishing to meet alone.

"Oh," she whispered, "I am so happy, dear Basil, for when Oliver knows it I know he will love Alice, and all will go well, and then she and I will be always together, young mothers nursing our children, as I did my boy to-night. Oh, how happy shall we be, Basil, ever together!"

And she felt joyous enough to have danced.

"Now," she continued, "I shall let you go alone, and watch for you at night to hear what Alice says, and when you are gone, I will go out often and see her, and write and tell you all."

And thus she ran on for half an hour, until at last Basil reminded her of the length of their whispered conversation, and she, whose eyes knew no thought of sleep, and whose heart was all awakened by this peep into a feeling to herself so new and strange, rose and unwillingly as a child journeying to school, prepared to go. Nor could Basil quite decide her to leave "so soon" without threatening she should not come again to hear what Alice said.

At last she went. The door opened, and then she turned, and holding up her cheek, for a kiss, as she was wont to do before her husband, said—

"I don't know why I love you better than ever to-night, Basil, but I do."

"Because we never know the value of anything until we are near losing it, or have quite done so."

"True, Basil, I thought you had forgotten, or hated me."

"Darling little Lora!" and he drew her near him, and kissed her soft cheek. "Now, go; and good night."

The door closed, and in the silence of that long passage a low tinkling sound might have been heard, as of metal falling. She stopped a moment and then hastily springing up the stairs, entered her dressing-room, and closed the door.

A few moments afterwards a crouching figure rose up from a doorway in that corridor, and on tiptoe crept down to the farther end. It was Captain Oliver's valet, who lighted a candle with a match, and stealthily returning sought on the ground, for he had heard the metallic sound. In a few moments he rose—something glittered on his finger—the man looked earnestly at it.

"It is her wedding guard," he muttered, "with master's and her name together. Oh, my poor master! my poor master!" And the man stole to bed without being heard.

For several successive evenings Basil went alone to see Alice, and Lora remained perfectly happy at home, watching for his return, when, if she could not go to the library, a few words passed in a meeting on the stairs, and all these were unhappily watched by one, interested in the affection for his master in seeing an error which had never existed but in his own imagination, impressed with evil thoughts by the wickedness of others.

If all stood still in nature how soon the world would become barren, withered up, and faint in coloring. It has been wisely ordained the constant change which, giving fresh vigor, renews existence. It is the young blood infused into the dried up veins of infirmity, filling them with renewed youth. Perhaps even the affection of Basil and Alice would have paled, there might have come moments when even they would have felt a weariness creep over their metings, but such a change was spared them by their approaching separation. Even their last hours of bitterness possessed a charm, for they became so completely unguarded in their grief, that they found themselves entirely cherished in each other's heart. There could not with them exist that painful idea which often tortures the absent: "Do I know him or her Am I really beloved?"

We were not at ware then, therefore it will in nothing tarnish Basil's courage to admit that his prospects as a soldier were but gloomy in his heart. He was so thoroughly boyish in love, that he would gladly have cast all glory to the winds, and have vegetated at B—— dragging through the dreary day, to spend one hour at night with Alice. He was a perfect lover, counting this one hour in the twenty-four of rapture, and twenty-three of one soul engrossing thought—her.

Before the carriage drove round from the stables, which was to take Basil to the railroad, his father's valet had been wandering about, watching a moment to speak to him. Seeing the instant approaching in which Basil would depart without hearing what he wished to say, the man hurriedly entered his room, and, closing the door, approached him. There was an energy in his manner, and earnestness in his look, which made Basil at once pause in what he was doing, to address him with a wondering, "What now Hall?"

Pardon me, Master Basil, but I don't know how to speak of it—it breaks my heart; you are so young, and, I believe, innocent."

"What do you mean?" asked Basil, impatiently; he was so troubled at leaving, that his naturally good temper turned to impatience.

"Master Basil, I know all, heard all, that night; and since too—forgive me, dear Master Basil, but my poor old she—what she is!"

"Fellow," eclaimed his young master, turning impatiently round, and facing him, his proud nature stung at the idea of his and Alice's meetings, as he supposed, being watched. There was something sacred to his young heart in their pure lives, but they seemed almost desecrated by an indifferent eye coldly fixed upon them. He thought, too, of more than one gentle kiss, offspring of their first recorded one—of the last, which he had looked upon as doubly sacred, as it was to live on his lips, poor boy, as he hoped and intended, until they met, for only a faithless one could efface it. Lora's would but strengthen it, as a pledge of the trinity of their affection, and to have even this one defiled by a coldly watchful eye—his soul revolted.

"You watched us—listened—and now dare admit it!" exclaimed he, his brow frowning on the trembling man.

"Master Basil, I did it for the best—I did, indeed sir. I had heard so many wicked things reported but I would not believe them until I saw and heard."

"Heaven give me patience not to fling you from the window!" ejaculalted Basil, with intense rage, which made him almost speechless.

"No, Master Basil, you will not do it!" think of the many days we have spent together, when I taught you to ride, fish, all; when I tried to make a man of you before your dear father returned, when he left me to look after you; think of that, Master Basil, and only say you will give her up, and, wrong as it may be" he adde this last phrase in a whisper), "I will not tell the captain this time."

The other stood in stupified amazement, looking at him—he scarcely durst breathe lest his almost ungovernable rage should quite overcome him.

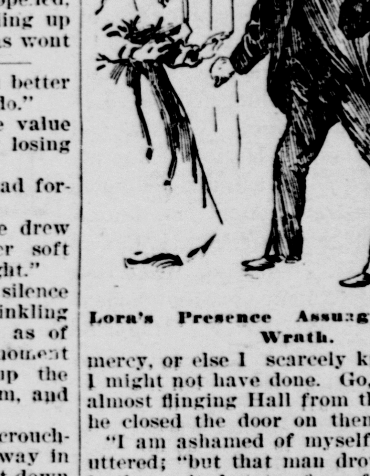
"I know she must have led you into it," continued the man, mistaking the cause of the other's silence. "She must, you never would have thought of it, yourself. Think of all it will lead to, Master Basil—the sin, Master Basil, as she is, and my poor master! Oh! master, master, that I should have ever lived to see this day! she must be a wicked one; but they're a bad lot!"

Words could not convey on idea of all Basil underwent. He knew that Hall had spoken freely against Mrs. Evelyn to his father, as an old privileged servant; but that he should thus dare to speak of Alice, an angel surpassed all he could have imagined.

"Hall," he said in an almost unintelligible tone, grasping his arm tightly, "but that you were my father's old servant, and I could recall my early days when you were kind to me, I would, yes, by heavens! I would horsewhip you as a prying hound; but now I only bid you go; and remember that, if one word of this passes your lips, I shall know the author. If I hear of it, you will find an implacable enemy in me. What you have seen I glory in. Now go." And draggingg the stupified and indignant man towards the door, he was on the point of pushing him out, when the handle turned, and Lora entered. At the sight of Hall, she started; for every swollen vein in Basil's face denoted his agitation, and in the position of both she could not doubt but that some untoward event had occurred.

"Hall!" she exclaimed, stepping back.

"Come in, Lora," said Basil; "you have arrived in time to soften me to



Lora's Presence Assuages Basil's Wrath.

mercy, or else I scarcely known what I might not have done. Go," he added almost flinging Hall from the room, as he closed the door on themselves.

"I am ashamed of myself, Lora," he uttered; "but that man drove me mad in the excited state of my feelings."

And while he related it all to her, Hall stood on the landing

"And I came to give him back her ring," he said, sadly and sufferingly, quite forgetting his own disgraceful reception in his bitter feelings of sorrow, "and he receives me in this manner; but I won't revenge myself, poor Master Basil, I will try and save you yet, and my poor master too from trouble, but I won't give back the ring yet. And there they are together! Master Basil knows how I love him, and he tries me hardly, for I have a duty, too, to perform. Oh! the shameless woman, to enter his room before my face!"

And in truth there they remained until the last moment almost, Lora amidst her tears aiding him to finish packing. And Basil told her all, but imploring her to say nothing to Hall, to be the same as ever; for then he might keep the secret which, if his father were now made acquainted with might cause Alice and himself much rouble in corresponding, as he was to send a letter for her to Lora which the latter would deliver in the little arbor at night. All was well arranged, provided Hall would be discreet, and Lora promised to be kind to him; and Basil from an impulse of his good heart, turned to the old servant as he passed out, and said—

"Hall, I was very angry, but you should not meddle with things which don't concern you."

Captain Oliver had preceded Basil to the railroad to avoid the leave-taking; it bored him and he was a man essentially liking his comfort, so there was no one to question what had taken place to call for these words.

Though the man gladly grasped the proffered hand, an illiterate nature, though good, could not understand the other's nobility of heart, and he said, mentally—

"He is afraid of me, and I shall not give back the ring; it may serve to frighten them both."

Neither could he read Lora's innocent sorrow in her bitter tears at parting from Basil; he saw only guilt in them, and cunning in her after kindness to himself. No servant can judge the one above him; it is not station, it is the lordly mind which demands a judgment by its peers.

There had been a wide search and inquiry for Lora's ring, but she sought it everywhere in vain.

CHAPTER XII.

Basil gone, Alice had little else to look forward to but to take up her cross of daily annoyances, and energetically that young heart had accepted it. Her mother had so completely changed her retiring nature from her matrimonial disappointment, that a nervous irritability had taken place of all true dignity, and she pictured to herself a triumph over Captain Oliver in the assiduities of Mr. Lyon; because this gentleman had for many years been the object of the united efforts of all the single ladies and widows of B—— to draw him into matrimony, inasmuch as Mr. Lyon was in easy circumstances. Mrs. Evelyn was still a fine woman of eight and thirty and having been looked upon as almost inaccessible, from her excessive coldness and pride, though veiled under the mantle of humility, he felt flattered by her notice, and he was not sufficiently keen to divine its motive at first. His gratified vanity and her indignation at Captain Oliver's treatment accomplished the rest, and she consented to become Mrs. Lyon. The settlements were mutually satisfactory and nothing remained but to have the ceremony performed. If Mrs. Evelyn had been disliked for her coldness and reserve during her husband's lifetime, she was doubly hated now by all the spinsters and widows around; and these had been her supporters while she stood before them in all the nudity of a rejected jilted woman though she vainly tried to enwrap herself in a covering which would render her impervious to all Captain Oliver's attacks. Her friends quite believed her to her face, but in absence nodded and winked and shook their heads. (What a great necromancer Lord Burleigh was to have invented so undying a coadjutor as that mystic shake of the head.) But none of them wondered (behind her back) at anything she would do, after the inquitious slanders breathed—invented against the most innocent persons! for their parts, they always knew them to be calumnies!

To be Continued.)

A PENALTY WORSE THAN DEATH.

Belgium Has a System of Refined Torture That Kills in Three Years.

Though the death penalty was practically abolished in Belgium over thirty years ago, the punishment of those convicted of capital crimes is so awful that none has yet been able to endure it more than three years. Another curious thing is that little Belgium until recently had two public executioners, while but one was sufficient for her vaster neighbor, France—Diebler, othwise known as "Monsieur de Paris." The King of the Belgians recently ordered the retirement of a pension of 1,837 francs of the "executor of high works" (as he is euphoniously termed), who was stationed at Liege. The executioner at Brussels stills holds his place.

The duties of the public executioner in Belgium are singular, but not arduous. The courts still continue to sentence malefactors to death, but the guillotine has been replaced by a scaffold, on which is posted a copy of the sentences. Much ceremony is observed in affixing this document. A troop of gendarmes, with their imposing helmets plumed with horsehair, is drawn up about the place of the execution, which they gravely guard with sabres drawn, while the red-robed executioner mounts the steps, nails up the decrees of the court, and after a moment, takes it down again.

But the condemned man might more mercifully have perished by the axe or rope. He is placed in a dungeon so constructed that from the moment he enters it he will never hear the sound of human voices nor see a living being. His food is passed in through a sliding panel in the door of his cell.

Not one of these prisoners has been able to survive this confinement more than three years. The authorities have striven in vain to prolong their lives by varying their food as much as possible, but those who are moderately or lightly nourished gradually waste away, while who are generously fed go mad and die raving maniacs.

ASLEEP ELEVEN YEARS.

A Girl Frightened Into Slumber From Which She Has Never Awakened.

There is a girl named Marguerite Bouyenval, at Thenelles, in the north of France, near Saint Quentin, who is reported to have been asleep for the past eleven years. A good deal of doubt has been thrown on the phenomenal slumbering case, not only in Paris but also in Thenelles and its vicinity, where there are two camps, one of the believers and the other of those who maintain that the so-called sleeping beauty rises at night and has a good supper. The matter has been investigated by a Parisian, who has seen the girl and found her as lean as a skeleton, and as stiff as a corpse, but still living. Her mother injects milk, peptone, and sometimes wine through a broken tooth in the girl's mouth.

Marguerite Bouyenval made away with a baby eleven years ago, and the gendarmes were sent to the house. The girl was so frightened at their approach that she had an attack of hysteria, which lasted several hours, and at the end of which she fell into a trance. The doubts thrown on the continuation of the trance have evidently been caused by the fact that the mother of the sleeping girl has made a god deal of money by exhibiting her. A local doctor who has observed the case during the eleven years, informed the investigator from Paris that Marguerite Bouyenval had really been asleep during the whole time. Occasionally she has hysterical cries, but did not awake after them. Other doctors have also agreed as to the genuineness of the phenomenon, and the sleeping girl of Thenelles remains a human mystery.—Paris Letter to London Telegraph.

A Girl's Marriageable Age.

The age of marriage should be determined by the understanding of both principals as to the nature of their bond. It must always seem to an older person who has had experience in observation of careers "made or marred" by marriage that the mistake is apt to be in impetuous judgment, rather than immaturity or the reverse. One has seen quite as many failures resulting from the mating of gray hair with middle age as from the nuptials of eighteen with two-and-twenty. As a general thing, indeed, young hearts seem to grow more together, to accept the inevitables of life more frankly, to be more lenient with offending for love's sake than do their elders. Old lovers who have spent their lives together in their journey through life have a rund of tenderness in recollection of their common youth that is fountain sealed at which they alone can refresh themselves. Then in youth hard knocks are borne so easily together; laughter is so apt to come after tears; hopes shared are sustaining even in disappointment! These thoughts make an early marriage sacred from the common gibes about "rushing blindfold into a pit," "tying a millstone around one's neck," "marrying in haste to repent at leisure," etc.

But materialism is the governing power of our age and society. Where certain indispensables are now lacking to a home discontent and heart-burning are so often seen lurking near.

If a young couple be sure enough of their own ability to shape their lives according to their actual means in venturing into matrimony they are blessed indeed. This is so rarely the case that a young man now holds back to let thirty find him in possession of sufficient income to pay his household bills before he dares assume the intimidating privilege of a wife.

There can be no reason against a girl marrying young if circumstances insure to her a reasonable protection against the disheartening apparition of poverty shivering behind the lamps and silver bonbon dishes of her wedding presents.

In our large cities one is called upon to attend wedding after wedding, where even in the brief glamour of excitement surrounding the pageant that glides up the aisle and back, there seems to be an almost awful suggestion of the future of the pair. The antecedents of the man met in a ballroom a few months before, unknown to the girl or disregarded by her parents; the evident consciousness of the bride as to theatrical effect; the unthinking delight of the bridesmaids in themselves; the callous indifference of the congregation to the vital issues of the scene make one sick at heart. No wonder the divorce follows so soon in the annals of so-called fashionable life.

There was never a time when the bond of matrimony was entered into more lightly, unadvisedly than now. There has never been a time when the marriage tie is treated more scoffing in speech. And it is in the hands of the parents of our land to see, by precept and example, that this wrong is righted.

When a young man, therefore, is able and fit to take a wife, when a girl is ready to understandingly assume the duty toward her husband, that should, it seems to me, be the right time to marry, and not before!—Mrs. Burton Harrison in Ladies' Home Journal.

The Real Trouble.

Mrs. Witherby—I wish you would be more particular, Henry, when you are in company.

Wethreby (savagely)—Don't you consider that I have good manners?

Mrs. Wetherby—Yes, dear; but a poor memory.

THE HAYWARD TRIAL

THE GING MURDER TRIAL ON AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Charles Blixt, the Self-Confessed Slayer of the Girl, Takes the Stand and Goes Into Details of the Crime. Blixt Breaks Down and Sobs Like a Child.

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—There was interest enough in the proceedings of the Hayward trial to satisfy the court room crowd. It began with the descriptions by Policemen Fox and Moore of the position of Miss Ging's body when found by them on the Excelsior road. The questioning of these witnesses was sufficiently minute to satisfy the most morbid-minded auditor. With the utmost insistence every detail of the appearance presented by the body as it lay there in the road was drawn out, and although most of the statements thus elicited had been already made in the newspapers, the crowd listened intently.

Mr. Erwin wanted to establish by Officer Fox the existence of tracks made by a sharp-pointed shoe in the vicinity of the body. It was stated at the time of the murder that the prints of a sharp-pointed shoe could be seen in the road, as though the wearer of such shoes had turned the buggy around. The officer described the tracks of the buggy where it had been turned, but knew nothing of the alleged footprints. There were a good many people on the ground before he got there, and a large number of tracks had been made. It would have been impossible to distinguish one from another. The questioning of Mr. Erwin in cross-examination seemed to indicate a theory on his part that Blixt had a confederate on the ground with him

When the Killing Occurred,

and that it was this confederate who turned the buggy around.

The defense is already laying the foundation for reasonable doubt. Conflict exists between the testimony of Erhart, who first found the body, and the two officers who arrived later in the patrol wagon. Erhart testified that the body lay with the right side of the face downward on the road. Fox and Moore agreed that the left side was downward. Mr. Erwin was particularly careful to establish this point of difference. It is perhaps a small matter in itself, but with many such to be used in massing the testimony the existence of a reasonable doubt may be established.

Altogether the evidence this morning made a very black showing for the accused, and the testimony elicited was not shaken in the least degree by Mr. Erwin's searching questions. There is nothing in the evidence so far to show that Hayward uttered a single sentence expressive of regret at the death he was so firmly convinced had occurred long before any one lse knew it. It showed conclusively that his sole solicitude was as to whether or not he could realize on the life of Catherine Ging.

Minneapolis, Feb. 3. — The great crowd which gathered to hear the story of Catherine Ging's murder was doomed to disappointment for the aged juror, S. H. Dyer, whose sudden illness terminated the session yesterday, was unable to appear, and the court took an adjournment until 10 o'clock Monday morning. His condition this morning was said to be improved, but his physicians advised an adjournment until Monday morning, and it was so ordered. The sickness of the juror is hardly to be wondered at, under the circumstances, for it is not to be expected that a man of his years, exceeding three score in number, should be able to resist what other frequenters of the court room find intolerable. He had complained of not feeling well for two or three days. He is suffering from an attack of indigestion, caused by the want of exercise and the bad air in the court room. Efforts will be made to give the place better ventilation.

Bullet or Blow.

Minneapolis, Feb. 6.—The Hayward case was devoid of the sensational, the testimony being entirely that of physicians and of little interest to the hundreds who crowd into the court room daily. The testimony naturally is of an expert character. The defense keeps pounding away on the poor girl's skull, its aim being to establish beyond a doubt the fact that the two fractures of the skull were sufficient to have caused death.

Dr. Nippert's testimony was that there were two well defined fractures, of equal extent and about four inches in length, which penetrated both coverings of the skull. It is plainly the purpose of Attorney Erwin to discredit Blixt's testimony, and it is thought the defense will introduce testimony to show that these fractures could have been made only by heavy blows from some instrument, delivered before the murdered girl was shot. The testimony of Blixt does not intimate that any such blows were given, and this story is in strong conflict with the expert evidence as to the nature of the injuries. The state may find it difficult to show that these injuries could have resulted either from a fall from the buggy or from the buggy passing over the body. It will probably be shown that, in case of a fall from the buggy, the fracturing of both the outer and inner plates of the skull would not have occurred. Dr. Nippert was a good witness, and had a ready response for all of Mr. Erwin's technical questions. Dr. William Russell, who was one of the few that visited the scene of murder, corroborates Witness Erhardt in the statement that the body lay on its right side. The officers, Moore and Fox, testify that it was on its left side, and they are evidently wrong. The state acknowledges that on this point they are misinformed. As to the conditions of the woman's clothes and its appearance, Dr. Russell agrees with those who have already testified. It would be inferred from the questioning of the defense that Hayward's attorneys wish to establish the fact that Miss Ging died from the blows on her skull, and that the shot, while of a fatal character, was fired to hasten the end. The attorneys for the state have nothing to say of their visits to St. Paul. Assistant County Attorney Hall has been known to make several visits to the sister city, but the mission on which he went will probably not be disclosed until given by witnesses.

Minneapolis, Feb. 7. — The mass of prefatory evidence in the trial of Harry Hayward for the murder of Catherine Ging having been cleared away, the state sprung a surprise by placing Claus A. Blixt, the self-confessed tool of Hayward, on the stand.

The state's main witness walked firmly to the desk and took the oath with hand held high above him. The attitude seemed almost one of defiance, and his facial expression detracted nothing from his impression. He mounted the witness stand and sat composedly with his hands crossed in front of him, evidently a characteristic attitude. Hayward never removed his eyes from the man, gazing intently at him, and seemingly endeavoring to read his purposes. But Blixt looked anywhere and everywhere rather than at Hayward. Mr. Nye first drew out some information as to his antecedents, and his employment as janitor by the Haywards. In answer to questions from Mr. Nye, Blixt related how for six or seven weeks before the murder Harry Hayward was accustomed to come down into the engine room and have long talks with him. Blixt pointed out the rooms on the diagram of the flats where they were accustomed to talk, and went on to say that along in November Hayward began to talk to him about doing some outside work in a newspaper case.

The Plot.

Blixt described how he had witnessed the note for $7,000 given to Miss Ging by Hayward. He said he had been instructed by Harry to say when he saw the pile of bills, "J—— C——, what a lot of money." The note was offered in evidence and was found to be dated Nov. 24, nine days before the murder. That night in the basement of the Ozark, Harry had said to him:

"I am going to kill her. I did not let her have $7,000. It was only $3,000. I am going to take her around where I have taken her before and gamble as high as $1,000 on her. I am going to take her to a restaurant and have her show the money and tell her how careless she's been.

"Afterward," continued Blixt, "he told me that he took her around to a restaurant and had her show the money and she placed it in a tumbler while she ate, and some one else told her she'd be killed for her money."

"Did he say anything more?"

"Yes, he said he was going to have her life insured and then kill her. He said he was going to drive out and find a place where there were some rocks and throw her on the rocks and then they would think it was a runaway. He wanted me to go to St. Paul and get an overcoat, a slouch hat and a revolver like the one he had. I said I wouldn't do it. One day Harry came into the boiler room with a piece of T rail about four feet long and wanted me to cut it in two. I said I couldn't do it, but a man showed me how and I did it. Harry took the shorter piece, put it under his coat and went upstairs. Afterward I showed the officers where the other piece was."

This piece of rail was offered in evidence, and identified. Blixt continued:

"He wanted me to go out somewhere and get a hitched horse. He said he would drive out somewhere with Miss Ging. He would drop some money out of the buggy, and get her to get out. Then he would strike her on the head with the T rail and leave her there and start the horse to run away. He wanted me to make a list of all the things he had in his pockets when he went, so that he shouldn't lose anything while away that would turn up against him as evidence. That was Saturday night before. The next morning he came down and asked me if I ever heard of people getting killed in elevators. I said I had. He said he would get in the elevator with her and strike her on the head, and then put her on the floor so that when the elevator started it would

Cut Off Her Head.

At this there was a low murmur of horror that ran through the assemblage which was checked by the deputy's gavel.

"I said I wouldn't do that," went on Blixt. "Hayward said that every time Miss Ging came into his room and put her arms around his neck, he wanted to stick a knife into the —— ——, so," and Blixt, with an expressive gesture, showed how Harry wanted to stab the woman.

"I said to him, 'Harry, can't you make money some other way? This is the awfullest thing I ever heard.' He said, 'You're a coward. Your conscience is hurting you. If I had her and a dog, I'd shoot her and leave the dog.' That evening he came down with her to the boiler room, and showed her things. The next morning, that was Monday, about 11 o'clock, he handed me his watch, a box of cartridges and a roll of money, and told me to hide them in a tin box, so that if he was arrested they would not be found. The watch was gold, and he said there was $50 in money there. I put it in the attic, and when I told him where I had put it, he called me a —— fool and said that was the first place they'd look for it. He said to put it in a hollow tree in the woods. He said that the money was not all good, but that some of it was green goods. He said there was going to be a funeral there before the 10th, no matter how it happened. He says: 'Of course she'll be brought here and I'll be so sorry, and I'll have to sit up all night with the corpse, and after the coroner has had his examination then I'll go East with the body.' He said he had to have $15,000 to carry out his plans in the East. He would get $10,000 out of this and he would have to make $5,000 in some other way. Late that evening he came in with a pint bottle of whisky. He said: 'Blixt, here's some whisky.' I said I did not want any. 'You —— —— fool,' he said, 'this ain't common whisky.' Then I took it and drank half of it. Then he said: 'She's got to die to-night, and you've got to help me.' I said: 'Harry, ain't you got any other way to make money than to kill that poor little girl?' He said: 'It's nothing to kill people,

I've Killed Two Other People.

He said one was a Chinaman, but he didn't say who the other was. He said he had wounded a third. I said I couldn't help him do it. He said I'd got to or he'd kill me. I didn't pay any attention to that, and then he said that he'd kill my wife. I told him: 'Whatever you do, don't hurt my wife. You can do what you like with me, but don't touch my wife.'" At the recollection of this the witness broke down utterly and sobbed like a child. At last, resuming his narrative, Blixt said:

"Finally I said to him that I would do as he liked, but he must not hurt my wife. He wanted me to sign a receipt for a revolver, but I wouldn't. He gave me six long cartridges and six short ones to put in it, and after it was all done I was to change the cartridges. Then he told me to go out Hennepin avenue to Kenwood and wait for him. When he came I was to follow him. Pretty soon I saw him coming across a lot and I followed him. Then he stopped a buggy and I came up and he told me to get into it and drive along. I got in and he said to keep our heads inside. Then he said to Miss Ging: 'This man is in the gang.' Then we drove out Hennepin and I didn't see him again until afterward.

"After awhile she asked me if Hayward was buying green goods. I told her I didn't know. She asked me what I had down there by my side, and I said it was a revolver that Harry told me to take. She kept looking out all the time and I kept thinking. It was a fight in my head all the time. I thought I would get out, and then I thought of my wife and staid in the buggy. I tried ten times to do it, and it was always fighting in my head. Finally I fired the shot. I hit her where he said I should. Then she threw her head back like this. I went on about thirty of forty yards further and then I thought I'd have to get her out. I moved her legs so, then she went out, so, and struck on her head on the wheel, and then she went over on the ground." The action accompanying this recital was most dramatic, as the witness, with uplifted hands threw his whole body forward as though falling. He then told how he returned from the scene of the murder down town and went to South Minneapolis to establish an alibi and at last returned to the Ozark.

Erwin cross-examined Blixt and used every effort to cause him to contradict himself, but without avail.

WARDS OF MINNESOTA.

State Institutions Are Increasing in Population.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—Secretary Hart today issued the following report of the population of state institutions on Jan. 31 of each year:

Institutions—	1894.	1895.
St. Peter hospital	920	966
Rochester hospital	1,148	1,152
Fergus Falls hospital	493	548
Total insane	2,561	2,666
Soldiers' home	304	364
School for deaf	222	236
School for blind	56	60
School for feeble-minded	341	431
State public school	167	176
Reform school	312	334
State reformatory	145	125
State prison	a 489	b 529
Totals	4,597	4,944
Increase	569	347

a—Indicates 100 United States prisoners from other states.

b—Indicates 65 United States prisoners from other states.

DEBS' TRIAL GOES ON.

Four Defendants Discharged but the President Not Among Them.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Four of the defendants in the Debs conspiracy trial were discharged by Judge Grosscup to-day—Dennis Larkin, Frank Dreyer, James McDonald and John Burke. The argument of the attorneys for the defense for the discharge of all of the defendants was made last night, the judge reserving his decision until today. He announced the discharge of the four men at the opening of court, reserving his answer on the discharge of Director John F. McVean and John J. Hannahan. Referring to the other eleven defendants, including Debs, he simply said to the attorneys for the defense: "You may go ahead with your side of the case."

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

LAST SESSION OF THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

A Condensed Record of the Proceedings in the Senate and House—Matters of Importance Dealt With.

Washington, Feb. 2.—A critical stage of the financial discussion was unexpectedly precipitated in the senate just before the senators were preparing to go home. Intermittent references had been made to the subject throughout the day, but it was without definite form or purpose, and the senate finally lapsed into a discussion of the District of Columbia appropriation bill. But the financial question arose incidentally, and finally Mr. Gorman launched a speech which proved to be one of the most effective he has delivered at the present session of congress. He pointed out the gravity of the treasury situation, intimating that the facts were being held back, and that an investigation would show startling deficiencies.

Washington, Feb. 3.—There was a most exciting scene in the house of representatives when Representative Breckinridge of Kentucky and Representative Heard of Missouri came to blows in the center aisle, in the middle of the hall. Representative Heard, who is chairman of the committee on the District of Columbia, became angered because the Hawaiian question was being brought forward in the time devoted to his committee, and attempted to secure the floor. The beginning of the controversy was not plain, but suddenly both members sprang toward each other, Mr. Breckinridge shouting:

"You cur, scoundrel and liar," striking at the member from Missouri a fierce blow, which missed him.

Instantly they were seized by other members, but struggled fiercely to get at each other, shouting "liar."

Mr. Pence of Colorado had Mr. Breckinridge by the throat, and Mr. McCreary of Kentucky climbed over several seats and held him by the shoulder. for three or four minutes there was a wild scrambling resembling a foot ball rush, while all the members in the house poured into the aisle and the greatest confusion reigned. The pounding of the speaker's gavel could not be heard, but Mr. Crisp's voice rang above the tumult, shouting:

"The sergeant-at-arms will arrest the members."

And then "the sergeant-at-arms will bring them before the bar of the house."

Deputy Sergeant-at-arms Isaac Hill rushed down the aisle bearing the great mace, followed by his assistants.

The two members were then brought up before the speaker's desk, two men on each side holding their arms and Representative Dockery of Missouri standing behind them. Mr. Breckinridge was exceedingly red in the face, while Mr. Heard, who is a slender man, was ashen pale and trembled like a leaf. In the course of an explanation to the house, Mr. Breckinridge practically challenged Mr. Heard and demanded personal satisfaction. Both Heard and Breckinridge were forced to apologize to the house.

All Is Lovely Again.

Later the gentlemen withdrew their remarks and shook hands. The report of the proceedings were stricken from the journal, and everything is now serene. An hour was devoted to debate on the Pacific railroad bill. A resolution was adopted calling on the president for all correspondence and information regarding the alleged aid furnished rebels in Hawaii by representatives of the British government.

The financial question again came before the senate as an incident to the consideration of the pending District of Columbia appropriation bill and Mr. Teller made an effective speech to give the suggestive warning that he would see to it that as far as the present session of congress was concerned there shall be no hasty or weak legislation on the lines now proposed. In view of Mr. Teller's recognized position as an authority among the element favorable to silver, the statement was regarded as having an important bearing on the situation.

Washington, Feb. 5. — The Pacific railroad funding bill was recommitted to the committee on Pacific railroads by a vote of 177 to 108, showing an unexpectedly large majority against the measure. This renders the status of the bill extremely precarious. Although the draft has been against the bill from the inception of the debate, its advocates were not without hope. The extent of their defeat was a great surprise to both sides.

The senate succeeded in making progress on the appropriation bills without being led into an extended financial debate. At one time it looked as though another financial discussion was imminent, when Messrs. Hale, Chandler and Aldrich made brief speeches denying the current reports that Republican senators were purposely delaying appropriation bills in order to cut off financial legislation. These senators asserted that there was no such concerted purpose, and that Republican senators stood ready to aid in advancing financial legislation. Mr. McPherson announced that the resolution discharging the senate finance committee, thus bringing the financial question before the senate, would be urged not later than to-day. Lee Mantle took the oath of office as senator from Montana. He once before presented his credentials, based on an appointment from the governor, but the senate declined to accept them. The new credentials, reciting his election by the legislature, were submitted to the senate, and the new senator, accompanied by his colleague, Mr. Power, was presented to the presiding officer's desk, where he was sworn in.

Washington, Feb. 6. — An attempt was made in the house to pass an omnibus bill for the payment of claims for stores and supplies confiscated from loyal people in the South during the war, amounting to $718,663. It excited much opposition, and especially from Pennsylvania members interested in Pennsylvania war claims amounting to $1,600,000 and not included, and the measure was defeated —95 to 148. A rule was then adopted for the consideration of the currency bill this week, after which the remainder of the day was devoted to the agricultural appropriation bill, which was passed without amendment. An attempt to reduce the appropriation for the distribution of seed failed.

The senate spent almost the entire day on the District of Columbia appropriation bill, and for the first time since the measure was taken up, it did not serve as a text for a financial discussion.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The debate on the administration bill to authorize the issue of $500,000,000 gold bonds for the purpose of retiring the legal tender and treasury notes began in the house, and continued for six hours. It developed widely divergent views at the outset. The silver Democrats and Populists opposed it outright. Some of the administration Democrats favored a substitute on the lines of the Carlisle bill, while Mr. Reed, the leader of the Republicans, after a speech charging the present trouble to the deficiency in the revenue, introduced a bill authorizing the secretary of the treasury to sell 3 per cent coin bonds to keep up the gold reserve and certificates of indebtedness redeemable at the pleasure of the government to pay current expenses until the revenues shall equal the expenditures. The issue of gold bonds, he said, would discriminate against the coin bond of the past.

The senate session opened with a very breezy personal altercation between Mr. Mitchell (Or.) and Mr. Harris (Tenn.). The words "ungentlemanly" and "contemptable" were exchanged, and for a time it looked as though the senate chamber might witness a repetition of the belligerent scene in the house last week. But the conflict assumed a somewhat serio-comic aspect and the senate soon relapsed into an uneventful consideration of routine business. The senate modified the Japanese treaty so as to provide for its abrogation on one year's notice after it goes into effect.

Planting the Standard



All hail Columbus! Behold the great navigator as he lands. The perils of the deep are past. The clouds of fear have vanished. The night of gloom has ended. In the heavens the sun of success shines resplendent. Morning has dawned.

Imperiously the banner of haughty Spain greets the daylight. Upon its fluttering folds are inscribed the destinies of a new world. Its gleaming surface marks a long advance in the evolution of the human race. It tells a story of prophecy unparalleled, of developement unapproached in the fullness of recorded time. It crowns with triumph the efforts of genius.

The World's Fair contained no finer statue of the great discoverer than this colossal figure. It commanded from its pedestal the eastern entrance to the Administration building. The majesty of its dimensions, the vigor and aggressiveness of its expression and the artistic finish of its composition made it admired as a genuine sculptural triumph.

Another Standard Proudly Displayed

at the Fair was that of

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

A Standard of Excellence for Forty Years.

It was the standard of unequalled strength, perfect purity and wholesome results. The award to Dr. Price's of highest honors at the Fair furnishes conclusive evidence of its superiority over all other baking powders.

Blanket the Horses.

Did you ever stop to think of the value of a blanket to the colt or work horse? "What a foolish question," I can hear many farmers exclaim, followed by "a blanket is only for city horses, I want my horses tough." My friend, did you ever notice how much more food it takes for you when it is cold and how much extra clothing you put on? A horse is remarkably thin skinned and in a draught of the stable or a cold stall suffers acutely. His food does him but little good when he is in this condition. Much of it passes through completely undigested and it requires at least one-third more food good judges say. Good strong blankets are cheap and will pay for themselves in the food saved in a month. Then think of the better appearance of the horse with his soft, smooth silky coat. —E. T. Ridick.

How the Wind Roars!

How the vessel tosses at sea! Reader, did you ever cross the "briny?" If so, we will bet a good cigar you were sea sick. Don't deny the soft impeachment. If you had Hostetter's Stomach Bitters with you, you were all right, otherwise not. This medicinal cordial relieves every disturbance of the stomach, liver and bowels, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble, and is highly commended by tourists and commercial travelers.

Jew the Only Correct Name.

Jews refer to the religion which the Jews profess. Hebrew refers to a language which they no longer speak, and has consequently no meaning at the present time. Israelite refers to a nation which they at one time formed, and it has at present no signification except when reference is made to the ancient nation. The Jews are a religious community, and that is all that separates them or distinguishes them from their fellow citizens. The Jews do not call themselves Hebrews. A few who do not know any better may call themselves so, but they are wrong. Those who know what is right call themselves Jews, and that is the only correct name.—Jewish Tidings.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. The original and only genuine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Cold Sores, &c. C. G. Clark Co., N. Haven, Ct.

Not Unusual.

Friend—You must make allowances for your husband's shortcomings.

Mme. the Countess, nee Gotrox—But the more I allow him the shorter he comes.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.

On the Avenue.

Hattie—Who was that you bowed so coolly to?

Marie—That's my ex-fiance.

Hattie—To what does the "ex" refer?

Marie—To the $10 he borrowed of me and never paid back.

1,000 BUS. POTATOES PER ACRE.

Wonderful yields in potatoes, oats, corn, farm and vegetable seeds. Cut this out and send 5c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., for their great seed book and sample of Giant Spurry. wnu

The Scotch Joke and Surgery.

A noble instance of Mark Tapleyism, not to say heroism, was supplied recently at the Royal Infirmary. The case was in the hands of Prof. Barlow, and was that of an iron-worker who had met with an accident. As a result of an explosion in a furnace a piece of red-hot iron four inches in length embedded itself in the man's eye and cheek, necessitating the removal of the dreadfully burned eye-ball. This done, the question arose among those present at the operation as to the nature of the metal extracted, when the patient himself, with extraordinary nerve, asked to be allowed to handle the substance, and pronouncing it to be cast-iron, quaintly added: "Better send it back to the works, or they'll be hacing me up for stealing."—Glasgow News.

Curves in Ancient Masonry.

At the joint meeting of archaeological societies held in Philadelphia December 27-29, Prof. William H. Goodyear announced his discovery of Greek horizontal curves in the Maison Carree at Nimes. This is the first observation ever made of this optical refinement in a temple of the Roman art. The measurements, facts and theories connected with them will appear in the next issue of the "American Journal of Anaeology." It is Prof Goodyear's view that all curves in architectural surfaces, whether concave or convex to the point of vision, produce an effect of dimension conditioned by the laws of curvilinear perspective and that the curves of the Maison Carree have been hitherto overlooked for this reason. At all events the measurements proving the curves to exist in the masonry construction are attested by the official architect of the City of Nimes, with whose co-operation and assistance the measurements were made. The curves differ from those of the Parthenon, being curves in plan (not in elevation), and are convex to the point of vision. The measurements also attest a perspective scheme in the intercolumnar spacings.

A Protest.

Uncle Mose—Hab I de right to be tried by a jury of ma peers?

Justice—Of course, you have.

Uncle Mose—Well, dere hain't a man of doze twelbe dat hain't los' chickuns in de las' fo' weeks, to ma certain knowledge.

Hard Lines.

Judge (to witness on the stand)—Can you write?

Witness (indignantly)—Write? Why, I am one of the charter members of the Authors' club.

Judge—Very well, make your mark then. It holds in law just as well as if you could.

Paradoxical.

Jack—I don't think I care for the New Woman.

Jess—Why not?

Jack—She is usually too old.

I cannot speak too highly of Piso's Cure for Consumption.—Mrs. Frank Mobbs, 215 W. 22d St., New York, Oct. 29, 1894.

$1,000,000 CURE

FOR RHEUMATISM.

Schrage's Rheumatic Cure

Never Failed. Pleasant, harmless. Highest endorsements. Doctors praise it. Cures where all else fails. Free investigation. True Testimonials free. Write to-day. Mail orders filled. Ten Thousand True Testimonials. Bank references everywhere. Take nothing "just as good" on which your dealer makes twice as much. Purifies the blood. No opium or mercury. A few good agents wanted.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 167 Dearborn St., CHICAGO.

Ely's Cream Balm

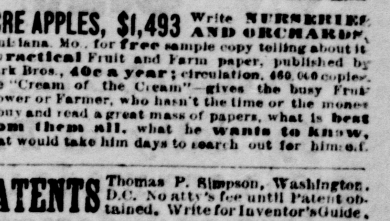
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Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.



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ACRE APPLES, $1,493 Write NURSERIES AND ORCHARDS, Louisiana, Mo., for free sample copy telling about it. A practical Fruit and Farm paper, published by Stark Bros., 40c a year; circulation, 460,000 copies. The "Cream of the Cream"—gives the busy Fruit Grower or Farmer, who hasn't the time or the money to buy and read a great mass of papers, what is best from them all, what he wants to know, what would take him days to search out for himself.

PATENTS Thomas P. Simpson, Washington, D.C. No atty's fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

AGENTS WANTED. One earned $2,000 in five years. Many over $1000 in 1894. Outfit free. P. O. Box 1371, New York.

If you have Rheumatism

Or any other pain, you don't take chances with St. Jacobs Oil, for twenty years ago it began to kill pain, and it's been pain-killing ever since.

Weak Mothers

and all women who are nursing babies, derive almost inconceivable benefits from the nourishing properties of

Scott's Emulsion

This is the most nourishing food known to science. It enriches the mother's milk and gives her *strength*. It also makes babies fat and gives more nourishment to growing children than all the rest of the food they eat.

Scott's Emulsion has been prescribed by physicians for *twenty years* for Rickets, Marasmus, Wasting Diseases of Children, Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Emaciation and Consumption.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and $1.

Special Shrinkage Sale of Clothing

BARGAINS FOR MEN.

50 SUITS And a Lot of ODD PANTS

AT COST AND LESS THAN COST.

$15 Buys a Suit Worth $22 to $25. $3 Buys a Pair of Pants Worth $5 to $6.

$5 Buys a Pair of Pants Worth $8.

Campbell & Smith.

Why do the Sales of Mahoney's Bread

Gontinually Increase?

Because all have learned that it is the Best in Brainerd. Its uniform in quality. No poor Baking done and sold at a

REASONABLE PRICE.

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OPIUM AND TOBACCO.

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Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland. } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1894 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate. H. C. STIVERS, Journal.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

J. F. McGinnis went to St Paul on Wednesday.

C. M. Patek and son, Charlie, went to Chicago last Saturday.

A fine new girl baby arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Theviot on Wednesday.

Mrs. Milton McFadden will entertain the ladies of the Eastern Star this evening.

Will H. Workman, city editor of the Transcript, was visiting Brainerd friends Sunday.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder at Dr. Ribbel's.

Mrs. A. F. Ferris and Mrs. N. H. Ingersoll went to St. Paul on Wednesday noon to visit their husbands.

Mrs. J. L. Adams, returned on Tuesday from Hamiline, Minn., where she had been visiting friends for some days.

Hon. A. F. Ferris and N. H. Ingersoll came up from St. Paul on Saturday last to spend Sunday with their families.

Frank Gordon, of Brainerd, and formerly of this city, is visiting friends and relatives here and in Oak Valley this week.—Wadena Pioneer.

About March 1st, Dresskell's jewelry store will be moved from its present location to the room on 6th street now occupied by Walter's shoe store.

There will be a platform temperance meeting at the M. E. church next Sunday evening, Judge Fleming and Hon. H. C. Stiver will be the speakers of the evening.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the First Congregational church will meet on Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 13th, at Mrs. Losey's. Gentlemen are cordially invited to supper.

Mrs. O. C. Parks, of Hamline, is in the city visiting friends. Mrs. Parks expects shortly to go to Denver, Col., where Mr. Parks recently secured a position as chief clerk in a railroad office.

The ice carnival to be given by the Chenquatana Club will be held at the covered rink next Tuesday evening. The City Band will furnish music for the occasion. A splendid time is anticipated.

The Little Helpers Society of the M. E. church will give a dime Valentine social at the residence of Mrs. C. H. Paine, Fifth street, north, Thursday evening, Feb. 14. All are cordially invited.

Mac Jones was injured while at work on the Minnesota logging railroad near Brainerd. One of his legs was badly crushed in a collision. He was brought to the St. Michael's hospital.—Little Falls Herald.

H. A. Baxter, conductor on the Little Falls & Dakota, will take a two month's vacation beginning about February 23. He will visit Honolulu and the Sandwhich Islands. It is reported that he has been in correspondence with Queen "Lilly-walk-alongy," or what ever you call her, and he may come back singing "I am King of the Cannibal Isles."—Little Falls Transcript.

Mrs. Dr. Roberts, who has been confined to her room by illness for several days, grew suddenly worse Friday evening and for a time her life was despaired of. She is resting easier today. Dr. Roberts is in England and Dr. Trace attended her. This morning Dr. A. F. Groves arrived from Brainerd and held a consultation with Dr. Trace.—Transcript.

The usual order of Sunday evening service at the Congregational church will be resumed next Sunday evening. Members of the Sunday Evening Club, will act as ushers, music by the Quartettt. The renewed furnaces are in good working order and the church will be warm regardless of the weather Subject of sermon: Our most important relationship. All are cordially invited. Come early so as to get a good seat.

About three weeks ago the mercury in the thermometers in this vicinity crawled down in the bulb and has remained there ever since. Twenty degrees below is now considered mild weather. A citizen remarked to a DISPATCH reporter this morning that it had become considerably warmer, and as it seemed much milder, a look was taken at a thermometer, and it indicated 28 below. But that is mild weather considering what we have had.

W. E. Seelye returned the first of the week from the Rainy Lake country, where he, in company with J. N. Nevers and Rudolph Hartley, of this city, are interested in several gold mining claims. Mr. Seelye anticipates great things for himself and partners. He had a specimen of quartz which he said would assay $10,000 to the ton. It contained a small nugget. On one claim they have sunk a sharft 15 or 20 feet, and then cross-tunneled some distance. He says in this claim they have a vien of gold bearing quartz five feet thick that will assay on an average $20 to the ton. They will probably put in a stamp mill in the spring. Charles Gilman, of St. Cloud, who is interested with the gentlemen, has charge of the work at the mine.

A HORRIBLE CATASTROPHE.

Two Inocent Little Children Burned to Death Yesterday at Stony Brook.

Word was brought to this city this morning by E. M. Osterland, of Stony Brook, that the residence of Nels Hanson, in that vicenity, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning, and his two little children, one a bright boy of four years and the other a baby unable to walk, were burned to death in the building. It seems that about 10 a. m. Mr. and Mrs. Hanson went out to do some work some distance from the house, but in plain sight of it, leaving the children at home. The elder child was playing about the living room and the baby was seated in a chair. While at work they heard the report of a rifle in the direction of the house. On looking in that direction they were horrified to see their home in flames. They flew home as fast as their feet could carry them, but it was of no avail, the building was a mass of flames. The charred remains of their children were found in that portion of the house where the bed had stood. The elder child must have carried the baby to the bed when he discovered the house was on fire. Mr. and Mrs. Hansen are poor settlers, and as the fire destroyed their home and all the furniture and clothing they had, they are in destitute circumstances as well as heart broken over the horrible death of their children. Mr. Osterlund, at whose home the bereaved parents are, is now in the city trying to collect sufficient clothing and money to relieve their present needs. It is needless to say that the good people of this city will respond liberably to these poor people in their great need.

Mrs. Jas. Goodman, went to St. Paul on Tuesday's train.

Miss Grace Howe has returned to Frontenac, Minn., to resume her studies.

G. H. Shaver and wife, of Mapleton, N. D., are in the city visiting relatives.

The Presbyterian church, of this city has extended a call to Rev. Hansom, of Moorhead.

The '49 club will give a calico masque ball at Gardner Hall on the evening of Feb. 25th.

Rev. S. A. Jameson, of Duluth, will speak at the men's meeting Sunday afternoon at 4 p. m. Don't fail to hear him.

D. C. Ables, of St. Cloud, who is quite well know in this city, was married on Wednesday to Miss Annie Guthman, of Chicago.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will give a Washington supper at the Y. M. C. A. parlors Friday evening, Feb. 22. Supper 25 cents.

Wm. Graham a well known musician, and brother to Felix Graham, returned to Brainerd for a vacation after a successful years engagement as solo cornettist with Madam Ericke's celebrated lady orchestra. He will play cornet with the Catholic choir while here.

Rev. Geo. West, of the First Methodist church, of this city, will make a trip to his boyhood's home in Ireland in the early spring. Mr. West's parents, who are quite aged, still reside there, and it is for the purpose of meeting them again that he goes. He will probably be gone about 6 weeks.

Last week the DISPATCH contained a notice concerning the arrest of Wm. Bredfeld for selling liquor without a license. Mr. Bredfeld, it now transpires, did only what is usually done in such cases. He had applied for a license and opened up in advance of receiving it. His arrest he considers a piece of spite work, and he will probably not be tried on the charge.

Presented Him With a Uniform.

A special meeting of Ascalon Commandry was held in the spacious quarters of the order last night for the purpose of conferring the Knight Templar Degree upon J. C. Stewart, foreman of the blacksmith shop at the N. P. shops, and transacting other important business. After conferring the degree the Eminent Commander, Rev. Geo. H. Davis, was happily surprised by the lodge by the presentation to him of a magnificent past eminent commander's uniform, the presentation speech being made by Sir Knight B. T. Hathaway. The reverned gentleman was completely surprised, but nevertheless responded feelingly to this last indication of the love and esteem of his Brother Knights. Grand Warder Richardson, of Duluth, was present for the purpose of inspecting the commandry. Nearly forty Knights were in attendance, the largest for years. After the ceremonies a bounteous supper was served in the banquet hall. Besides the Grand Warder, Sir Knights McMullen, Sovereign, McGoff, Arundel, and several others from Staples, whose names we could not learn, were present.

Rev. Davis will be missed by all classes in this community when he leaves, but by none more than the Masonic fraternity, in which he was a most active and tireless worker, and they view with deep regret his departure.

Literary Society Entertainment.

The Presbyterian Literary Society will give their monthly entertainment in the church next Tuesday evening. Everybody is invited. Admission 10 cents. The following is the program:

Piano Duet	Misses Mahlum and Merritt
Recitation	Miss Ethel Michie
Duet	Mandolin and Guitar
	Miss and Mrs. Robinson.
Recitation	Miss Ethel Fulton
Duet	Instrumental
	Miss Etta and James McPherson.
Recitation	Miss Lillie Robinson
Duet	Miss Pearl and Master Stearns
Declamation	W. G. Percy
Instrumental Duet	Messrs. Stratton and Kyle
Declamation	George Smith

All our Boots, Shoes and Slippers for men, women and children will be sold AT COST to save moving.

R. F. WALTERS.
Big "9" 6th St.

Buy your meats at C. A. Walker & Co.'s, the finest in the city.

Uncle Josh.

The Jefferson Dramatic Club presented "Uncle Josh" at the opera house last night to a fair sized audience. This is the first entertainment given by the Club, and the presentation as a whole was a decided success. The title role was impersonated by Ray Seelye in a manner that would have done credit to a professional. Mr. Seelye has remarkable talent in this line of comedy, and with experience would make his mark in the theatrical world. He seems to be perfectly at home in the glare of the foot lights, and was at all times as natural and easy as though he had had years of experience. His make-up was that of a typical Yankee farmer, and he did not over-do the part, a common failing of amateurs. A. Mattes, as "Upson Downs," the dude, was "out of sight." He impersonated the dude better than most professionals we have seen. Justin Smith, as "Count de Courville," the French villian, was excellent. His make-up was perfect, and he impersonated the character of the scheming villian in a most satisfactory manner. Charlie Wilson, as the Irish saloonkeeper, was splendid Charles has the Irish brogue "down pat," and he is a born imitator, hence the character of "Mulcahey" did not suffer at his hands. Charlie Johnson, as "Erartus," was excellent, as he usually is in any character. Joe Lyddon, as the "bunko steerer," Guy Stratton, as the "Detective," and Ed. Webb, as "Gerald Murray," were all satisfactory. Mrs. C. S. Hazen, as the heroine, "Lettie Reynolds," was charming, and Mrs. Hill, as "Mrs. Reynold," Lettie's mother, was very satisfactory considering that she had only a few days to learn the lines, and had attended but one or two rehearsals. The play was cast originally with Mrs. Arms in this role, but a severe illness prevented her appearance. Miss Bertie Robinson, as the "Old Maid," with her chances of catching a husband fast fleeing, was one of the most enjoyable characters of the evening. Of course there was some delay and drag that one usually finds in amatuer performances, but not to the usual extent. Prof. Anderson presided at the piano, and his splendid playing was one of the delightful features of the evening.

N. P. Oil Tank Destroyed.

Last Monday evening, about seven o'clock, a terrific explosion occurred that was felt in all parts of the city. A few minutes later the hoarse blast of the shop whistle and the shrill shrieks of the yard engines sounded the alarm of fire, and huge flames were seen leaping high in the air at the shops. A DISPATCH representative hurried to the scene of the trouble and found that the large oil tank in which was stored fuel oil for the stationery engine at the shops, had exploded and the oil was on fire and was burning fiercely. The fire department was already on the ground, but it would have been silly to try and extinguish the flames, so the firemen confined their efforts to prevent the fire from spreading, and in this they were successful. It was also stated at the time that John Headman, the night engineer, had been fatally injured by the explosion, but this was exaggerated, as Mr. Headman, though badly injured, will recover. He was taken to the Sanitarium as soon as possible after the injuries were received. It has since been learned that Mr. Headman opened the manhole of the tank and inserted his lantern for the purpose of seeing if oil was still running in from a car that had been unloading during the afternoon. Of course, when the lantern was thrust in the tank the gas that had generated from the oil exploded with terrific force, throwing Mr. Headman, it is reported, 80 feet, and setting the oil on fire. The tank contained 12,000 gallons of fuel oil which was all burned.

Elected Officers.

On Thursday evening last Brainerd Div. No. 7 elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

H. D. Simons—Sir Knight Captain; F. A. Farrar—Sir Knight Lieutenant; A. F. Ferris, Sir Knight Herald; C. D. Johnson—Sir Knight Treasurer; L. D. Barsch—Sir Knight Recorder.

On Friday night Feb. 15th, Col. W. W. Koons of St. Cloud, will install the newly elected officers and inspect the division. It is expected that quite a number of St. Cloud Div. No. 25 will accompany Col. Koons on his official duties to Brainerd.

Jumping Contest Postponed.

The jumping contest between J. E. Andrews, of Stillwater, and Frank Howe, of this city, for the championship of the world and a gold medal, which was to take place at the Boom Lake ice rink Sunday, has been postponed to the 16th, a week from Saturday, on account of the death of a relative of Mr. Andrews.

On Sunday, Feb. 17th, John Goederz, August Ellison, Frank Howe, and J. E. Andrews, the jumper, will skate a mile race for the championship of Northern Minnesota. All are speedy skaters, and the winner will know that he has been in a race.

The race between Mr. Blutz, the professional ball player, and Bert Chase, was a stand-off, but not at the bar, though. Each claimed the race on points, one by an ear and the other by a nose. The race was so close that three referees and two judges—not Brainerd judges—could not tell who won, so a second race has been arranged between the two skaters, which will take place a week from Sunday, the 17th. Both are now in training for the event, and each feels confident of winning. The anti-Cruelty Society will present to the winner a $25 gold medal.

***

Will E. Mowrey is prepared to engrave or manufacture anything in the jewelry line promptly and satisfactorily. The lowest prices consistent with good work. Try him. Next door to the post-office.

Good native beef, fresh killed, at Lowest Prices in the city at C. A Walker & Co's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DEATHS.

Hazel Parker, a seven-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred S. Parker, died on Saturday last of la grippe. Her remains were taken to St. Paul the next day for burial. She was a bright, winsome little child, and her death was a sad blow to her parents. They have the sympathy of their many friends in their grief.

Pearl Dickinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dickinson, who reside at No. 64, Pine street, died on Saturday, Feb. 2nd, of bronchitis, aged one year and six months. The funeral occurred on Monday, the 4th, Rev. Rowe conducting the ceremonies.

An infant son of Andrew Johnson, who lives on east Laurel street, died on Tuesday, the 5th inst.

Gracie M. Dugan, daughter of Samuel E. Dugan, who resides at Daggett Brook, in this county, died suddenly on Monday, February 4th, after an illness of only a few hours. As no physician attended her previous to her death, it is not positively known what the nature of her ailment was, but it was thought to be heart failure. Her remains were buried on Wednesday, the 6th inst. She was 17 years of age.

Hilda Jockli, aged 6 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Jockli, died of consumption on Saturday, Feb. 4th, at the residence of her parents in Southeast Brainerd. The funeral services occurred at the house on Sunday, the 3rd inst.

Louise Frost, a nine-months-old daughter of F. J. Frost, died on Saturday, Feb. 2nd, of bronchitis, and was buried on Monday, the 4th inst., the services being conducted at the German church. Mr. Frost lives at No. 181, Sixth street south.

Mr. H. J. Battles, one of the oldest residents of Brainerd, died on Wednesday, the 6th inst., of consumption. He was an old soldier, having served the government during the rebellion in the Missouri Home Guards. Five children are left to mourn his loss. The funeral services will be held tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the residence of the deceased's son-in-law, John Clarke, in Southeast Brainerd. Rev. Rowe will conduct the services.

Yesterday's Journal contains the following: Mrs. Sarah Belle Bryant, wife of W. W. Bryant, a well-known and prominent citizen of Cass county, died of consumption on Monday last, at the age of 32 years and 5½ months. The deceased was born at Miller's Creek, Kentucky, and at the age of sixteen she became a Christian, and was thereafter a devoted believer and Christian worker. At the age of nineteen she was married to Mr. Bryant, a playmate of her girlhood days. She leaves her husband and six children to mourn the loss of so good a wife and mother.

Mack's Headache powders will cure your headache. Twenty-five cents at the McFadden Drug store.

Re-varnish your buggies once a year at Congdon's.

A New Boy.

At this season of the year there is nothing like love. Isn't it beautiful to look into dark eyes and know that the heart behind them is yours. Some beautiful courting and old time flirtation with a lot of wicked villainy is to take place in this town at Sleeper Opera house on Wednesday night. A black hearted rascal has planned to marry a fascinating young "widow." She has just been appointed matron of a fashionable boys' school. The doctor who manages it also loves her and has willed her his fortune, on condition that she does not marry again. The smooth tongued rascal, who is a financial speculator, likewise wants to marry her. In that institution is a little chap who sleeps with the bully of the school, and is treated cruelly, because he is small in statue. Really, he is a man thirty years old, experienced in business, but the doctor fancies he is a son of the "widow" and he insists upon educating him and subjecting him to a school discipline. The villian has a lovely daughter, with soft, dark eyes, electricity in her hair, and honey on her tongue. She flirts with that boy until the audience holds its breath. You can hear the girls singing in the boxes, and they are resolved to go on the stage that they may make love too. The point of the play is, the boy is a married man. He is the husband of the buxom "widow" whom they are all trying to marry. When the doctor is about to lose his fortune in a stock speculation, the boy sends him an anonymous "tip" and saves him from the clutches of the villian. When the doctor discovers that the boy is a man, and the husband of the charming matron, and that he has saved him from ruin, there is the greatest scene you ever saw on any stage. The New Boy is played by Bert Coots.

"Perhaps, There, Is no factor of the present day that so represents the rapid material progress of our civilization as the luxury of modern travel. For instance, scarcely is a single home comfort missing in the completely appointed North-Western Limited. Its equipment embraces every luxury known to modern travel It is vestibuled and lighted brilliantly with gas from end to end and you can walk through it as through some stately hall of some palace. Instead of a journey being a hardship, on a train like this one, it is a fascinating recreation and treat.—The Times, St. Cloud, Minnesota.

If your watch, clock or jewelry needs repairing, take it to Will E. Mowrey, next door to post-office. Fair prices and first-class work is guaranteed.

"A Little Farm Well Tilled"

Is worth a good deal more to the owner than a big farm of 160 or 320 acres only scratched over. Send me your name and I will send you an illustrated pamphlet showing where you can get such a farm. CHARLES S. FEE, General Passenger Agent Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul. Minn.

Council Proceedings.

The city council met in regular session on Monday evening, all Aldermen being present except Ald. Smith.

Reports of the clerk of the municipal court and chief of police for months of January were read and ordered filed. Reports showed $291.90 fines collected.

Report of City clerk on electric light collections showed 701.70 collected during month of January.

Communication from Supt. of electric lights in regard to what was needed at the electric light station was read and clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for 75 cords of green jack pine wood, bids to be opened Feb. 18th.

The following bills were allowed:

Pay roll city employes	$659 13
" " electric light employes	260 30
" " street employes	6 75
" " fire department	20 00
Jula Sanborn	77 30
Elec. Eng. Co	199 43

In addition to the above a few minor claims were allowed,

Motion was made and carried that the clerk be instructed to issue an order for $2250 in payment for water power furnished the city from July 1st, 1893 to Jan. 1st, 1895.

The matter of putting in additional water wheel at electric light station was referred to the electric light committee with power to act.

Complaint having been made that hydrants were frozen, a motion was made instructing the water works committee to examine the same in company with Mr. Elder and have them placed in proper shape. Council adjourned.

Old Magazines of Y. M. C. A. Reading Rooms.

Untill Feb. 16th, sealed offers will be received for Magazines,

As soon as the new publication is rec'd, the old one will be taken from the table. The offers should be made for the year.

The following Publications are offered:

American Geologist, Century, Chautauquan, Cosmopolitan, Forum, Leslies' Illustrated News, Weekly, and Popular Monthly, Harpers' Monthly and Weekly, Illustrated London News, Illustrated American, Judge, Lippincotts, McClures', Puck, Review of Reviews, Scientific American, Scientific American Supplement, Scribners', Northwest Magazine. Leave your sealed offers with Gen. Sec. before the 16th.

Brainard's Musical World.

The February number of this popular magazine contains a large amount of choice musical reading, including articles by Wm. H. Sherwood, Emil Liebling, Robert Goldbeck and other eminent musicians. Fine portraits of Liszt, Schumann, Melba and other illustrations are given, together with four piano pieces and a beautiful new song—eighteen pages of music in all. A piano lesson by Emil Liebling, also a fine portrait, suitable for framing, is given with each number. Terms $1.50 per year, 15 cents per copy. To introduce the World to those who have never taken it, it will be sent four months on trial on reciept of 25 cents in stamps. Address, The S. Brainard's Sons Co. Chicago.

Touch up and varnish your wagons for spring trade, at Congdon's. It will save you money.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

The sweetest cakes, nicest cream puffs and those lovely doughnuts at Mahoney's.

D. M. Clark & Co., the only installment store in the city. Goods sold on easy terms.

"The Other Night I made a trip from Chicago to St. Paul and Minneapolis with my wife on the famous North-Western Limited. For the price of a section in an old style sleeping car, I secured in the Private Compartment Sleepers, as cosy a little room as was ever built inside a railroad car—not so very little either; it took up the whole width of the car excepting a narrow aisle at the side and had two large berths. I said it was cosy—it was more; it was magnificent, and we spent the evening as comfortably, and with as much privacy as if we had been in our own home. I do not put it too strongly when I say that this train is the personification of Rolling Luxury, and that The North-Western Line runs the finest trains for all discriminating Montana travelers to patronize in going East via St. Paul and Minneapolis.—The Standard, Anaconda, Montana.

If you want the finest beef in the city C. A. Walker & Co. has it—fresh killed native beef.

Consult your own interests and demonstrate your wisdom by patronizing the DISPATCH for job work and advertising. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Get your harness repaired at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Sherwood's Cough Syrup is sold on a guarantee at the McFadden Drug Store.

Sash and doors at D. M. Clark & Co's.

The Big 9

Is offering everything AT COST to reduce stock before moving. Call and see us. R. F. WALTERS,
Sixth Street.

For the Benefit of SCHOOL TEACHERS, AND LADIES

Who were unable to brave the severe weather of this week, we will continue our

Genuine Bargain Cash

Dress Goods Sale,

On Saturday of This Week.

ON AND AFTER

Monday, Feb. 4

Our system of doing business will be changed to a strictly

Cash Basis.

Respectfully,

HENRY I. COHEN.

FOR

Fine Job Printing!

Of Every Description, Call at the

Dispatch Office!

Rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper Block.

C. B. WHITE

—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE.

I. U. WHITE, Manager

A complete line of Builders' Hardware, Sash, Doors and Mouldings, Nails, Paper, Paints, Oils, Varnishes Wall Finish, Rope and Brushes.

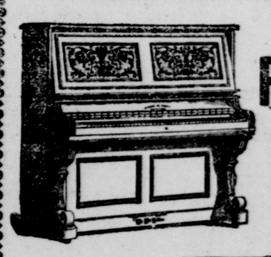
CONTRACTING & BUILDING

Guns Ammunition & Sporting Goods

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished.

All kinds of Shop and Wagon work promptly attended to.

Walker Block, Laurel St.



A FINE NEW PIANO $183. AND UPWARDS. ON EASY PAYMENTS.

Stool and Scarf Included.

AN ELEGANT ORGAN $65. AND UPWARDS. With Stool and Book.

BAND INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC, AND EVERYTHING IN THE MUSIC LINE.

These Instruments are not the inferior class so often advertised, but FULLY WARRANTED. Write for Catalogue.

W. J. DYER & BRO.

If you desire Catalogue and full information, send us a postal card addressed

DEPT. A, W. J. DYER & BRO. 21 & 23 W. FIFTH ST. ST. PAUL.

Special Shrinkage Sale of Clothing

FOR MEN.

BARGAINS

50 SUITS And a Lot of ODD PANTS

AT COST AND LESS THAN COST.

$15 Buys a Suit Worth $22 to $25. $3 Buys a Pair of Pants Worth $5 to $6.

$5 Buys a Pair of Pants Worth $8.

Campbell & Smith.

Why do the Sales of Mahoney's Bread

Continually Increase?

Because all have learned that it is the Best in Brainerd. Its uniform in quality. No poor Baking done and sold at a

REASONABLE PRICE.

THE UNION

BI-CHLORIDE OF GOLD CO.

Of Brainerd, Minn.

Cale Block, Front Street.

W. J. BAIN. Manager.

For The Cure of

The Liquor Habit

OPIUM AND TOBACCO.

Correspondence Solicited. Our business is carried on in a Strictly Confidential Manner.

J. C. CONGDON

○ ○ ○ CARRIES THE ○ ○ ○

Finest and Most Complete Line of

Wall Paper

Outside the Twin Cities

Specialty on Pressed Goods. These goods are made in a great variety of colors and designs, are printed in oil colors and are an exceedingly desirable low relief decoration for all classes of rooms.

WILL DISCOUNT ST. PAUL PRICES.

ROSTAD, BANE & CO.,

——PROPRIETORS——

Scandinavian Meat Market,

Fifth Street, Near Stratton House.

Choice Cuts Kansas City Beef.

Everything Usually Kept in a First-Class Market. Free delivery.

ROSTAD, BANE & CO

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1894 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

H. C. STIVERS, Journal.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

J. F. McGinnis went to St Paul on Wednesday.

C. M. Patek and son, Charlie, went to Chicago last Saturday.

A fine new girl baby arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Theviot on Wednesday.

Mrs. Milton McFadden will entertain the ladies of the Eastern Star this evening.

Will H. Workman, city editor of the Transcript, was visiting Brainerd friends Sunday.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder at Dr. Ribbel's.

Mrs. A. F. Ferris and Mrs. N. H. Ingersoll went to St. Paul on Wednesday noon to visit their husbands.

Mrs. J. L. Adams, returned on Tuesday from Hamiline, Minn., where she had been visiting friends for some days.

Hon. A. F. Ferris and N. H. Ingersoll came up from St. Paul on Saturday last to spend Sunday with their families.

Frank Gordon, of Brainerd, and formerly of this city, is visiting friends and relatives here and in Oak Valley this week.—Wadena Pioneer.

About March 1st, Dresskell's jewelry store will be moved from its present location to the room on 6th street now occupied by Walter's shoe store.

There will be a platform temperance meeting at the M. E. church next Sunday evening, Judge Fleming and Hon. H. C. Stiver will be the speakers of the evening.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the First Congregational church will meet on Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 13th, at Mrs. Losey's. Gentlemen are cordially invited to supper.

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The usual order of Sunday evening service at the Congregational church will be resumed next Sunday evening. Members of the Sunday Evening Club, will act as ushers, music by the Quartettt. The renewed furnaces are in good working order and the church will be warm regardless of the weather Subject of sermon: Our most important relationship. All are cordially invited. Come early so as to get a good seat.

About three weeks ago the mercury in the thermometers in this vicinity crawled down in the bulb and has remained there ever since. Twenty degrees below is now considered mild weather. A citizen remarked to a DISPATCH reporter this morning that it had become considerably warmer, and as it seemed much milder, a look was taken at a thermometer, and it indicated 28 below. But that is mild weather considering what we have had.

W. E. Seelye returned the first of the week from the Rainy Lake country, where he, in company with J. N. Nevers and Rudolph Hartley, of this city, are interested in several gold mining claims. Mr. Seelye anticipates great things for himself and partners. He had a specimen of quartz which he said would assay $10,000 to the ton. It contained a small nugget. On one claim they have sunk a sharft 15 or 20 feet, and then cross-tunneled some distance. He says in this claim they have a vien of gold bearing quartz five feet thick that will assay on an average $20 to the ton. They will probably put in a stamp mill in the spring. Charles Gilman, of St. Cloud, who is interested with the gentlemen, has charge of the work at the mine.

A HORRIBLE CATASTROPHE.

Two Innocent Little Children Burned to Death Yesterday at Stony Brook.

Word was brought to this city this morning by E. M. Osterland, of Stony Brook, that the residence of Nels Hanson, in that vicenity, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning, and his two little children, one a bright boy of four years and the other a baby unable to walk, were burned to death in the building. It seems that about 10 a. m. Mr. and Mrs. Hanson went out to do some work some distance from the house, but in plain sight of it, leaving the children at home. The elder child was playing about the living room and the baby was seated in a chair. While at work they heard the report of a rifle in the direction of the house. On looking in that direction they were hornfied to see their home in flames. They flew home as fast as their feet could carry them, but it was of no avail, the building was a mass of flames. The charred remains of their children were found in that portion of the house where the bed had stood. The elder child must have carried the baby to the bed when he discovered the house was on fire. Mr. and Mrs. Hansen are poor settlers, and as the fire destroyed their home and all the furniture and clothing they had, they are in destitute circumstances as well as heart broken over the horrible death of their children. Mr. Osterlund, at whose home the bereaved parents are, is now in the city trying to collect sufficient clothing and money to relieve their present needs. It is needless to say that the good people of this city will respond liberably to these poor people in their great need.

Mrs. Jas. Goodman, went to St. Paul on Tuesday's train.

Miss Grace Howe has returned to Frontenac, Minn., to resume her studies.

G. H. Shaver and wife, of Mapleton, N. D., are in the city visiting relatives.

The Presbyterian church, of this city has extended a call to Rev. Hansom, of Moorhead.

The '49 club will give a calico masque ball at Gardner Hall on the evening of Feb. 25th.

Rev. S. A. Jameson, of Duluth, will speak at the men's meeting Sunday afternoon at 4 p. m. Don't fail to hear him.

D. C. Ables, of St. Cloud, who is quite well know in this city, was married on Wednesday to Miss Annie Guthman, of Chicago.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will give a Washington supper at the Y. M. C. A. parlors Friday evening, Feb. 22. Supper 25 cents.

Wm. Graham a well known musician, and brother to Felix Graham, returned to Brainerd for a vacation after a successful years engagement as solo cornettist with Madam Ericke's celebrated lady orchestra. He will play cornet with the Catholic choir while here.

Rev. Geo. West, of the First Methodist church, of this city, will make a trip to his boyhood's home in Ireland in the early spring. Mr. West's parents, who are quite aged, still reside there, and it is for the purpose of meeting them again that he goes. He will probably be gone about 6 weeks.

Last week the DISPATCH contained a notice concerning the arrest of Wm. Bredfeld for selling liquor without a license. Mr. Bredfeld, it now transpires, did only what is usually done in such cases. He had applied for a license and opened up in advance of receiving it. His arrest he considers a piece of spite work, and he will probably not be tried on the charge.

Presented Him With a Uniform.

A special meeting of Ascalon Commandry was held in the spacious quarters of the order last night for the purpose of conferring the Knight Templar Degree upon J. C. Stewart, foreman of the blacksmith shop at the N. P. shops, and transacting other important business. After conferring the degree the Eminent Commander, Rev. Geo. H. Davis, was happily surprised by the lodge by the presentation to him of a magnificent past eminent commander's uniform, the presentation speech being made by Sir Knight B. T. Hathaway. The reverned gentleman was completely surprised, but nevertheless responded feelingly to this last indication of the love and esteem of his Brother Knights. Grand Warder Richardson, of Duluth, was present for the purpose of inspecting the commandry. Nearly forty Knights were in attendance, the largest for years. After the ceremonies a bounteous supper was served in the banquet hall. Besides the Grand Warder, Sir Knights McMullen, Sovereign, McGoff, Arundel, and several others from Staples, whose names we could not learn, were present.

Rev. Davis will be missed by all classes in this community when he leaves, but by none more than the Masonic fraternity, in which he was a most active and tireless worker, and they view with deep regret his departure.

Literary Society Entertainment.

The Presbyterian Literary Society will give their monthly entertainment in the church next Tuesday evening. Everybody is invited. Admission 10 cents. The following is the program:

Piano Duet	Misses Mahlum and Merritt
Recitation	Miss Ethel Michie
Duet	Mandolin and Guitar
	Miss and Mrs. Robinson.
Recitation	Miss Ethel Fulton
Duet	Instrumental
	Miss Etta and James McPherson.
Recitation	Miss Lillie Robinson
Duet	Miss Pearl and Master Stearns
Declamation	W. G. Percy
Instrumental Duet	Messrs. Stratton and Kyle
Declamation	George Smith

All our Boots, Shoes and Slippers for men, women and children will be sold AT COST to save moving.

R. F. WALTERS.
Big "9" 6th St.

Buy your meats at C. A. Walker & Co.'s, the finest in the city.

Uncle Josh.

The Jefferson Dramatic Club presented "Uncle Josh" at the opera house last night to a fair sized audience. This is the first entertainment given by the Club, and the presentation as a whole was a decided success. The title role was impersonated by Ray Seelye in a manner that would have done credit to a professional. Mr. Seelye has remarkable talent in this line of comedy, and with experience would make his mark in the theatrical world. He seems to be perfectly at home in the glare of the foot lights, and was at all times as natural and easy as though he had had years of experience. His make-up was that of a typical Yankee farmer, and he did not over-do the part, a common failing of amateurs. A. Mattes, as "Upson Downs," the dude, was "out of sight." He impersonated the dude better than most professionals we have seen. Justin Smith, as "Count de Courville," the French villian, was excellent. His make-up was perfect, and he impersonated the character of the scheming villian in a most satisfactory manner. Charlie Wilson, as the Irish saloonkeeper, was splendid Charles has the Irish brogue "down pat," and he is a born imitator, hence the character of "Mulcahey" did not suffer at his hands. Charlie Johnson, as "Erartus," was excellent, as he usually is in any character. Joe Lyddon, as the "bunko steerer," Guy Stratton, as the "Detective," and Ed. Webb, as "Gerald Murray," were all satisfactory. Mrs. C. S. Hazen, as the heroine, "Lettie Reynolds," was charming, and Mrs. Hill, as "Mrs. Reynold," Lettie's mother, was very satisfactory considering that she had only a few days to learn the lines, and had attended but one or two rehearsals. The play was cast originally with Mrs. Arms in this role, but a severe illness prevented her appearance. Miss Bertie Robinson, as the "Old Maid," with her chances of catching a husband fast fleeing, was one of the most enjoyable characters of the evening. Of course there was some delay and drag that one usually finds in amatuer performances, but not to the usual extent. Prof. Anderson presided at the piano, and his splendid playing was one of the delightful features of the evening.

N. P. Oil Tank Destroyed.

Last Monday evening, about seven o'clock, a terrific explosion occurred that was felt in all parts of the city. A few minutes later the hoarse blast of the shop whistle and the shrill shrieks of the yard engines sounded the alarm of fire, and huge flames were seen leaping high in the air at the shops. A DISPATCH representative hurried to the scene of the trouble and found that the large oil tank in which was stored fuel oil for the stationery engine at the shops, had exploded and the oil was on fire and was burning fiercely. The fire department was already on the ground, but it would have been silly to try and extinguish the flames, so the firemen confined their efforts to prevent the fire from spreading, and in this they were successful. It was also stated at the time that John Headman, the night engineer, had been fatally injured by the explosion, but this was exaggerated, as Mr. Headman, though badly injured, will recover. He was taken to the Sanitarium as soon as possible after the injuries were received. It has since been learned that Mr. Headman opened the manhole of the tank and inserted his lantern for the purpose of seeing if oil was still running in from a car that had been unloading during the afternoon. Of course, when the lantern was thrust in the tank the gas that had generated from the oil exploded with terrific force, throwing Mr. Headman, it is reported, 80 feet, and setting the oil on fire. The tank contained 12,000 gallons of fuel oil which was all burned.

Elected Officers.

On Thursday evening last Brainerd DIV. No. 7 elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

H. D. Simons—Sir Knight Captain; F. A. Farrar—Sir Knight Lieutenant; A. F. Ferris, Sir Knight Herald; C. D. Johnson—Sir Knight Treasurer; L. D. Barsch—Sir Knight Recorder.

On Friday night Feb. 15th, Col. W. W. Koons of St. Cloud, will install the newly elected officers and inspect the division. It is expected that quite a number of St. Cloud DIV. No. 25 will accompany Col. Koons on his official duties to Brainerd.

Jumping Contest Postponed.

The jumping contest between J. E. Andrews, of Stillwater, and Frank Howe, of this city, for the championship of the world and a gold medal, which was to take place at the Boom Lake ice rink Sunday, has been postponed to the 16th, a week from Saturday, on account of the death of a relative of Mr. Andrews.

On Sunday, Feb. 17th, John Goederz, August Ellison, Frank Howe, and J. E. Andrews, the jumper, will skate a mile race for the championship of Northern Minnesota. All are speedy skaters, and the winner will know that he has been in a race.

The race between Mr. Blutz, the professional ball player, and Bert Chase, was a stand-off, but not at the bar, though. Each claimed the race on points, one by an ear and the other by a nose. The race was so close that three referees and two judges—not Brainerd judges—could not tell who won, so a second race has been arranged between the two skaters, which will take place a week from Sunday, the 17th. Both are now in training for the event, and each feels confident of winning. The anti-Cruelty Society will present to the winner a $25 gold medal. ***

Will E. Mowrey is prepared to engrave or manufacture anything in the jewelry line promptly and satisfactorily. The lowest prices consistent with good work. Try him. Next door to the post-office.

Good native beef, fresh killed, at Lowest Prices in the city at C. A Walker & Co's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DEATHS.

Hazel Parker, a seven-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred S. Parker, died on Saturday last of la grippe. Her remains were taken to St. Paul the next day for burial. She was a bright, winsome little child, and her death was a sad blow to her parents. They have the sympathy of their many friends in their grief.

Pearl Dickinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dickinson, who reside at No. 64, Pine street, died on Saturday, Feb. 2nd, of bronchitis, aged one year and six months. The funeral occurred on Monday, the 4th, Rev. Rowe conducting the ceremonies.

An infant son of Andrew Johnson, who lives on east Laurel street, died on Tuesday, the 5th inst.

Gracie M. Dugan, daughter of Samuel E. Dugan, who resides at Daggett Brook, in this county, died suddenly on Monday, February 4th, after an illness of only a few hours. As no physician attended her previous to her death, it is not positively known what the nature of her ailment was, but it was thought to be heart failure. Her remains were buried on Wednesday, the 6th inst. She was 17 years of age.

Hilda Jockli, aged 6 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Jockli, died of consumption on Saturday, Feb. 4th, at the residence of her parents in Southeast Brainerd. The funeral services occurred at the house on Sunday, the 3rd inst.

Louise Frost, a nine-months-old daughter of F. J. Frost, died on Saturday, Feb. 2nd, of bronchitis, and was buried on Monday, the 4th inst., the services being conducted at the German church. Mr. Frost lives at No. 181, Sixth street south.

Mr. H. J. Battles, one of the oldest residents of Brainerd, died on Wednesday, the 6th inst., of consumption. He was an old soldier, having served the government during the rebellion in the Missouri Home Guards. Five children are left to mourn his loss. The funeral services will be held tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the residence of the deceased's son-in-law, John Clarke, in Southeast Brainerd. Rev. Rowe will conduct the services.

Yesterday's Journal contains the following: Mrs. Sarah Belle Bryant, wife of W. W. Bryant, a well-known and prominent citizen of Cass county, died of consumption on Monday last, at the age of 32 years and 5½ months. The deceased was born at Miller's Creek, Kentucky, and at the age of sixteen she became a Christian, and was thereafter a devoted believer and Christian worker. At the age of nineteen she was married to Mr. Bryant, a playmate of her girlhood days. She leaves her husband and six children to mourn the loss of so good a wife and mother.

Mack's Headache powders will cure your headache. Twenty-five cents at the McFadden Drug store.

Re-varnish your buggies once a year at Congdon's.

A New Boy.

At this season of the year there is nothing like love. Isn't it beautiful to look into dark eyes and know that the heart behind them is yours. Some beautiful courting and old time flirtation with a lot of wicked villainy is to take place in this town at Sleeper Opera house on Wednesday night. A black hearted rascal has planned to marry a fascinating young "widow." She has just been appointed matron of a fashionable boys' school. The doctor who manages it also loves her and has willed her his fortune, on condition that she does not marry again. The smooth tongued rascal, who is a financial speculator, likewise wants to marry her. In that institution is a little chap who sleeps with the bully of the school, and is treated cruelly, because he is small in statue. Really, he is a man thirty years old, experienced in business, but the doctor fancies he is a son of the "widow" and he insists upon educating him and subjecting him to a school discipline. The villian has a lovely daughter, with soft, dark eyes, electricity in her hair, and honey on her tongue. She flirts with that boy until the audience holds its breath. You can hear the girls singing in the boxes, and they are resolved to go on the stage that they may make love too. The point of the play is, the boy is a married man. He is the husband of the buxom "widow" whom they are all trying to marry. When the doctor is about to lose his fortune in a stock speculation, the boy sends him an anonymous "tip" and saves him from the clutches of the villian. When the doctor discovers that the boy is a man, and the husband of the charming matron, and that he has saved him from ruin, there is the greatest scene you ever saw on any stage. The New Boy is played by Bert Coots.

"Perhaps, There, Is no factor of the present day that so represents the rapid material progress of our civilization as the luxury of modern travel. For instance, scarcely is a single home comfort missing in the completely appointed North-Western Limited. Its equipment embraces every luxury known to modern travel It is vestibuled and lighted brilliantly with gas from end to end and you can walk through it as through some stately hall of some palace. Instead of a journey being a hardship, on a train like this one, it is a fascinating recreation and treat.—The Times, St. Cloud, Minnesota.

If your watch, clock or jewelry needs repairing, take it to Will E. Mowrey, next door to post-office. Fair prices and first-class work is guaranteed.

"A Little Farm Well Tilled"

Is worth a good deal more to the owner than a big farm of 160 or 320 acres only scratched over. Send me your name and I will send you an illustrated pamphlet showing where you can get such a farm. CHARLES S. FEE, General Passenger Agent Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul. Minn.

Council Proceedings.

The city council met in regular session on Monday evening, all Aldermen being present except Ald. Smith.

Reports of the clerk of the municipal court and chief of police for months of January were read and ordered filed. Reports showed $291.90 fines collected.

Report of City clerk on electric light collections showed 701.70 collected during month of January.

Communication from Supt. of electric lights in regard to what was needed at the electric light station was read and clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for 75 cords of green jack pine wood, bids to be opened Feb. 18th.

The following bills were allowed:

Pay roll city employes	$659 13
" " electric light employes	260 30
" " street employes	6 75
" " fire department	20 00
Jula Sanborn	77 30
Elec. Eng. Co	199 43

In addition to the above a few minor claims were allowed,

Motion was made and carried that the clerk be instructed to issue an order for $2250 in payment for water power furnished the city from July 1st, 1893 to Jan. 1st, 1895.

The matter of putting in additional water wheel at electric light station was referred to the electric light committee with power to act.

Complaint having been made that hydrants were frozen, a motion was made instructing the water works committee to examine the same in company with Mr. Elder and have them placed in proper shape. Council adjourned.

Old Magazines of Y. M. C. A. Reading Rooms.

Untill Feb. 16th, sealed offers will be received for Magazines.

As soon as the new publication is rec'd, the old one will be taken from the table. The offers should be made for the year.

The following Publications are offered:

American Geologist, Century, Chautauquan, Cosmopolitan, Forum, Leslies' Illustrated News, Weekly, and Popular Monthly, Harpers' Monthly and Weekly, Illustrated London News, Illustrated American, Judge, Lippincotts, McClures', Puck, Review of Reviews, Scientific American, Scientific American Supplement, Scribners', Northwest Magazine. Leave your sealed offers with Gen. Sec. before the 16th.

Brainard's Musical World.

The February number of this popular magazine contains a large amount of choice musical reading, including articles by Wm. H. Sherwood, Emil Liebling, Robert Goldbeck and other eminent musicians. Fine portraits of Liszt, Schumann, Melba and other illustrations are given, together with four piano pieces and a beautiful new song—eighteen pages of music in all. A piano lesson by Emil Liebling, also a fine portrait, suitable for framing, is given with each number. Terms $1.50 per year, 15 cents per copy. To introduce the World to those who have never taken it, it will be sent four months on trial on receipt of 25 cents in stamps. Address, The S. Brainard's Sons Co. Chicago.

Touch up and varnish your wagons for spring trade, at Congdon's. It will save you money.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

The sweetest cakes, nicest cream puffs and those lovely doughnuts at Mahoney's.

D. M. Clark & Co., the only installment store in the city. Goods sold on easy terms.

"The Other Night I made a trip from Chicago to St. Paul and Minneapolis with my wife on the famous North-Western Limited. For the price of a section in an old style sleeping car, I secured in the Private Compartment Sleepers, as cosy a little room as was ever built inside a railroad car—not so very little either; it took up the whole width of the car excepting a narrow aisle at the side and had two large berths. I said it was cosy—it was more; it was magnificent, and we spent the evening as comfortably, and with as much privacy as if we had been in our own home. I do not put it too strongly when I say that this train is the personification of Rolling Luxury, and that The North-Western Line runs the finest trains for all discriminating Montana travelers to patronize in going East via St. Paul and Minneapolis.—The Standard, Anaconda, Montana.

If you want the finest beef in the city C. A. Walker & Co. has it—fresh killed native beef.

Consult your own interests and demonstrate your wisdom by patronizing the DISPATCH for job work and advertising. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Get your harness repaired at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Sherwood's Cough Syrup is sold on a guarantee at the McFadden Drug Store.

Sash and doors at D. M. Clark & Co's.

The Big 9

Is offering everything AT COST to reduce stock before moving. Call and see us. R. F. WALTERS, Sixth Street.

For the Benefit of

SCHOOL TEACHERS,

AND LADIES

Who were unable to brave the severe weather of this week, we will continue our

Genuine Bargain Cash

* Dress Goods Sale, *

On Saturday of This Week.

ON AND AFTER

Monday, Feb. 4

Our system of doing business will be changed to a strictly

Cash Basis.

Respectfully,

HENRY I. COHEN.

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THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 14, NUMBER 11. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1895. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

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H. J. SPENCER, Cashier.

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SEATTLE
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Pullman Sleeping Cars
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LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 2:15 p. m. Departs going west at 2.20 p. m. daily except Sunday

No. 6 arrives from the west at 12.55 p. m. Departs going south at 1:15 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 7:55 p. m., and departs for the west at 8.15 p. m. daily.

No. 12 arrives from the West at 3:00 a. m. Departs going east at 3.10 a. m. daily.

No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at 5:30 p. m.

No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:30 a. m.

No. 54 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at at 10:00 p. m.

No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 4:15 p. m. and departs for Staples at 5:15 p. m.

No. 56 arrives from Staples at 8 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 9:00 a. m.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
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CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
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BRAINERD............ ....MINN.

ONE of the striking differences between Democratic rule and Republican rule is that the former is debt-making and the latter is debt-paying, says the St Louis Globe Democrat.

JUDGE OTIS, of Minneapolis, has decided that a husband in Minnesota is liable in money damages for any slanderous utterances of his wife. Boys, this is awful. There is but one way to protect yourself. Go muzzle your wife.

THE Hillsboro, N. D., Herald is a prohibition paper, but nevertheless the editor and typos evidently had a "jag" last week, for the copy received by the DISPATCH had the words in the head reversed and the letters turned upside down. The editor should practice what he preaches.

"THE gambling hells have again been opened and are running in full blast. The law seems to be powerless in the wild west. The Capitol should be moved to a civilized community," says the Hillsboro, N. D., Herald. The above is a great condition of affairs for a prohibition community.

THE Potter tax bill has been recommended to pass by the house committee. This bill changes the penalty on delinquent taxes from 10 per cent which is added June 1st, and 5 per cent added Jan. 1st, to 1 per cent a month after becoming delinquent. Delinquent tax payers will probably approve of the measure, but those who are in a position to know, predict that it will retard the collection of taxes.

THE trustees of the Brainerd Water Power Co., have come down from their high and lofty position. On Monday their attorney, Ambrose Tighe, telegraphed to City Attorney McClenahan that if the council would pay water power rental at the price stipulated in the contract, they would accept it. They have declared the contract void for the past year and a half, and insisted that the city pay about three times that amount for power, which the council very wisely refused to do. It was a very strong game of bulldoze but it failed to work.

THE editor of the Cass County Pioneer is crying frantically for the organization of Cass county, but unfortunately for Bro. Olliver, no one residing there wants organization except a few who expect to get fat offices, and Bro. Olliver who wants the county printing. The tax rate for the county is now less than 1 per cent, but if organized it would be greater than the rate in Crow Wing, which is over 4 per cent. This fact is known to a large majority of the intelligent settlers, hence they do not want organization. An increased levy for road and bridge purposes and a small poor fund is all that is desired, and that will not raise their levy to more than 12 mills.

Playing Cards.

Those who believe that "there is nothing new under the sun," may credit the assertion that playing cards were known among the Chinese, the Hindoos, the Arabs and the Romans long ago, but the only known fact is that they were brought out in the fourteenth century by Jacques Grigonneur, a French painter residing in Paris. It is said that they were made for the amusement of the crazy King Charles VI. The four kings were David, Alexander, Cæsar and Charles: the four queens, Angine, Esther, Judith and Pallas; the four knaves or knights, Ogier the Dane, Lancelot, La Hire and Hector de Garland. Cards seem originally to have been taken to England direct from Spain, having been probably introduced into that country by the Moors; the clubs, in Spanish cards, not being trefoils as with us, but cudgels—that is, bastos—the spades or swords, espadas. A fine article of playing cards is issued by the passenger department of Burlington Route, and fifteen cents in postage stamps, sent to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul Minn., will bring you a pack by return mail. From the same address you can obtain maps, time-table, and much other information about the Burlington system of railroads, the favorite line of experienced travelers, and the one by which you can most easily reach the more prominent cities and towns in Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, south Dakota, Wyoming, Montana, Colorado, Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa and Missouri.

Ten Acres is Enough

To the man who knows where to go for it and how to farm it. Let me know your name and I will let you know where it is and how to get it. CHARLES S. FEE, General Passenger Agent, Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul, Minn.

McCall has the best line of pocke cultery razors and scissors to be found in the city.

Have your prescriptions filled at the McFadden Drug Store.

CONGDON removes all smoke, dust, etc., and makes old paper bright as new.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 2, Sleeper Block.

"The Drive Wheel" Of trade is Success, and this is as true of railways as of business. With this thought in mind it is not difficult to account for the success of The North-Western Line—The Great Line from the Twin Cities to Chicago. The North-Western Line does the things that make Success. Success is its watchword, and this is an equivalent for palatial Train Accommodations. Voluntary indorsement of The North-Western Line is spontaneous on the part of every traveler who patronizes it.—The Tribune, Bismarck, N. D.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of the Board of Crow Wing County Commissioners Held Tuesday, Feb. 5, 1895.

Proceedings of board of Crow Wing county commissioners, meeting held February 5th, 1895.

Present, Commissioners Smith, Farrar, Patterson and Mahle.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

The following mortgages were abated for 1894, on account of same being either satisfied or assigned prior to May 1st, 1894:

N. S. Hoffman, $150.
A. G. Michie, $500.
do $1,000.
R. J. Hartley, $464.
M. Cullen, $700.
Mrs. J. McDonald, $800.
Dan Caffrey, $600.
J. W. Koop, $600.

Mrs. J. McCauley was allowed $5 for temporary aid.

Personal tax of Brainerd Brewing Co., for 1894, was abated. Erroneously assessed.

Petition of citizens of Town 45-28, to extend road, was granted, said road to be surveyed in April.

Board adjourned to 2 p. m.

Mrs. P. Brillion was allowed $5 for temporary aid.

The following bills were allowed:

Chas A. Krech, wood for poor	$3 00
Rostad, Bane & Co., meats poor farm	11 09
H. Patterson, attending two meetings	15 80
Larson & Walters, coal, court house	8 25
Koop Bros., goods for poor	9 00
Slipp Bros., goods court house	30 45
" " poor farm	3 30
James Wickham, work poor farm	2 50
Knute Olson, work poor farm	15 00
G. S. McCulloch, overseer poor farm, etc	51 00
C. D. Johnson, drugs poor farm	1 25
C. D. Johnson, drugs poor	1 35
H. Spalding, fees state cases	196 30
A. Angel, goods poor	6 85
Brainerd Dispatch, printing etc	157 25
Brainerd Dispatch, printing	17 50
W. W. Craig, goods poor	8 00
City of Brainerd, electric lights, Dec. and Feb	15 54
M. Hagberg, goods county jail	2 75
M. Hagberg, goods poor farm	26 45
M. Hagberg, goods poor	7 50
J. L. Camp, board and nursing Herman Wendt	20 70
J. L. Camp, board and nursing Jos. Meyers, December	45 00
J. L. Camp, board and nursing Nels Ohlander	20 70
A. Mahlum, recording officers bonds	13 50
Losey & Dean, coffin A. Johnson's child	7 00
Losey & Dean, coffin and burial two persons	23 00
H. Spalding, boarding prisoners	99 75
J. F. McGinnis, goods Shupe children	9 70
Ed. Clarke, clerk, Pine River.	7 20
Chas. Preston, clerk, "	7 20
Chas. L. Heath, judge and returns, Pine River	13 80
Pioneer Press Co., stationery	37 90
" " "	19 20

The following mortgages were abated on account of being satisfied:

L. N. Lowe, $150.
W. A. Fleming, $75.
" $200.
J. S. Gardner, $175.
" $195.
" $270.

An appropriation of $4 was made from road and bridge fund in favor of Nels G. Jerness for release of damages on road.

Valuation of Lot 17, Block 40, was reduced $200.

Report of overseer poor farm for month of January, was accepted.

Reports of fees received by Register of Deeds and Superintendent of Schools, were accepted and placed on file.

Personal property of L. G. Cooke was reduced $1,000 on account of loss of 23 horses.

Personal property tax of S. S. Kilvington, Cass county, for $5.86, was abated. Erroneous assessment.

The following bills were allowed:

John Stees, judge, Pine River.	$7 20
A. P. Farrar, attending three meetings	9 60
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., stationery	75
Brown, Treacy & Co., stationery	4 40
West Publishing Co., stationery	12 00
McFadden Drug Co., goods county jail	6 60
Evergreen Cemetery, seven graves for poor	21 00
Joel Smith, attending three meetings	10 20
Joel Smith, taking Shupe children to Owatonna	25 00
Henry Mahle, attending three meetings	9 60

Report of committee appointed to view road in 44-29-30 and 45-29-30, was accepted and placed on file.

Auditor was instructed to issue refunding order for $4.13 in favor of G. A. Hunt for taxes erroneously assessed in 1890.

Auditor was instructed to accept $3,000 in full payment of all taxes delinquent, and current, against Brainerd Water Power Co.

Inventory of poor farm taken January, 1895, was on motion accepted and placed on file.

Board adjourned until first Tuesday in March.

LOUIS TACHE,
Co. Auditor.

Now is the time to buy children's shoes. We have a large stock and will sell them AT COST before moving
R. F. WALTERS,
Big "9" 6th St.

CASS COUNTY PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of Cass County Commissioners—Meeting Held Monday, Feb. 4, 1895.

Proceedings of board of Cass county commissioners, meeting held Feb. 4th, 1895.

Present Commissioners Ellis and Hardy.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

Applications for liquor license of F. H. Bredfeld and P. James McKeig & A. McDonald, were read and laid over until the next meeting.

The following bills were allowed:

Geo. Gregory, corduroying road	$15 00
J. J. Ellis, attending one commissioner's meeting	11 40
G. L. Hardy, attending two commissioner's meetings	9.60

Board adjourned until 1st Monday in March.

LOUIS TACHE,
Co. Auditor.

Board of Education.

The Board of Education held its regular monthly meeting on Monday evening, with Vice President Britton in the chair. After hearing the report of secretary and treasurer and transacting other unimportant business, the board proceeded to take an informal ballot for president, M. Hagberg receiving 9 votes and Rev. Stapf 1. On motion the ballot was declared formal and Mr. Hagberg was declared elected. The following bills were allowed:

John Goedderz sawing wood	$10 00
W. D. McKay, salary 3 months	30 00
McFadden Drug Co., supplies	60
A. E. Pennell, salary and postage three months	39 15
T. C. Kerr, shade pulls	4 25
Brainerd Journal, advertising	8 62
J. R. Smith, insurance	28 80
D. M. Clark & Co., supplies	42 83
John Britton, drayage	1 00
Peter Peterson, sawing wood	10 00
Chas Britton, " "	13 50
A. Belongy, " "	3 00
E Dibble, " "	7 50
R. P. Nelson, " "	10 00
C. D. O'Brien, legal services	25 00
A. C. McClung & Co., library books	77 54
St. Paul Book & Stationary Co., library books	32 48

The board is evidently getting shy of funds for the finance committee was instructed to make a loan for the next teachers' pay roll. The secretary was instructed to ascertain what amount can be secured from state for library books.

Mr. Keene was appointed a member of finance and repair committeee by the president. Board adjourned.

The New Boy.

Everybody will be glad to know that the funniest play produced in London is to be here at Sleeper Opera house next Wednesday night. It is called "The New Boy." It has crowded more theatres and made more people laugh than any attraction since Artemus Ward. A wild, harum scarem school boy, with whom all girls are in love, is discovered to be the husband of the beautiful matron whom the proprietor wants to marry. The boy proved himself too "smart" for them all. He out-wits the villian of the play, wins the gratitude of the doctor, and carries off his wife in triumph, yet the top of his head is scarcely to her shoulder. His voice is thin and piping, but he is a winner and a terror. Bert Coots plays the chief role

Wall paper at D. M. Clark & Co's

(First publication Jan. 11.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.

Charles Scott, Plaintiff,
vs.
N. W. Wheatley, Defendant.

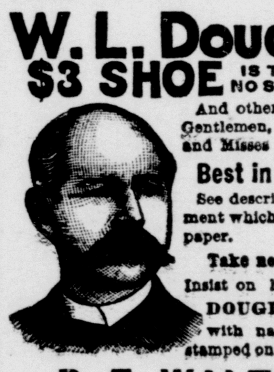
The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in said County, within 20 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three hundred, nine and 27-100 dollars ($309.27) with interest, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated, September 7th, A. D. 1894.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 8, Bank Block Residence 5th Street.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

R. F. WALTERS.

When the Late Czar Was a Boy.

While Alexander III of Russia was still only the young heir to the throne he was called to pass in review, by his father's side, a number of the high dignitaries of the empire. As official after official passed by the hated German termination of names in "berg" betrayed their origin. At last Alexander II pronounced a purely Russian name in "off." He was surprised to hear a sigh of relief from his son, who remarked audibly, "There's one, at any rate."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Different.

Hicks—I do detest a flatterer!

Wicks—Yes, so do I. By the way, I saw Watkyns talking with you just now. He's one of the worst flatterers I know of anywhere.

Hicks—Yes. I know he is, but he wasn't flattering me. He was only telling me how charming he thought my last book of poems.—Somerville Journal.

In the French Style.

"What sort of a stew do they serve at your boarding house?"

"Oh, it's a good deal like a fresh novel—rather tough, but very well done."—Cincinnati Tribune.

TO AN ENGLISH FRIEND.

An American Writer Reveals Some of the Inside Workings of Our National Life.

Yankee ways of thinking and doing are revealed by an American signing himself Franklin Eastman in a letter published in The Atlantic and addressed to an English friend. He says that some of the English folk who are warm friends misunderstand us almost as badly as the old Tories. You seem to think the United States are peopled by a set of philosophical radicals, whose true place is on the Liberal benches behind John Morley. Your writers of this school know we are a separate nation, but they are persuaded that it is a nation of philosophers, right out of Plato or Sir Thomas More.

Mr. Howells has a charming story where a girl from the practical but still visionary "west" thinks Boston is peopled with reformers, who revolve around the abolitionists as bright stars. She is amazed to hear talk an agreeable young gentleman of Boston who never met these people in society, and as far as he had heard of them looked upon them as dangerous eccentrics. Now, some of your highly educated thinkers seem to regard the average American as largely occupied with reading or writing treatises on the philosophy of government, coming down in a long catena from Jefferson, and as much concerned with conventions, and, referenda. My friend, we did that once for all when we started, and, though no doubt such things are talked of more than they used to be 20 years ago, we are in the mass anything but a set of theorizing radicals. We are very conservative, very humdrum, much attached to existing machinery, especially in politics, and with a great distrust of utopian and ideal schemes. Custom is almost as great a tyrant with us as in your Indian dominions. Eager as we are for novelties in dress and buildings, we are hard to stir from our accepted ways of letting ourselves be governed, even when these are tangled and muddy. Our philosophers complain that their speculations do not make the impression they ought on most of their fellow citizens, who are engaged in the mere work of living. I suspect England is a good deal nearer female suffrage than we are.

When Professor Brice was last here, he rushed off from all his friends to see what he considered the intensely interesting spectacle of a constitutional convention in the state of Kentucky, an institution to which he had given much space in his very valuable book. I do not believe that at this hour 20 members of congress outside Kentucky know whether the results of that convention were adopted or not. We can get half as big a vote again on the pettiest election when the choice is between persons as when the people solemnly vote "yes" or "no" on a question of organic law.

No, my old friend, we are not English provincials; we are not half civilized pioneers; we are not utopian radicals; above all, we are not naughty boys and silly girls; we are not anything that you have decided we must be. There is one liberty we claim as our English birthright—the liberty of being illogical when we please and succeeding or failing according to our own ideas of working out our own problems, whether they are yours or not.

Novel Use For Women's Jaws.

Among the Eskimo a novel use has been found for woman's jaw. Says Mrs. Peary in her book, "My Arctic Journey:" "The native method of treating the skins of all animals intended for clothing is first to rid them of as much of the fat as can be got off by scraping with a knife. Then they are stretched tight as possible and allowed to become perfectly dry. After this they are taken by the women and chewed and sucked all over in order to get as much of the grease out as possible. Then they are again dried and scraped with a dull implement, so as to break the fibers, making the skins pliable. Chewing the skin is very hard on the women, and all of it is done by them. They cannot chew more than two deerskins per day and are obliged to rest their jaws every other day."

Taken at His Word.

"What! You charge 50 pfennig for these neckties? Why, they are not worth a fraction more than 30 pfennig."

"All I can say is, if you can get me some at that price I'll take any quantity of them," said the shopkeeper.

"Very glad to hear it. I am a traveler in ties and will take the liberty to book you for a hundred dozen."—Humoristische Blatter.

Indian Corn.

Botanists say that the Indian corn is a grass of the tribe of phalaridæ; that the leaves are linear lanceolate and pubescent, with a short ligule; that the inflorescence is monœcious; that the pistillate flowers are crowded on the rachis; that the ovary is bifid, and that the withered glumes and palet remain on the rachis. And if you do not know all about the subject now it's your own fault.

Count Mirabeau, the father of the French revolutionist, got along so pleasantly at home that during his married life he took out no less than 52 lettres de cachet against his wife and her people.

At Poitiers, in 1356, 80,000 French were defeated by the Black Prince with less than 50,000 men. The French king, John, was captured and his army completely routed.

Wheat can be grown in the Alps at an elevation of 3,600 feet, in Brazil at 5,000, in the Caucasus at 8,000, in Abyssinia at 10,000, in Peru and Bolivia at 11,000.

Cape Mendocino, in California, took its name from that of a Spanish viceroy. The name was given in 1542 by Cabrillo.

The natural life of an elephant is said to be 120 years. It is, however, greatly shortened by captivity.

HOARY HUMOR IN INDIA.

Archaic Jokes That Still Serve to Make the Sons of Ind Smile.

It is characteristic of India that it does not produce what the western mind regards as humor, either the old or the new. In the circumstance that the latter order is not forthcoming we may doubtless find matter for congratulation on both sides, and it may be that even as far as the former is concerned the fault lies rather in the western than in the eastern mind. Although the oriental takes life seriously, it requires little to move him to that emotion, which, almost alone, among other emotions, is the prerogative of humankind. In the native theater fun of the grimmest kind brings down the house equally with farce of the broadest, but it is at least doubtful if humor is at the base of either. The sense of incongruity is present plainly enough, but it is hardly such a "pleasing unexpectedness" as would fit the English essayist's definition of humor's chief ingredient. Nor is there humor, save of an exceedingly dubious kind, in the folk tales told for the thousand and first time by the village story teller beneath the banyan tree. Even among the eastern ancients humor is rare, though caustic wit and a certain grim pleasantry are common enough. For one story like the "Three Truths" we get a dozen like the "Tree That Was Coveted." Most people will no doubt best remember these stories in the "Gesta Romanorum," but their origin is indubitably Sanskrit. Anyhow they will bear retelling.

The first relates to a certain ruler who decrees that any malefactor who was brought before him should be put to death unless he could declare three truths. This seems to have been an excellent way to keep down the population, for it is recorded that there were very few who passed the test. But on one occasion an outlaw was brought up, and claiming to be tried declared as the first truth that he had been a bad man from his youth up. The judge passed it as accurate. On the second truth being demanded the outlaw declared that he did not like the situation in which he then stood. That also passed the test. "Now for the third truth," cried the judge. "Why," said the man, "if I once get out of this confounded place, I will never willingly enter it again." He was acquitted. Of the second story many modern versions are current, notwithstanding or perhaps by reason of its hoary antiquity. A man called his neighbors to him and bewailed his fate in that he was growing in his garden a fatal tree, on which his three wives in succession had hanged themselves. "Well," said one of his friends, "I'm surprised that you should weep at such good fortune. Give me a few sprigs of that tree, and I'll share them among my neighbors." He gave his friend the sprigs and ever afterward found that tree the most productive part of his estate.

There is the still older story of the fisherman who asked 100 stripes on the bare back as the price of a basket of choice fish and explained to his astonished patron that the door porter refused him access unless he promised that he should have half the proceeds of his sales, and the more modern but essentially Indian tale of the maiden who feared that a certain man would kiss her if she approached near him. The man was leading a goat, carrying a rooster under one arm, a bucket in his hand and a measure of corn on his head and was walking with a stick. Naturally in these circumstances he was indignant at the girl's suggestion and pointed out how impossible it would be to kiss her against her will, loaded as he was. "Ah," said the artless maiden, "but you might stick the stick in the ground and tie the goat to it, put the bucket over the fowl and the corn on top of the bucket, and then you might kiss me against my will." And of course it all fell out as she said, but the poor man himself would never have thought of such a thing if she had not suggested it.—Times of India.

Dr. Holmes' Revenge.

When "The Last Leaf" was published by Oliver Wendell Holmes, a critic attacked it savagely and cruelly. Dr. Holmes, though importuned by friends, did nothing in revenge. He waited for time to avenge him, which time did liberally. The critic fell upon evil days and ended his existence with suicide. The only morceau of personal revenge which good doctor allowed himself was to cut out the paragraph about his enemy's career and paste it in his scrapbook on the same page which contained the original criticism and the announcements of the successive editions of the poem. This was a mild revenge, but even this was unworthy of Dr. Holmes.

A Plot That Failed.

O'Toole—There, begorra, I've tied Barry's goat on the railroad thrack, and that train comin ull kill um.

Goat—Now, if I hadn't swallowed Mrs. Hoolihan's red petticoat yesterday, I couldn't have coughed it up to flag that train.—Kate Field's Washington.

A Wonderful Western Moss.

One of the most wonderful specimens of vegetable life known to the botanist is the "life moss" of Jamaica, Barbados and other of the West Indian islands. There are several species of tropical plants which have remarkable tenacity of life, but the "life moss" and the story of its vitality are almost beyond belief, its powers to live under adverse circumstances being certainly beyond that of any other known plant. It appears to be absolutely indestructible by any means except by immersion in boiling water or the application of a redhot iron to its roots and branching vines. It may be cut up and divided into infinitesimal particles, and then the very smallest shred will throw out roots and soon grow and form new branches and buds. Specimens of this extraordinary plant have been suspended in the air in a dry, hot room; they have been placed in close, airtight dark boxes, without moisture of any sort, and yet they lived [illegible]

Legal Notices.

(First publication Jan. 11.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Twenty-One Dollars, Interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joel W. Billings, a single man, Mortgagor, to George W. Thayer, Mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 22nd day of December, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., in Book "E" of Mortgages, on Page 423, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The East half of the Southwest quarter and the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter, of Section Twenty-Six, and the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty-Two, all in Township Forty-three, Range Thirty-One, in Crow Wing County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, on the 27th day of February, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Twenty-One Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-Five Dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 10th, A. D. 1895.

GEORGE W. THAYER,
Mortgagee.
LINDBERGH, BLANCHARD & LINDBERGH,
Attorneys,
Little Falls, Minnesota.

(First publication Jan. 11th)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Six Dollars, Interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Trefle Jewett and his wife, Maggie Jewett, Mortgagors, to George W. Thayer, Mortgagee, bearing date the 12th day of May, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1893, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Book "E" of Mortgages, on Page 468, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The Northwest quarter of the Northwest quarter of Section Twenty Two, and the Northeast quarter of the Northeast quarter, and Lot One in Section Twenty-One, and Lot Four, in Section Sixteen, all in Township Forty-Three, Range Thirty-Two, in Crow Wing County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, on the 27th day of February, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Six Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-Five Dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 10th, A. D. 1895.

GEORGE W. THAYER,
Mortgagee.
LINDBERGH, BLANCHARD & LINDBERGH,
Attorneys,
Little Falls, Minnesota.

(First publication Jan. 11.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, executed and delivered by Edward Jewette and Mary Jewette, husband and wife, Mortgagors, to Lombard Investment Company, Mortgagee, dated the 11th day of January, 1889, and with the power of sale therein, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of February, 1889, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Book "I" of Mortgages, on Pages 332, 333, 334, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Lombard Investment Company, to William S. Neal, by written assignment, dated the 11th day of March, 1889, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of January, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book "N" of Mortgages, on Page 150, and,

Whereas, Pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and in default of said mortgagors so to do, said William S. Neal paid general taxes levied on the premises described in said mortgage, in the sum of $18.20, and,

Whereas, [illegible] there is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice on account of said mortgage and the debt secured thereby, including the sum so paid for taxes, the sum of Four Hundred Dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, and the said premises will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County and State, on the 27th day of February, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of sale, and the sum of Twenty-Five Dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

The East half of the Northwest quarter of Section Twenty-Two, in Township Forty-Three North, and of Range Thirty-Two, West of the Fourth Principal Meridian.

Dated January 10th, 1895.

WILLIAM S. NEAL,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
LINDBERGH, BLANCHARD & LINDBERGH,
Attorneys,
Little Falls, Minnesota.

(First publication Jan. 25.)

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss

In Probate Court, special term, Jan. 19th, 1895.

In the Matter of the Estate of Anna E. White, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Frank A. White, administrator of the estate of Anna E. White, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 11th day of February, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the County Court House, in said County.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this ordered once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.

Dated at Brainerd, the 19th day of January, A. D. 1895.

By the court.
(Seal.) MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

[First Publication Feb. 1st.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } District Court, 15th Judicial District.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BRAINERD, Plaintiff,
vs.
N. W. WHEATLEY AND THOMAS HALLADAY, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at his office at Brainerd, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, within 20 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you and each of you for the sum of nine hundred dollars ($900) with interest thereon from the 27th day of June, 1894, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated Sept. 10th, A. D. 1894.

W. A. FLEMING,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 8, Bank Block, Residence 5th Street.

A. L. McDONALD,
Backus, Minn.
Dealer in
Hats, caps, Mitts, Moccasins, Boots, Rubbers, Mackinaws, Pants and Overals. Groceries, Drugs and Patent medicines.
Pioneer House and Livery Barn in Connection.
Lowest Prices for Everything.
Time Checks Cashed at Bank Rates.

M. HAGBERG.
Wholesale and retail
GROCER,
HAS A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.
M. HAGBERG,
Odd Fellows' Block.

C. D. JOHNSON,
DRUGGIST,
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Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

Thomas A. Edison says he would be happy if he could break himself of smoking. He might quit for awhile and see how that would work.

Germany's young emperor may be all right when he speaks of "My army," but his reputation for modesty would be improved on this side of the Atlantic if he would take the German nation into partnership.

Joseph Cook has taken up the subject of the Armenian massacres, and his powerful relation of the facts in the case will intensify the feeling of horror in all just and humane minds aroused by the barbarity and cruelty of the Turks.

Felix Alder of the New York Ethical Society, recently speaking on the subject of the "Public Schools," said the school was the child of democracy. Education in the past was for the few, not for the many.

Mrs. Newell Case of Battle Creek, Mich., has twins born in different years. One came into the world at 11:55 p. m., December 31, 1894, and the other at 12:05 a. m., January 1, 1895.

The salary of the president of France is $1000 per day, Sundays included. We would just like to see the cabinet —or the window, either—that could jolt us out of such an office as that!

John A. Logan, Jr., has offered to donate a tract of 100 acres west of Youngstown, Ohio, to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics for a site for the order's national home for widows and orphans.

James B. Church of Tiverton, R. I., a man fifty-two years old, bathed in the river near his home on January 3 at 4 o'clock in the morning. He likes that sort of thing and does it frequently.,

Col. J. Eugene Jarnigan of South Carolina has been appointed United States consul at Ruatan, Honduras. It is difficult to understand how he succeeded in keeping that name out of congress.

By the death of M. De Giers Russia has lost one of its ablest statesmen. For a long time he took a prominent part in conducting the foreign affairs of Russia, and it may be said that the wise management of foreign matters during the reign of Alexander the III was due in the main to him.

It was mentioned at the reunion of the Mosby men in Virginia last week that their commander invented his own tactics, and that the only formal order he ever gave was "Go for 'em." In spite of these defects Mosby was considered a military nuisance by the men in blue.

The other evening while Miss Hannah Green was at a party she paused in the midst of a dance. She had tried to speak to her partner, but found that she could not utter a word. She has been unable to speak since. A few days ago Miss Mollie Tindolph, a cousin of Miss Green, suddenly lost all use of her lower limbs.

From the manner in which the New York newspapers describe the reeking, filthy tenement houses in that city and the vile disease-soaked abodes of vice and squalor, it is evident that a fierce and extensive conflagration is about as badly needed as better government. Desperate cases require desperate remedies, and fire is a great purifier.

Berlin, Hamburg, Trieste and iVenna were connected by telephone over 900 miles of wire a few weeks ago, and Copenhagen will soon be taken into the circuit. As the Danish capital already telephones to Northern Sweden, 850 miles distant, the conversaticnal possibilities in Europe are becoming interesting.

The English are reported to have given a 'friendly intimation" to Japan that the British fleet wil not permit Japanese war-ships to enter the river leading to Nankin. One trouble about opening up communication with Mars is that the planet would probably be found to be within the sphere of British influence.

Casimir-Perier's mother a well preserved lady of 80 years of age, takes a very active interest in French politics. She has been closely connected with the leading events in France for several generations, and her mind is stored with facts and incidents of great value to the historian. She disapproved of her son's resignation.

The Cook gang recently held up an editor and after robbing him of $4, made him promise not to print anything about them in his paper. This distinct invasion of the rights of the press involves constitutional issues and justifies the calling out of federal troops. We, as a profession, don't mind the $4 but we will not be dictated to.

Some men live too long. Mr. Charles Villiers the Nestor of the British Parliament is 93 years old. He entered parliament in 1835, and has represented Wolverhampton without a break for sixty years. He was one of the leaders in the fight for the repeal of the corn laws. His brother was the Earl of Clarendon, who was Foreign Secretary during the Crimean war and in Mr. Gladstone's first administration.

Yale has taken the lead in resolving to eliminate gambling from football and other athletic contests, but how it is to be done still remains a mystery. Open pool selling in the vicinity of the games can be stopped, but it will be impossible to prevent private betting or the selling of pools in large cities. The most effectual preventative would be the cessation of inter-collegiate games and confining the playing to practice games among students of the same educational institutions.

A report is going around that Lord Wolseley's great claim to the respect of the British army lies in the fact that he has never been beaten. We believe that is true, but then it is added that, like Lord Napier in the Abyssinian war, he went through the Soudan campaign without a single reverse Is not that a mistake? We do not believe that Lord Wolseley was even in the Soudan. Soudan was wrested from Egypt twelve years ago. It probably has reference to his campaign against the Zulus.

PITH OF THE NEWS

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The Latest and Most Important News of the World, Culled From the Telegraph Reports of the Press Associations.

Washington.

The president has approved the urgent deficiency bill.

The Bennington is at Mare Island under orders to sail. She will undoubtedly go to Guatemala as soon as stores can be taken on board.

From the result of a canvass made by the international revenue bureau it is believed the income tax will yield $50,000,000.

The Chinese minister"s ball at Washington was as usual, a riot. Twelve hundred persons crowded in though but 400 invitations were issued.

A substitute for the Reilly Pacific railroad bill, which provides for management by a government commission when default is made, was offered in the house.

Commissioner Miller of the government revenue department has prepared a notice, copies of which will be posted in every city and town, calling attention to the provision of the income tax law.

The controller of the currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent national banks as follows: Five per cent, Stock Growers' national Bank of Miles City, Mont.; three-sevenths per cent, Spokane Bank, of Spokane Wash.

The house committee on public lands yesterday voted to favorably report the resolution introduced by Representative Caminetti, of California, to stop issuing patents to land grant railroads until congress has taken action for the classification of the lands, into mineral and non-mineral.

Personal Mention.

William Rufus Perkins, professor of history at the Iowa university, died in Erie, Pa.

Emil Schurman, one of the best known men in Alabama, fell dead from apoplexy in Mobile.

Asa G. Ross, a well known citizen, died at Coldwater, Mich., of heart disease, aged eighty-one years.

The will of Peter Wooden of Plainfield, N. J., bequeathed $150,000 to Alfred university, the Seventh Day Baptist college of Alfred Center, N. Y.

Elder Aaron Cummings, for forty years a prominent worker in the United Brethren church, died in North Manchester, Ind., aged about seventy.

Col. E. W. Northcott of Linneus, Mo., died in his seventy-eighth year. He was lieutenant colonel of the Seventy-fourth Illinois infantry in the late war.

The Hon. J. J. Ingalls, ex-United States senator from Kansas and John L. Sullivan, ex-champion heavyweight prize fighter, have met and, according to witnesses of the meeting, are the best of friends.

Thomas E. Heenan of Minnesota is in Washington. Mr. Heenan is United States consul at Odessa, Russia. He was appointed during the first Cleveland administration and held over under Harrison.

Joseph M. Layne, one of the most prominent educational men in Indiana and well known in Illinois and Ohio educational circles, has been taken from Anderson to a private sanitarium at Indianapolis. His nervous system is shattered ,and paralysis is feared.

Unfortunate Events.

Eli Yarian of Goshen, Ind., was killed by a falling tree.

Harvel, Ill., near Hillsboro, suffered a loss of $6,000 by fire Friday night.

One man was killed and five others injured in a trolley-car collision at Wilkesbarre, Pa.

Gabriel Thomas was run over and killed in the Burlington yards at Hannibal, Mo.

Fire did $50,000 damage to the Mechanics' Institute containing the public library of Montreal, Can.

Leroy Bush, aged 10, and his brother Willie, aged 9, were fatally burned by gasoline at Logansport, Ind.

John A. Miller, a potter from Hamilton, Ohio, was drowned at Marshall, Illinois.

Mrs. Theodore Englemann of Mascoutah, Ill., fell on a slippery pavement and was injured perhaps fatally.

Joseph W. Smith a brakeman on the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus railroad was killed at Akron Ohio.

An elevator owned by the Omaha Elevator company, burned at Barneston, Neb. Loss, $8,000; fully insured.

Bush Anderson, a professional skater, had his feet frozen while walking from Franklin to Jeffersonville, Ind. They will be amputated.

Eleven trained ponies and thirty-five educated dogs, in winter quarters at Bloomington, Ind., were burned to death.

At Franklin Grove, Ill., the postoffice and two other buildings were destroyed by fire and other houses damaged.

Mrs. Louis Lane was burned to death at Zanesville, Ohio. She was sitting before the fire when her clothing was ignited.

Edward Van Orman, an employe of the Ellsworth Lumber company., near Petoskey, Mich., fell into boiling water and died a few hours later.

The American hotel at Elmore, O., and several other buildings were destroyed. Two servant girls were fatally injured.

Miner Winfield, a negro hermit across the Missisippi from Moline, Ia., was found partly frozen and mutilated by rats and died soon after.

The 8-year old daughter of William Lans of Oberlin, Ohio, poured gasoline on the kitchen fire and was fatally burned. Her mother was badly burned and the house destroyed.

Criminal Doings.

W. H. Busher of Monmouth, Ill., a young poultry dealer has disappeared, and foul play is feared.

Four Mexicans are under arrest at Santa Fe, N. M., charged with murdering a stockman and burning his body.

Rev. Benjamin F. Bolton was arrested at Findlay, Ohio, charged with forging the name of his wife and her mother to notes for a large amount.

Ex-Mayor J. Hull Davidson and Editor Charles C. Moore engaged in a street fight at Lexington, Ky.

Pugilist Fitzsimmons has given $10,000 bail to answer to the charge of killing Con Riordan.

John W. Miley, of Galesburg, Ill., is accused of forging the names of business men to notes for large sums.

Fred Hoffman, deputy county clerk of D county, O. T., is reported to have been killed by bandits near Taloga.

John Fingerstine, a peddler, was killed by John Usery, in a quarrel near Shelburn, Ind.

Morris O'Connor, county surveyor, was arrested at Albia, Iowa, on a charge of selling whisky unlawfully.

Michael S. Considine, an ex-saloonkeeper well-known in the "Tenderloin" of New York city, shot and fatally wounded John J. Malone, a broker.

At Hinton, W. Va., M. F. Wykoff and Fred Nihoof, an engineer fought with pistols last night, and Nihoof received a fatal wound.

Jesse Plowder and Jesse Williams a negro soldier at Fort Robinson, Neb., fought over a disreputable white woman and Plowder was stabbed to death.

Rev. Benjamin F. Stutsman was arrested at Goshen, Ind., charged with entering a schoolhouse and insulting a teacher.

John Bevins, aged 65 was taken to the penitentiary at Anamosa, Iowa, on a ten years' sentence for the murder of Patrick O'Donnell.

Vincent Little, aged 22, was arrested at Elkhart, Ind., charged with the murder of Johathan Rumbocker, a few weeks ago.

Louis Robb was convicted of attempting to assassinate Mayor Hobbs, of Benton Harbor, Mich., and sentenced to fifteen years at hard labor.

Miss Gertie McLellan committed suicide at Benton Harbor, Mich., by taking poison. Ill health and despondency are supposed to have caused the act.

The body of Irwin Meyers, a farmer residing near Springfield, Ill., was found by the roadside. It is supposed that he detected trespassers on his land and was killed by them.

E. A. Gogg, was arrested at Wabash, Ind., charged with embezzeling $5,000 from the dry goods firm of Hollis Bros. Fogg asserts the discrepancy in his accounts will prove to be clerical errors.

William Whittington, son of ex-Sheriff Whittington, was severely injured while resisting arrest at Columbus, Ind. He attempted to give a dance in his saloon, which was running without a license.

Inquest on the body of Rebecca Land, the woman found dead in her room in the McLean building, St. Louis, strengthen the theory that the woman was murdered with robbery as the motive.

Foreign.

Drift ice has stopped traffic in the Rhine and other German rivers.

Count Herbert Bismarck has been promoted to the rank of colonel.

The czar has assigned 50,000 roubles to be alloted yearly as pensions for scholars and authors.

The French cabinet has decided to accord the remains of the late Marshal Canrobert the honors of a state funeral.

Leprosy has broken out at Konigsberg and Memel, in Eastern Prussia, and the disease has been officially declared to exist in these districts.

M. Shishkin, who was assistant to the late M. De Giers, Russian minister of foreign affairs has been appointed to succeed the latter temporarily.

A proposal has been submitted to the council of the empire for the establishment of a permanent Russian legation at the Vatican.

Trouble is imminent between France and San Domingo growing out of the seizing by the latter of the funds of a bank.

Premiers of the various colonies attended an enthusiastic meeting at Melbourne in behalf of Australian federation.

A sentry on duty at the military laboratory in Berlin shot and killed a suspicious looking man who was loitering about the premises.

Henri Rochefort, editor of L'Intransigant, who is now in exile in England, will return to France when the senate has adopted the amnesty bill.

A decree has been issued prohibiting the publication or transmission of anything but official news of the revolt in the Republic of Colombia.

In a letter to the army, Emperor William ordered the guns and standards which took part in the war with France to be decorated with oak leaves.

It is stated that the issue of a Chinese government 6 per cent gold loan of £3,000,000 fully secured on the revenue of the imperial maratime customs, has been virtually arranged.

The court of cessation has confirmed the judgment of the court of Erz'pghjaln rendered on Nov. 5, by which twenty-four Armenians were condemned to death.

The government of Sweden and Norway has signified its willingness to allow its minister at Washington to serve as a member of the Venezuelan claims commission.

Eighteen Italian anarchists of Lugano, one of the capitals of the Canton of Ticino who have been engaged in smuggling anarchist literature into Italy, have been expelled from Switzerland.

General.

The Norfolk, Ohio, electric light plant will be sold at public auction to satisfy creditors.

Collieries of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre company will be shut down, throwing 8,000 men out of employment.

Peter P. Powell, boot and shoe dealer at Springfield, Ill., failed; assets, $22,000; liabilities, $18,000.

A train load of ore valued at $1,000,000 left the Independence mine at Cripple Creek, Col., for Denver.

Frank J. Grove, a Springfield, Ohio, jeweler has not been heard from since he went to Chicago three weeks ago.

The first Croation church in the country was dedicated in Pittsburg by Bishop Phecan.

Hendricks Bros., of Harvel, Ill., dealers in general merchandise, failed for $5,500.

New York bankers and financial men approve of the president's message.

Omaha has been flooded with bogus silver dollars so finely counterfeited as to deceive even the bank tellers.,

The coal operators of Massillon, Ohio, will reduce the retail price Feb. 1 to $3 a ton.

A plan to create an Episcopal archbishop, who shall be located at Washington, is being favorably considered.

A letter from the Mafia demanding $2,000 has been received by a wealthy Italian resident of New Orleans.

Mayor Pingree was refused a hearing at a mass meeting in Detroit to consider proposed legislation. A riot was barely averted.

Refusal of the tonnage men to accept a cut has caused the shutting down of the Joliet plant of the Ilinois Steel company.

The strike in the Byron Noyes shoe factory at Haverhill, Mass., was settled, the firm signing the arbitration agreement submitted by the strikers.

The British ship Linlithgowshire put into San Diago, Cal., and brought a peculiar story involving the death of two of her captains.

The Woolen Manufacturing company of Lacon, Ill., closed down, throwing 100 expert employes out of work. The company is solvant.

J. W. Hoffman, Jr., of Aurora, Ill., has begun suit to establish his title to most of the land on which Hebron, Ind., is situated.

Two important dry goods firms, Rossi & Marcellina of Florence and Coen & Marco of Terni, Italy, have suspended. Both have extensive foreign relations.

Two hundred miners' families at East Granville, Ohio, who having been quarantined because of scarlet fever, are without food and work, have sent out a request for help.

The iron mills at Niles, Ohio, will start up at once and the tin mills will resume soon. There is more employment there than at any time for two years.

John H. Sullivan, sixteen years old, shot and killed William Flynn, a miner, aged twenty-three, on the street in Leadville, Col. Flynn was accused of enticing Sullivan's sister from home.

Amalgamated association men in Youngstown, Ohio, rejected the proposition of the iron manufacturers to start their mills on a scale of wages based on a $3 a ton rate for puddling.

The Aetna Standard Iron and Steel company of Martin's Ferry, Ohio, and the Licking Rolling Mill company of Covington, Ky., have accepted the compromise tin scale and will start up at once.

The St. Louis Merchants' exchange yesterday adopted resolutions recommending to congress the early enactment of a law covering the propositions of the president in his financial message.

Henry Houten was found dead on the railroad track south of Grand Rapids, Mich. He was reported to belong to an old and wealthy Holland family. He regularly received a remittance of $50 a month from Holland.

The organizers of the Brooklyn Storage and Warehouse company, the $30,000,000 combination on which is largely to control the warehouse business of New York port, met to-day to complete the transfer of the new corporation of the various properties involved.

The fifty-two singers in the Della Fox Opera company and many other passengers on a Vandalia train were stuck for a half hour in the bridge tunnel at St. Louis. Several of the women fainted and there was much excitement among the entombed passengers.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

WORK OF THE MINNESOTA LAW. MAKERS.

Condensed Report of the Proceedings in the Senate and House, Comprising a Brief Summary of the Week's Business.

St. Paul, Feb. 2.—Senator Day, the new lieutenant governor, called the senate to order, Gov. Clough having handed over the gavel and assumed the duties of governor.

Senator Howard's bill relative to the employment of minors is a rather sweeping measure and appears to be aimed particularly at the employment of messenger boys after 6 o'clock at night. It provides heavy penalties for employing minors about saloons, gambling places or any place where liquor is sold, or for employing minors in mines, factories, etc., or A. D. T., telephone and other similar establishments between 6 p. m. and 7 a. m.

Senator Reishus got a bill in the senate this morning which raised the age of consent to 18 years. It attracted attention from the start, as the ladies began to inquire for the bill as soon as it was read.

Senator Wing's bill prohibits the whistling by traction engines on the public highways, and requires them to stop before meeting horses.

Senator Peterson's bill amends the law governing the insane hospitals. It allows the board of managers to make improvements without advertising for bids, and changes the commitment law in a number of respects, the old law having been declared unconstitutional.

Senator Roverud introduced a bill providing that where there has been a continuous travel in a certain place for six years without objection from the owner of the property, said road shall be a public highway.

Senator Spencer introduced a bill for a soldiers' relief commission. It provides that judges of probate shall appoint the commissioners.

The senate this afternoon went into committee of the whole and recommended the following bills to pass:

A bill for an act to amend sections 1 and 4 of chapter 76 of the General Laws of 1883, concerning mutilated, lost and destroyed bonds, orders and warrants.

In the House.

Bills introduced in the house to-day were as follows:

Mullen, to amend existing laws relating to the formation of farmers' mutual fire insurance companies.

Robbins, concerning chattel mortgages and other liens upon grain and for the protection of mortgages.

Reeves (by request), to amend existing laws to prevent debtors from giving preference to creditors.

Parker, to amend the constitution so that the permanent school fund may be loaned to aid in the erection of school buildings.

Soule, to amend existing laws and permitting the barbed wire fence to answer the definition of a legal fence.

Christenson, to amend existing laws so as to exempt 100 instead of 50 bushels of grain from execution.

Feig, to promote practical forestry and to appropriate $2,500 to the Minnesota Forestry Association to raise trees for free distribution on the prairies.

Sampson, to provide for maintenance of track scales at all stations by railroad companies.

Tallman, to amend the penal code so as to make Sabbath breaking punishable as misdemeanor.

The senate confirmed all the appointments recently made by Gov. Nelson, except those of Dairy Commissioner Anderson and Labor Commissioner Powers. Other names may now be sent in by Gov. Clough.

St. Paul, Feb. 3.—The committee on elections reported to the house in the Furlong-Allen contest, in favor of allowing Furlong, the contestee, to hold his seat. The report of the committee was not adopted, but made a special order for Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock, and at that time, in accordance with the statute, the two sides of the case will be heard by the house and a verdict rendered by a vote of the members. The committee report sets forth that the committee decides that Furlong is entitled to his seat because insufficient notice by the contestant, Allen, and that, though Allen appears to have a plurality of two votes, yet the evidence to that end is very conflicting and unsatisfactory.

The most interesting thing in the senate was the fight on the committee on legislative expenses. When this committee was appointed, no one suspected that it would ever be charged with extravagance, and there was general surprise when the committee yesterday afternoon decided to favor clerks for committees that in the past hardly knew what a clerk was. The senators seemed to know what had been done by the committee, for the report had not even been read when Senator Wyman moved that the report be referred back to the committee. Senator Greer and others wanted certain matters exempted, they being pet resolutions, of course. This did not wark, however, and after a more or less lively discussion, in which retrenchment and reform talk came from unexpected directions, the motion of Senator Wyman to refer the report back carried practically unanimously.

In the House.

The house, after hearing committee reports, managed to summon enough energy to pass four bills. One of them was Baston's pest house measure. As was expected the bill sailed serenely through on the high tide of a majority —counting every vote in the house but two—Hartshorn and Robillard. The bills were as follows:

Staples, an act to amend chapter 14, General Laws 1889, relating to sale of tobacco.

Johns, an act to amend section 30, chapter 34, General Laws of 1878.

Cant, an act to regulate and define the powers of park commissioners of cities.

Baston, an act to prohibit the establishment of pest houses in certain cases.

The following bills were reported from committees; H. F. 64, to appropriate for a deficiency in the land department of the auditor's office, H. F. 184 offered as a substitute; H. F. 24, Johns, relating to compilation of laws, recommended to pass as amended; H. F. 85, Vogel, issuing of liquor license, recommended to pass as amended; H. F. 170, to form and organize drainage districts, recommended to pass; H. F. 48, sale of liquor prescribed within a mile of the fair grounds, recommended to pass; H. F. 47, to prevent transfer of liquor licenses, and relaing to their issuance, recommended to pass.

All these bills were given their second reading and will take their place on general orders.

In committee of the whole; Roverud, to legalize certain acts of village councils, relating to highways, etc., was recommended to pass; Gutterson, to amend chapter 13, General Statutes 1878, relating to public highways, as amended by Kendall and Gutterson, was recommended to pass.

Among the bills introduced: Knutson, to establish a state normal school at Crookston, provided such city donate to normal school board ten acres of land and said school be not built before 1897; by Mansfield, to provide for the collection of taxes in installments, one-half on June 1 and one-half on Dec. 1; by Robbins, to provide for treatment of inebriates, by counties.

St. Paul, Feb. 5—The following bills were introduced in the senate:

Howard—To legalize the record of certain deeds and mortgages, and defining the force and effect thereof.

Howard—To prevent debtors from giving preferences to creditors, and to secure an equal distribution of assets.

Masterman—To provide for the punishment of persons injuring or destroying dams, booms and similar structures.

Sheehan—To amend section 5, chapter 81, General Statutes 1878, providing for filing of notice of foreclosure of real estate with the register of deeds.

Sheehan—Defining the liability of fire insurance companies in certain cases.

Masterman—To provide for the punishment of persons for falsifying the scale of logs and lumber.

Theden—To regulate the practice in civil cases before the justice of the peace. Courts of conciliation provided for.

There was no business transacted in the house.

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—Among the most important bills introduced in the senate were the following:

To authorize county commissioners to issue bonds to aid in the construction of roads and bridges, the amount of bonds not to exceed 1 per cent of assessed valuation.

To provide for holding political conventions and elections.

To amend chapter 204, general laws 1893, to authorize cities to issue bonds for certain school purposes.

To amend section 7, article 7, of the state constitution, relating to judges of gfrgfgrdk ıpu i mfrfoodowdwod xz probate and requiring such judges to be learned in the law.

To amend chapter 62, general statutes 1878, relating to divorce laws.

To appoint a committee consisting of three members of the house and two from the senate to confer with similar committee appointed by the legislature of North Dakota to confer upon the subject of some suitable legislation to secure lower freight rates on grain and coal. Passed under suspension of the rules.

The chief clerk reported a number of bills that had been passed by the house.

In the house the following bills were introduced:

To provide for the issuance of certificates of indebtedness by cities of over 10,000 population.

To amend chapter 204, general laws of 1893, allowing cities to issue bonds for certain purposes.

To prohibit the sale of cigarettes, cigars or tobacco to pupils attending schools.

To prevent corrupt practices in election and to provide for publicity of and to limit election expenses.

To amend chapter 10, laws of 1887, relating to common carriers and creating ther ailroad and warehouse commission.

Providing for the annual revision and establishment by the state rail road and warehouse commission of the tariffs of rates, fares, charges and classifications of all common carriers of the state.

Mr. Van Sant announced the appointment of the following special committees: To investigate discrimination of railroads in matters of rates, Messrs. Nash, Barta, Pest, E. E. Smith and Reeves.

To investigate exorbitant express charges, Messrs. Foss, McKenney, O'Reilly,, J. M. Smith, and Rice.

To investigate rates on fuel and coal conjointly with acommittee from the North Dakota legislature, Messrs. DeLaittre, Shell and Hartshorn.

Committee reports received recommending to pass: S. F. 80, to appropriate certain money for public schools; S. F. 28, providing for the transfer of the school text book fund to the reserve fund; H. F. 178, exempting 100 bushels of wheat instead of fifty; H. F. 58, relating to grain inspection, was recommended to be indefinitely postponed.

On the calendar S. F. 109, by Roverud, to legalize certain acts of village councils relating to highways, was passed, as was also H. F. 98, by Staples, to amend existing laws relating to roads, and H. F. 61, Guttersen, to amend existing laws relating to highways.

Losing Hold on Life.

She then and there lost her hold upon life. She was poisoned and must die. She was as sure of it as a Chinamen who has seen an eagle, and who recognizing that his hour is come, calmly lies down and breathes his last by the mere suspension of volition. In old countries the lower orders, as a rule, have but a low vitality. It may be true to say that the vital volition is weak. Let the learned settle the definition. The fact is easily accounted for, During generations upon generations the majority of European agricultural populations live upon vegetable food, like the majority of Eastern Asiatics, and with the same result. Hard labor produces hard muscles, but vegetable food yields a low vital tension, so to say. Soldiers know it well enough. The pale-faced city clerk who eats meat twice a day will outfight and outlast and outstarve the burly laborer whose big thews and sinews are mostly compounded of potatoes, corn, and water.—"Casa Braccio," by Marion Crawford in the Century.

NEW ISSUE OF BONDS.

A Loan of $100,000,000 May Soon Be Announced.

New York, Special.—Assistant Treasurer Curtis conferred with New York financiers and representatives of foreign bankers to-day, and later returned to Washington. It is confidently expected in financial circles here that a new issue will be announced within a few daws, and that the amount of the loan is generally estimated at $100,000,000. It is known that the foreign banking interests have expressed themselves in favor of a 4 per cent bond; hence it is believed that long term fours will be issued at a price which will yield the purchasers one-half per cent. There is excellent authority for saying that Mr. Curtis was vested with authority to do more than ascertain the views of the New York bankers.

A Failure.

New York Special.—Brouwer & McGowan have announced their suspension on the stock exchange. The liabilities amount to about $400,000, principally due to the shrinkage of securities in manufacturing and other corporations in which the firm is largely interested.

Hershfield Once More.

Helena Mont., Special.—In the district court the famous Hershfield case has taken another turn. The sult of Mrs. Aaron Hershfield against L. H. Hershfield and wife for $75,000 damages for alienating her husband's affections was set for hearing March 11. It promises to be almost as celebrated a case as the trial at Fargo.

Had Seen Many Changes.

Kenosha, Wis., Special.—Capt. John E. Tuttle, the oldest mariner hereabouts, died last night, aged 82 years. He sailed the first grain schooner on Lake Michigan.

NEWS BOILED DOWN.

Items of General Interest Placed in a Few Lines.

The national convention of St. Patrick's Alliance of America opened at Elizabeth, N. J., to-day.

Capt. James M. Lewis, a retired army officer dropped dead at Wichita, Kan., from heart disease.

Over 300 negro emigrants from Georgia passed through San Antonio, Tex., to-day on their way to Mexico.

The village of Leipsic, Putnam county, Ohio, had its business section burned out. The loss is $85,000, with insurance covering one-third.

Allowing for depreciation the lost steamship Elbe was worth $300,000. She cost $725,000. The North German Lloyd company insures itself.

Frank Selmer of Kansas City, the common law husband of Lillie Hobart, is mysteriously missing, and so is $1,440 in gold belonging to his wife.

The Bodman leaf tobacco warehouse at Cincinnati caught fire in a mysterious way and is now in ruins, nothing but the walls standing. Loss, $60,000.

In an insurance case just decided by the circuit court of appeals at Kansas City death by suicide is declared to be cause for not paying a Masonic policy.

At Sheffield, Mo., while Mrs. George Slitzel was away her home caught fire and Maggie and Henry, aged respectively one and three years, were cremated.

Rev. A. H. Coit, D. D., rector of St. Paul's school, is dead at Concord, N. H. For eight years Dr. Coit was a trustee of Trinity college. He was 64 years of age.

Gen. Reys, with 3,000 government troops, recently attacked the rebels at Honda, Colombia, and defeated them. Of the rebel force Gen. Aldano and ninety men were killed.

HARDWOOD MEN.

Hold Their Annual Meeting in the Mill City.

Minneapolis, Feb. 6.—The annual meeting of the Northwestern Hardwood Lumbermen's association was held to-day at the West hotel. This body is made up of manufacturers and dealers in other than pine lumber at Minneapolis and St. Paul and points in Central and Western Wisconsin and Minnesota. Its object is the advancement of the interests of the trade, and its meetings have little of a general interest. About seventy-five gentlemen were in attendance to-day at the business meeting, which opened at 3 o'clock. The reports of President W. C. Bailey, Secretary J. Newton Nind and Treasurer C. B. Brooks were read and showed the organization to be in good condition. Some matters relating to change of grades were discussed. It was expected that the old officers would be re-elected.

A TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

WHICH RECALLS A FAMOUS MURDER OVER A DECADE AGO.

Jim Nutt, Who Killed Lawyer W. W. Duke at Uniontown, Pa., for Seducing Nutt,s Sister, Fatally Shoots a Woman and a Hired Man in Kansas.

Atchison, Kan., Feb. 7.—Jim Nutt, made famous for killing Lawyer W. W. Duke in Uniontown, Pa., over a decade ago because he seduced Nutt's sister, is dying from wounds inflicted early this morning by Mrs. John Payton, who committed the act after Nutt, in a drunken rage, had fatally shot her. Neither can live. Leonard Coleman, a hired man who attempted to save Mrs. Payton's life, is lying seriously wounded, having received a bullet from Nutt's revolver, but will recover. The crime was most horrible and unprovoked. The prominence of the families concerned make it most sensational.

The Nutts and Dukes were at one time prominent politicians in Pennsylvania, while Coleman, who was 27 years of age originally came from New York, where he was well known. Fourteen years ago W. W. Duke, a prominent lawyer in Uniontown, was killed by Nutt for having seduced Miss Nutt. Before that the Nutts and Dukes were at war a good deal, and during one of the several encounters Duke killed Nutt's father. He was acquitted, however, the plea being self-defense. When young Nutt came to be tried he was also promptly acquitted, the trial creating a great sensation at the time. Shortly afterward he moved to Kansas, near where his present farm is situated, and managed his mother's farm. He was considered a good citizen and became prosperous. Until two years ago the Paytons worked for Nutt, living on his farm. Their relations became strained, however, and the Payton family, consisting of the parents and five children, rented a farm eight miles from Nutt's place from Mrs. A. H. Bradbury.

Payton has been away from home most of the present winter cutting ice, during which time Nutt renewed his acquaintance with the family. Nothing out of the way was discernable in his conduct, however, until last night, when he went to the Paytons at a late hour under the influence of liquor. Payton was absent, and Coleman, the hired man, was the only other man on the premis s. Nutt, who had been on a week's spree, was not in a pleasant mood, and told Mrs. Payton to get him some supper. Mrs. Payton complied, and, scenting trouble, she quietly got the children from the room. As he ate Nutt became more abusive toward Mrs. Payton, and seemed to be turning mad. When he finished eating he deliberately drew his revolver, and, pointing it at the now thoroughly frightened woman, cried:

"I'm going to shoot you." Before she could make a move he had carried his threat into effect and sent three bullets into her body. The noise attracted Coleman, who rushed into the house with an ax in his hand. The instant he entered Nutt leveled his weapon at him and fired. Two shots struck the would-be rescuer. He fell to the floor and for a time lay unconscious in the blood that poured from his wounds. In the meantime Mrs. Payton, with a superhuman effort, had raised herself from the floor and secured the ax. Nutt had become weakened now, and literally sank in his tracks. Rushing to the place where he lay, the woman, her wounds bleeding profusely and herself weak from excitement and loss of blood, rained blow after blow upon Nutt's head. Not until her victim's head was a mass of jelly and she too weak to longer wield the ax did she desist. Then she sank to the floor unconscious Both will die.

The Motorman to Blame.

Milwaukee, Feb. 7.—The testimony of witnesses in the inquest on the victims of the Kinnickinnic street car accident, in which three lives were lost, tended to show that Motorman Kennedy was to blame. Robert Scott, of the fire department, who was a passenger and jumped before the car fell, swore that Kennedy was looking under the car when it made the plunge. The investigation will be continued to-morrow. The nine persons who were rescued are suffering a great deal from the shock they received by being dropped into the water when the thermometer registered 15 below zero. Some of them have received permanent injuries, and all are in bed.

Starved to Death.

Sioux City, Feb. 7.—D. Harrison of Emporia, Neb., is here soliciting aid for sufferers. He says there is eighteen families in that section on the verge of starvation. A Mrs. Pearson, living north of Emporia, died the other day, and it is almost certain she starved to death.

Eaton Decision Reversed.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 6.—The supreme court reverses the Grand Forks district court decision in the Eaton disbarment proceedings and dismisses the case. Eaton is said to have gone insane since the decision against him by the district court.

Earthquake in Norway.

Christiana, Norway, Feb. 7. — Dispatches received here from Molde, Aalsund, Bergen and Christiansand report that at all these places earthquakes were experienced this morning. No damage done.

Bevington Acquitted.

Sioux City, Feb. 7.—County Attorney T. F. Bevington was to-day acquitted of the charge of conspiracy in the county boodling cases.

Wisconsin Agricultural Society.

Madison, Feb. 7.—The state agricultural society concluded its business session to-day. The mid-winter meeting at which addresses, papers and discussions on agricultural topics are the order, opened with addresses by Gov. Upham and President Hubbard, of the society. The business session was devoted to receiving reports and the election of superintendents for the various departments. The retiring superintendents made many recommendations for improvements at the state fair grounds in Milwaukee.

A Foreign Loan.

Washington, Feb. 7. — The cabinet was in session to-day. It is understood that almost the only subject of discussion was the pending bond issue. Several prominent New York bankers are here, among them J. Pierrepont Morgan, and while they have neither seen the president or Mr. Carlisle, it is understood their views on the situation were conveyed to the president to-day. The purpose of the administration, it is understood, is to place the entire issue of bonds with London bankers.

Against Tinsley.

Washington, Feb. 7. — The senate committee on postoffices and post roads to-day reported adversely the nomination of Alfred D. Tinsley, who was named for postmaster at Sioux Falls, S. D. It has been a long contest in which Senator Pettigrew has made a vigorous fight against the appointee.

A WOMAN'S NERVES.

THE STORY OF A WOMAN TO WHOM NOISE WAS TORTURE.

Prostrated By the Least Excitement—Physicians Baffled By Her Case.

[From the Gate City, Keokuk, Iowa.]

Mrs. Helen Meyers, whose home is at 3515 Vernon avenue, Chicago, and whose visit to Keokuk, Ia., will long be remembered, was at one time afflicted with a nervous malady which at times drove her nearly to distraction. "Those terrible headaches are a thing of the past," she said the other day to a Gate City representative, "and there is quite a story in connection with it, too. "My nervous system sustained a great shock some fifteen years ago, brought on, I believe, through too much worrying over family matters and then allowing my love for my books to get the better of my discretion where my health was concerned. Why, whenever my affairs at home did not go along just as I expected, I would invariably become prostrated from the excitement and I would consider myself fortunate indeed if the effects of the attack would not remain for a week. I was obliged to give up our pleasant home not far from the Lake Shore drive, because I could not stand the noise in that locality. I could find no place in the city which I deemed suitable to one whose nervous system was always on the point of explosion. To add to my misfortunes my complexion underwent a change and I looked so yellow and sallow that I was ashamed to venture from the house at all.

"'Madam,' said my doctor to me soon after an unusually severe attack of the malady, 'unless you leave the city and seek some place of quiet, you will never recover.' So I concluded I would visit my uncle, who lives in Dallas county, Iowa, and whose farm would surely be a good place for one in my pitiable condition. I picked up the Gate City one day and happened to come across an interesting recital of the recovery of some woman in New York state who was afflicted as I had been. This woman had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I thought that if Pink Pills cured that woman they might do the same for me. I began to take the pills according to directions and I began to feel better from the start. After I had taken several boxes of them I was ready to go back to Chicago. My nervousness was gone and my complexion was as fresh as that of any 16-year-old girl in Iowa, and Pink Pills is what put the color in my cheeks. No wonder I am in such high spirits and feel like a prize fighter. And no wonder I like to come to Keokuk, for if it had not been for Pink Pills bought from a Keokuk firm I would not be alive now," laughingly concluded the lady.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 50 cents per box, or six boxes for $2.50.

THE SUBJECT OF FEEDING.

Learn to Live on as Little as You Possibly Can.

The vast majority of people are absolutely wrong on the subject of feeding, writes Sir B. W. Richardson in Longman's Magazine; they think that rich and luxurious people, feeding on the richest and most luxurious foods, are the most fortunate and healthy people. I assure you it is just the reverse. I am the director of an insurance company and am often obliged to form an estimate of the commercial value of life. If, then, two persons of the same age and constitutional build come for calculation as to the monetary value of their future lives, and if one be rich and luxurious and the other be competent and frugal, frugal even to abstemiousness, I would value the life of the frugal person as 20 per cent at least better than that of the rich and luxurious person.

Dives dies in plenty, Lazarus in poverty. Do not die like Lazarus if you can help it, and do not die like Dives if you have the opportunity, but find the happy condition, easy enough to find if you determine to learn how on least food you can do the most and best work. Never eat until you are satiated; never eat in the day one heavy meal, but divide your food into three light meals, equally distributed as to time and quantity; eat slowly, take small mouthfuls; masticate, or chew, your food well; touch your food with your fingers as little as possible; do not cry out for animal food more than twice a day at most; have all animal food well cooked and do not forget fruit as food.

In Queen Elizabeth's time the orange, the golden fruit of the Hesperides, might find its way to the queen's table, but such fruit was indeed scarce. Joints of meat were cut up with the frill of paper round the end of the joint to hold by, forks being unknown, and her royal subjects, a short-lived race, knowing little how to make the most of life in the matter of feeding and drinking, suffered from diseases which were of the most avoidable as well as objectionable character. We, fortunately, live in a different reign; we have fruit galore and have clean forks instead of dirty fingers to raise our food with, two advantages equally sweet and wholesome, though so different in kind.

He Drew the Line at Monkeys.

A Philadelphia young man's best girl sent him for a Christmas a beautiful woolen monkey that was as large as life and twice as natural. With much cunning she bribed the housemaid to attach it to the top of the doorway opening into his room by means of an elastic piece of rubber, so that Jocko would bounce up and down in a life-like way at the slightest jar. About midnight the young man returned home, and as he reached the door of his room his head hit the monkey and set it to jumping vigorously. By the faint light from the street he dimly saw the outline of the beast, and with a wild yell he rushed down stairs and shut himself up in the parlor, where the night was passed on the sofa. In the morning he gained sufficient courage to face the mystery, but when he saw what it was that had frightened him he swore a blue streak and his "best girl" is now minus her yellow jacket and peacock feather—in other words, the engagement is broken.—Boston Herald.

Warming Milk in Winter.

The success in making winter butter with a Junt butter flavor by means of a bacillus is very suggestive. It is possible that such bacillus always exists in milk made from wholesome feed, though it may be more abundant when cows are fed on fresh grass in summer. The breath of a cow at pasture at that season is pleasantly fragrant, and this fact has been recognized by those close observers, the poets. Warming the milk in winter to a temperature of 120 degrees to 130 degrees makes the cream rise more quickly, churn more easily, and improves the quality of the butter. If the milk is heated too much the butter will be soft as it is in summer, and the quality will also be impaired.

No Use for Them.

Col. Julep—There were two dishes on the table I didn't touch.

Col. Nipper—Which were those?

Col. Julip—The olives and water; I've no use for such things that call for an acquired taste.

The Modern Invalid

Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly acceptable in form, purely wholesome in composition, truly beneficial in effect and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physician; if constipated he uses the gentle laxative, Syrup of Figs.

To Prevent Water Pipes Freezing.

Down in the cellar you will find spigots at the end of each pipe, where the water can be completely shut off. You know that when a pipe bursts it is because the water in it has frozen and, of course, expanded in the freezing and broken the pipe at the weakest point, so that if the water is shut off altogether there is nothing to freeze. Only do that, however, when you think the frost is going to be severe. Ordinarily just let the water drip a little, because running water is less apt to freeze, and if it does the slightly open faucet gives it room to expand.

No Style There.

Little Miss Brickrow—We're livin' in a very stylish and exclusive boarding house.

Little Miss Backcourt—Huh! You can't make anybody believe that.

"Why not?"

"You're too fat."—Street & Smith's Good News.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Enjoyed the Information.

Visitor—I hope your teacher is always willing to answer questions and give information outside the regular lessons?

Little Boy—Yes, sir.

"I am glad to hear that. You enjoy it, don't you?"

"Yes, sir; 'specially when she informs me that I can go out."—Street & Smith's Good News.

The Boss.

"So you are married, Mary?"

"Yes."

"And you're your own mistress now."

"My own mistress (with a sigh). I'm more of a slave than a mistress."

"What! Is your husband a tyrant?"

"No, I've got a hired girl."—New York Press.

202 BUS. DANVERS YELLOW ONIONS

Were grown by John L. Rath, East Saginaw, from one pound of seed. This tremendous yield, at the rate of 1,048 bushels per acre, Mr. Rath says was only possible because he used Salzer's seeds. We understand that Mr. Salzer's seeds are the earliest in the world, especially his beets, carrots, cabbage, cucumbers, onions, peas,corn, radishes, tomatoes, etc., and that he sells to market gardeners and farmers at lowest wholesale prices.

If You Will Cut This Out and Send It with $1 money order to the John A. Salzer Seed company, La Crosse, Wis., you will get free thirty-five packages earliest vegetable seeds and their wonderful catalogue, or for 13 cents in stamps a package above **Prize Danvers Onions** and their catalogue free. wnu

It is an interesting fact, not generally known, that the criminal code of the United States prescribes the penalty of death for nearly seventy offenses. Most of these, however, pertain to the army and navy, the principal exceptions being treason, murder, rape and arson. The federal laws containing such penalties have stood for over 100 years, and an effort is now being made to revise and modify them.

Cinnamon, as a cure for cancer in its early stages, is advocated by a writer in the Lancet.

Europe has 144,359 miles of railroad, Asia has 23,219½ miles, Africa 7,212½ and Australia 12,685.

The ocean hydrae have no heart, no lungs, no liver, no brains, no nervous system, no organs save mouth and skin.

In the recent Massachusetts elections, Medford, chiefly famous for its rum, voted against licensing dramshops.

America has 218,871¼ miles of railroad, or 31,000 more than all other countries combined.

Purify Your Blood

Strengthen and invigorate your nerves and muscles, tone your stomach and digestive organs, and build up your whole system by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla if you would avoid the grip, pneumonia,

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

diphtheria and typhoid fever. These diseases seek for their most ready victims, persons who are weak, tired, debilitated and all run down, owing to impure and impoverished blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies and vitalizes the blood and thus wards off disease.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache.

Sea Trip of Sparrows.

"There," said Clerk Sargent the other day, as a sparrow, that had been resting upon one of the iron brace rods of the Portland Harbor steamer Forest Queen flew toward the center of the boat and disappeared; "that fellow has been the round trip with us clear to Long Island, and has now gone in among the life preservers to make himself comfortable. Watch now." Going along Mr. Sargent shook one or two of the great mass of cork buoys that formed overhead and almost continuous ceiling for the upper deck, and the disturbed bird flew out, and settled upon one of the rods, but showed no disposition to leave the boat. "I've seen these rods literally covered with sparrows," continued Mr. Sargent. "They will go over the entire route, but seem averse to landing at any of the islands, and return to the city."—Lewiston Journal.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

Shattered Cups and Superstition.

A friend who often stayed with the Lesseps family says that the count never seemed to lose sight of the education of his children, even in the smallest detail. One morning at breakfast a beautiful Dresden teacup was broken. "Ah!" cried the countess, "a disaster! Two more of that set will now be broken. It always happens so."

"Are you so superstitious," asked the count, "as to really believe that two more will broken?"

"I know it."

"Then let us get it off our minds." And, taking two of the cups by the handles, he dashed them together. The anger and dismay of the countess proved conclusively that she had not seriously held to her superstition. It also loosed any hold the absurd idea may have had on the minds of the children. —Kate Field's Washington.

You Name the Price Yourself.

All dining cars on the Chicago Great Western Railway are now run on the cafe plan, passengers paying moderate prices only for what is ordered. This applies to cars attached to Chicago limited express as well as to all others and will doubtless be appreciated by patrons of this line.

On to Him.

Mrs. Stryver—We had a most enjoyable time at Mrs. Hunter's pink tea. Count Tedout was there and kept us mystified for an hour with his tricks with the cards.

Mr. Stryver (dryly)—He kept us mystified with 'em for three months at the club, but we're on to him now.

Lake steamers are increasing in size as well as the ocean liners. The steamer North Land, launched at Cleveland last week is 383 feet long and 44 feet wide, with 34 1-2 feet deep of hold. She is built on the same lines as the latest Cunarders, and is larger than many passenger ships prominent among the Atlantic packets. The North Land will ply next summer between Buffalo and Duluth.

A Pertinent Paragraph.

"Our country if right, should be kept right; if wrong should be put right," is a political maxim which paraphrased applies to other conditions of life, thus: Our health if right, should be kept right; if wrong should be put right, especially in bodily ailments, such as pains and aches, which St. Jacobs Oil promptly cures. Many out of work should heed to give it a chance to cure and it will give them a chance to go to work cured. Another adage is: "He doeth best, who doeth well." Well, of course, you want to be well from all sorts of aches, and the best thing to do is to use the great remedy. He who does so is doing well indeed.

ANTITOXINE NOT NEW.

Inoculation by Poison Dates as Far Back as Mithridates, King of Pontus.

There is nothing new under the sun. Inoculation with antitoxine, it appears according to a learned and ingenious correspondent of a Munich medical journal, is by no means new, nor even modern, having been employed by no less a person than Mithridates, King of Pontus. The authority for this statement is the Roman naturalist Pliny, who relates that this monarch, for reasons known to himself, was afraid of being poisoned, and therefore made himself proof against all attempts by gradually accustoming himself to all known poisons, producing the state called mithridaticum He was accustomed to make use of an antidote called mithridaticum, whose principal ingredient was the blood of the Pontic duck, this creature having been chosen because it had the reputation of living on poison. Here, therefore, we have the case of the blood of an immune animal being used to make another animal immune.

The coral insects are said to consume prodigious quantities of worms, small fish and other living creatures.

THERE were no competitive tests of baking powders at the Chicago World's Fair, and no "highest awards." All awards were of the same value, and "for an exhibit" only.

But here is the report of a series of competitive tests of baking powders

By the Official Food Authorities of Wisconsin.

This is of real value to the public, as it shows beyond dispute which of the many baking powders is the purest, strongest, and best:

"After examining many samples of the leading brands of baking powders, I have arrived at the conclusion that the ROYAL BAKING POWDER is superior in regard to purity, leavening power and keeping qualities.

"It is a cream of tartar powder, entirely free from alum, lime, ammonia, and all deleterious ingredients.

"GEO. S. COX,

"State Chemist, Wisconsin Dairy and Food Com.

"Prof. of Chemistry, Wisconsin College of Physicians and Surgeons, etc."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

A DOUBLE BACK-SOMERSAULT.

A Baking Powder Company Was Too Hasty in Its Claims.

A Chicago baking powder concern, advertising far and near that its product received the highest award for strength, purity and excellence at the Chicago World's Fair, has been obliged to take a double somersault backward. Mr. John Boyd Thatcher, chairman of the Agricultural Awards, has written a letter to the said Chicago concern showing it that its advertising statements, speaking mildly, are incorrect, while the Judge of Awards on Baking Powders sends another in which he brands the claim of the pretenders as false in the most unmistakable language. Since, comes the second exposure to the effect that this baking powder, for which these spurious claims have been made, was actually found by the Exposition chemists who analyzed it, to contain ammonia! Is this the reason that the commissioners declined to give it an award for purity and wholesomeness?

So She Had.

Sister-in-Law—Well, John, how did you like mother's visit?

John (ruefully)—Oh, don't mention it! She started house cleaning, got us in a row with the neighbors, made our girl leave and had the wife and me so we didn't speak for a week.

Sister-in-Law—Why, that's strange. She told me she had such a pleasant time and had enjoyed her visit so much.

In the year 1860 the assessed value of Philadelphia was $155,000,000 and the cost of the municipal departments was $2,682,000. The valuation in 1894 was $769,000,000, while the taxation footed up $29,312,000. It is useless for extravagance like this to attempt to hide behind the name of any party, and all parties should unite to drag it forth to meet a just condemnation.

Important to Know.

Club Man (rather full)—I wish you'd (hic) take me home. Do you know where (hic) I live?

Policeman—What's the name of your cook?

Signs of the Season.

Hallum—Would you call this an open winter so far?

Billson—Yes, indeed. Even the book agents haven't learned to shut the doors behind them yet.

Very Naturally.

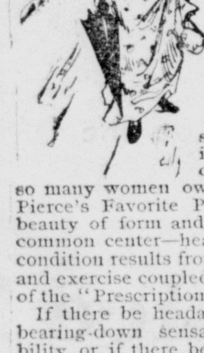
Miss Perique—In New York do the prominent social lights smoke?

Miss Caustique—Yes, particularly after they have been turned down.

The name Munich is derived from the fact that the Monks owned the property on which the town now stands.

In England the tax on farming lands exceeds 10 per cent of the value of crops; in Egypt it is 14 per cent.

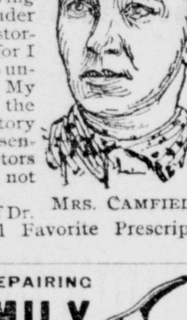
It is said the big crops of Texas will keep the roads of that state out of the receivers' hands.



ON THE ROAD to recovery, the young woman who is taking Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In maidenhood, womanhood, wifehood and motherhood the "Prescription" is a supporting tonic and nervine that's peculiarly adapted to her needs, regulating, strengthening and curing the derangements of the sex. Why is it so many women owe their beauty to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription? Because beauty of form and face radiate from the common center—health. The best bodily condition results from good food, fresh air and exercise coupled with the judicious use of the "Prescription."

If there be headache, pain in the back, bearing-down sensations, or general debility, or if there be nervous disturbance, nervous prostration, and sleeplessness, the "Prescription" reaches the origin of the trouble and corrects it. It dispels aches and pains, corrects displacements and cures catarrhal inflammation of the lining membranes, falling of the womb, ulceration, irregularities and kindred maladies.

"FALLING OF WOMB."



MRS. FRANK CAMFIELD, of *East Dickinson, Franklin Co., N. Y.*, writes: "I deem it my duty to express my deep, heart-felt gratitude to you for having been the means, under Providence, of restoring me to health, for I have been by spells unable to walk. My troubles were of the womb — inflammatory and bearing-down sensations and the doctors all said, they could not cure me.

MRS. CAMFIELD.

Twelve bottles of Dr. Pierce's wonderful Favorite Prescription has cured me."

DO YOUR OWN REPAIRING

THE "FAMILY COBBLER"



Sample Outfit sent on receipt of $2.00.

A Household Necessity

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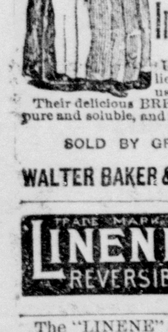
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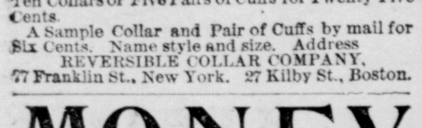
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THE DEATH-BED SECRET



By Annette Marie Maillard.

CHAPTER XI—(Conteinued.)

"I have been very selfish, Lora," he said, after a thoughtful pause, when she spoke of the change in himself and Alice. "It is not that we love you less, my own Lora, but that we love so well, we never thought of any-other. Oh, love is a very engrossing passion, and aselfish one; we forgot all you might suffer. There are but two in the world, when people love, Lora, and but one spot, where they meet—the rest is a bleak desert. We forgot you, my own Lora, my gentle girl; but can you forgive, though without understanding us?"

"Forgive!" she cried, raising her voice; "oh, yes, all, so you love me still."

She was smiling then. Basil felt sad. "Hush!" he said. "Did you not hear a step?"

"No," she answered, still clinging to his arm. She seemed afraid if she loosened her hold that his affections might slip away too. "No; and if anyone came, it could only be Oliver. I wish he could see how happy I am now, for he has been scolding me today for my crossness but I was not cross, but unhappy. We are often misjudged. This I feel, dear Basil, little as I know of the world!"

Alas, poor child of Nature, she little knew how much she was wronged in that moment. Basil was sad beyond his own comprehension, and this feeling it was which made him unburden all his heart to Lora, and in a low whisper told her how he and Alice had discovered their love, and the many difficulties that surrounded them.

All his eloquence was in vain to make her see these, she was far too happy in the certainty of being still loved by both, to see any sorrow; and far too good and generous to be angry at their wishing to meet alone.

"Oh," she whispered, "I am so happy, dear Basil, for when Oliver knows it I know he will love Alice, and all will go well, and then she and I will be always together, young mothers nursing our children, as I did my boy to-night. Oh, how happy shall we be, Basil, ever together!"

And she felt joyous enough to have danced.

"Now," she continued, "I shall let you go alone, and watch for you at night to hear what Alice says, and when you are gone, I will go out often and see her, and write and tell you all."

And thus she ran on for half an hour, until at last Basil reminded her of the length of their whispered conversation, and she, whose eyes knew no thought of sleep, and whose heart was all awakened by this peep into a feeling to herself so new and strange, rose and unwillingly as a child journeying to school, prepared to go. Nor could Basil quite decide her to leave "so soon" without threatening she should not come again to hear what Alice said.

At last she went. The door opened, and then she turned, and holding up her cheek, for a kiss, as she was wont to do before her husband, said—

"I don't know why I love you better than ever to-night, Basil, but I do."

"Because we never know the value of anything until we are near losing it, or have quite done so."

"True, Basil, I thought you had forgotten, or hated me."

"Darling little Lora!" and he drew her near him, and kissed her soft cheek. "Now, go; and good night."

The door closed, and in the silence of that long passage a low tinkling sound might have been heard, as of metal falling. She stopped a moment and then hastily springing up the stairs, entered her dressing-room, and closed the door.

A few moments afterwards a crouching figure rose up from a doorway in that corridor, and on tiptoe crept down to the farther end. It was Captain Oliver's valet, who lighted a candle with a match, and stealthily returning sought on the ground, for he had heard the metallic sound. In a few moments he rose—something glittered on his finger—the man looked earnestly at it.

"It is her wedding guard," he muttered, 'with master's and her name together. Oh, my poor master! my poor master!" And the man stole to bed without being heard.

For several successive evenings Basil went alone to see Alice, and Lora remained perfectly happy at home, watching for his return, when, if she could not go to the library, a few words passed in a meeting on the stairs, and all these were unhappily watched by one, interested in the affection for his master in seeing an error which had never existed but in his own imagination, impressed with evil thoughts by the wickedness of others.

If all stood still in nature how soon the world would become barren, withered up, and faint in coloring. It has been wisely ordained the constant change which, giving fresh vigor, renews existence. It is the young blood infused into the dried up veins of infirmity, filling them with renewed youth. Perhaps even the affection of Basil and Alice would have paled, there might have come moments when even they would have felt a weariness creep over their metings, but such a change was spared them by their approaching separation. Even their last hours of bitterness possessed a charm, for they became so completely unguarded in their grief, that they found themselves entirely cherished in each other's heart. There could not with them exist that painful idea which often tortures the absent: "Do I know him or her Am I really beloved?"

We were not at ware then, therefore it will in nothing tarnish Basil's courage to admit that his prospects as a soldier were but gloomy in his heart. He was so thoroughly boyish in love, that he would gladly have cast all glory to the winds, and have vegetated at B—— dragging through the dreary day, to spend one hour at night with Alice. He was a perfect lover, counting this one hour in the twenty-four of rapture, and twenty-three of one soul engrossing thought—her.

Before the carriage drove round from the stables, which was to take Basil to the railroad, his father's valet had been wandering about, watching a moment to speak to him. Seeing the instant approaching in which Basil would depart without hearing what he wished to say, the man hurriedly entered his room, and, closing the door, approached him. There was an energy in his manner, and earnestness in his look, which made Basil at once pause in what he was doing, to address him with a wondering, "What now Hall?"

Pardon me, Master Basil, but I don't know how to speak of it—it breaks my heart; you are so young, and, I believe, innocent."

"What do you mean?" asked Basil, impatiently; he was so troubled at leaving, that his naturally good temper turned to impatience.

"Master Basil, I know all, heard all, that night; and since too—forgive me, dear Master Basil, but my poor old she—what she is!"

"Fellow," eclaimed his young master, turning impatiently round, and facing him, his proud nature stung at the idea of his and Alice's meetings, as he supposed, being watched. There was something sacred to his young heart in their pure lives, but they seemed almost desecrated by an indifferent eye coldly fixed upon them. He thought, too, of more than one gentle kiss, offspring of their first recorded one—of the last, which he had looked upon as doubly sacred, as it was to live on his lips, poor boy, as he hoped and intended, until they met, for only a faithless one could efface it. Lora's would but strengthen it, as a pledge of the trinity of their affection, and to have even this one defiled by a coldly watchful eye—his soul revolted.

"You watched us—listened—and now dare admit it!" exclaimed he, his brow frowning on the trembling man.

"Master Basil, I did it for the best—I did, indeed sir. I had heard so many wicked things reported but I would not believe them until I saw and heard."

"Heaven give me patience not to fling you from the window!" ejaculalted Basi, with intense rage, which made him almost speechless.

"No, Master Basil, you will not do it!" think of the many days we have spent together, when I taught you to ride, fish, all; when I tried to make a man of you before your dear father returned, when he left me to look after you; think of that, Master Basil, and only say you will give her up, and, wrong as it may be" he adde this last phrase in a whisper), "I will not tell the captain this time."

The other stood in stupified amazement, looking at him—he scarcely durst breathe lest his almost ungovernable rage should quite overcome him.

"I know she must have led you into it," continued the man, mistaking the cause of the other's silence. "She must, you never would have thought of it, yourself. Think of all it will lead to, Master Basil—the sin, Master Basil, as she is, and my poor master! Oh! master, master, that I should have ever lived to see this day! she must be a wicked one; but they're a bad lot!"

Words could not convey on idea of all Basil underwent. He knew that Hall had spoken freely against Mrs. Evelyn to his father, as an old privileged servant; but that he should thus dare to speak of Alice, an angel surpassed all he could have imagined.

"Hall," he said in an almost unintelligible tone, grasping his arm tightly, "but that you were my father's old servant, and I could recall my early days when you were kind to me, I would, yes, by heavens! I would horsewhip you as a prying hound; but now I only bid you go; and remember that, if one word of this passes your lips, I shall know the author. If I hear of it, you will find an implacable enemy in me. What you have seen I glory in. Now go." And draggingg the stupified and indignant man towards the door, he was on the point of pushing him out, when the handle turned, and Lora entered. At the sight of Hall, she started; for every swollen vein in Basil's face denoted his agitation, and in the position of both she could not doubt but that some untoward event had occurred.

"Hall!" she exclaimed, stepping back.

"Come in, Lora," said Basil; 'you have arrived in time to soften me to mercy, or else I scarcely known what I might not have done. Go," he added almost flinging Hall from the room, as he closed the door on themselves.



Lora's Presence Assuages Basil's Wrath.

"I am ashamed of myself, Lora," he uttered; "but that man drove me mad in the excited state of my feelings."

And while he related it all to her, Hall stood on the landing

"And I came to give him back her ring," he said, sadly and sufferingly, quite forgetting his own disgraceful reception in his bitter feelings of sorrow, "and he receives me in this manner; but I won't revenge myself, poor Master Basil, I will try and save you yet, and my poor master too from trouble, but I won't give back the ring yet. And there they are together! Master Basil knows how I love him, and he tries me hardly, for I have a duty, too, to perform. Oh! the shameless woman, to enter his room before my face!"

And in truth there they remained until the last moment almost, Lora amidst her tears aiding him to finish packing. And Basil told her all, but imploring her to say nothing to Hall, to be the same as ever; for then he might keep the secret which, if his father were now made acquainted with might cause Alice and himself much rouble in corresponding, as he was to send a letter for her to Lora which the latter would deliver in the little arbor at night. All was well arranged, provided Hall would be discreet, and Lora promised to be kind to him; and Basil from an impulse of his good heart, turned to the old servant as he passed out, and said—

"Hall, I was very angry, but you should not meddle with things which don't concern you."

Captain Oliver had preceded Basil to the railroad to avoid the leave-taking; it bored him and he was a man essentially liking his comfort, so there was no one to question what had taken place to call for these words.

Though the man gladly grasped the proffered hand, an illiterate nature, though good, could not understand the other's nobility of heart, and he said, mentally—

"He is afraid of me, and I shall not give back the ring; it may serve to frighten them both."

Neither could he read Lora's innocent sorrow in her bitter tears at parting from Basil; he saw only guilt in them, and cunning in her after kindness to himself. No servant can judge the one above him; it is not station, it is the lordly mind which demands a judgment by its peers.

There had been a wide search and inquiry for Lora's ring, but she sought it everywhere in vain.

CHAPTER XII.

Basil gone, Alice had little else to look forward to but to take up her cross of daily annoyances, and energetically that young heart had accepted it. Her mother had so completely changed her retiring nature from her matrimonial disappointment, that a nervous irritability had taken place of all true dignity, and she pictured to herself a triumph over Captain Oliver in the assiduities of Mr. Lyon; because this gentleman had for many years been the object of the united efforts of all the single ladies and widows of B—— to draw him into matrimony, inasmuch as Mr. Lyon was in easy circumstances. Mrs. Evelyn was still a fine woman of eight and thirty and having been looked upon as almost inaccessible, from her excessive coldness and pride, though veiled under the mantle of humility, he felt flattered by her notice, and he was not sufficiently keen to divine its motive at first. His gratified vanity and her indignation at Captain Oliver's treatment accomplished the rest, and she consented to become Mrs. Lyon. The settlements were mutually satisfactory and nothing remained but to have the ceremony performed. If Mrs. Evelyn had been disliked for her coldness and reserve during her husband's lifetime, she was doubly hated now by all the spinsters and widows around; and these had been her supporters while she stood before them in all the nudity of a rejected jilted woman though she vainly tried to enwrap herself in a covering which would render her impervious to all Captain Oliver's attacks. Her friends quite believed her to her face, but in absence nodded and winked and shook their heads. (What a great necromancer Lord Burleigh was to have invented so undying a coadjutor as that mystic shake of the head.) But none of them wondered (behind her back) at anything she would do, after the inquitious slanders breathed—invented against the most innocent persons! for their parts, they always knew them to be calumnies!

(To be Continued.)

A PENALTY WORSE THAN DEATH.

Belgium Has a System of Refined Torture That Kills in Three Years.

Though the death penalty was practically abolished in Belgium over thirty years ago, the punishment of those convicted of capital crimes is so awful that none has yet been able to endure it more than three years. Another curious thing is that little Belgium until recently had two public executioners, while but one was sufficient for her vaster neighbor, France—Diebler, otherwise known as "Monsieur de Paris." The King of the Belgians recently ordered the retirement of a pension of 1,837 francs of the "executor of high works" (as he is euphoniously termed), who was stationed at Liege. The executioner at Brussels stills holds his place.

The duties of the public executioner in Belgium are singular, but not arduous. The courts still continue to sentence malefactors to death, but the guillotine has been replaced by a scaffold, on which is posted a copy of the sentences. Much ceremony is observed in affixing this document. A troop of gendarmes, with their imposing helmets plumed with horsehair, is drawn up about the place of the execution, which they gravely guard with sabres drawn, while the red-robed executioner mounts the steps, nails up the decrees of the court, and after a moment, takes it down again.

But the condemned man might more mercifully have perished by the axe or rope. He is placed in a dungeon so constructed that from the moment he enters it he will never hear the sound of human voices nor see a living being. His food is passed in through a sliding panel in the door of his cell.

Not one of these prisoners has been able to survive this confinement more than three years. The authorities have striven in vain to prolong their lives by varying their food as much as possible, but those who are moderately or lightly nourished gradually waste away, while who are generously fed go mad and die raving maniacs.

ASLEEP ELEVEN YEARS.

A Girl Frightened Into Slumber From Which She Has Never Awakened.

There is a girl named Marguerite Bouyenval, at Thenelles, in the north of France, near Saint Quentin, who is reported to have been asleep for the past eleven years. A good deal of doubt has been thrown on the phenomenal slumbering case, not only in Paris but also in Thenelles and its vicinity, where there are two camps, one of the believers and the other of those who maintain that the so-called sleeping beauty rises at night and has a good supper. The matter has been investigated by a Parisian, who has seen the girl and found her as lean as a skeleton, and as stiff as a corpse, but still living. Her mother injects milk, peptone, and sometimes wine through a broken tooth in the girl's mouth.

Marguerite Bouyenval made away with ab aby eleven years ago, and the gendarmes were sent to the house. The girl was so frightened at their approach that she had an attack of hysteria, which lasted several hours, and at the end of which she fell into a trance. The doubts thrown on the continuation of the trance have evidently been caused by the fact that the mother of the sleeping girl has made a god deal of money by exhibiting her. A local doctor who has observed the case during the eleven years, informed the investigator from Paris that Marguerite Bouyenval had really been asleep during the whole time. Occasionally she has hysterical cries, but did not awake after them. Other doctors have also agreed as to the genuineness of the phenomenon, and the sleeping girl of Thenelles remains a human mystery.—Paris Letter to London Telegraph.

A Girl's Marriageable Age.

The age of marriage should be determined by the understanding of both principals as to the nature of their bond. It must always seem to an older person who has had experience in observation of careers "made or marred" by marriage that the mistake is apt to be in impetuous judgment, rather than immaturity or the reverse. One has seen quite as many failures resulting from the mating of gray hair with middle age as from the nuptials of eighteen with two-and-twenty. As a general thing, indeed, young hearts seem to grow more together, to accept the inevitables of life more frankly, to be more lenient with offending for love's sake than do their elders. Old lovers who have spent their lives together in their journey through life have a rund of tenderness in recollection of their common youth that is fountain sealed at which they alone can refresh themselves. Then in youth hard knocks are borne so easily together; laughter is so apt to come after tears; hopes shared are sustaining even in disappointment! These thoughts make an early marriage sacred from the common gibes about "rushing blindfold into a pit," "tying a millstone around one's neck," "marrying in haste to repent at leisure," etc.

But materialism is the governing power of our age and society. Where certain indispensables are now lacking to a home discontent and heartburning are so often seen lurking near.

If a young couple be sure enough of their own ability to shape their lives according to their actual means in venturing into matrimony they are blessed indeed. This is so rarely the case that a young man now holds back to let thirty find him in possession of sufficient income to pay his household bills before he dares assume the intimidating privilege of a wife.

There can be no reason against a girl marrying young if circumstances insure to her a reasonable protection against the disheartening apparition of poverty shivering behind the lamps and silver bonbon dishes of her wedding presents.

In our large cities one is called upon to attend wedding after wedding, where even in the brief glamour of excitement surrounding the pageant that glides up the aisle and back, there seems to be an almost awful suggestion of the future of the pair. The antecedents of the man met in a ballroom a few months before, unknown to the girl or disregarded by her parents; the evident consciousness of the bride as to theatrical effect; the unthinking delight of the bridesmaids in themselves; the callous indifference of the congregation to the vital issues of the scene make one sick at heart. No wonder the divorce follows so soon in the annals of so-called fashionable life.

There was never a time when the bond of matrimony was entered into more lightly, unadvisedly than now. There has never been a time when the marriage tie is treated more scoffing in speech. And it is in the hands of the parents of our land to see, by precept and example, that this wrong is righted.

When a young man, therefore, is able and fit to take a wife, when a girl is ready to understandingly assume the duty toward her husband, that should, it seems to me, be the right time to marry, and not before!—Mrs. Burton Harrison in Ladies' Home Journal.

The Real Trouble.

Mrs. Witherby—I wish you would be more particular, Henry, when you are in company.

Wethreby (savagely)—Don't you consider that I have good manners?

Mrs. Wetherby—Yes, dear; but a poor memory.

THE HAYWARD TRIAL

THE GING MURDER TRIAL ON AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Charles Blixt, the Self-Confessed Slayer of the Girl, Takes the stand and Goes Into Details of the Crime. Blixt Breaks Down and Sobs Like a Child.

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—There was interest enough in the proceedings of the Hayward trial to satisfy the court room crowd. It began with the descriptions by Policemen Fox and Moore of the position of Miss Ging's body when found by them on the Excelsior road. The questioning of these witnesses was sufficiently minute to satisfy the most morbid-minded auditor. With the utmost insistence every detail of the appearance presented by the body as it lay there in the road was drawn out, and although most of the statements thus elicited had been already made in the newspapers, the crowd listened intently.

Mr. Erwin wanted to establish by Officer Fox the existence of tracks made by a sharp-pointed shoe in the vicinity of the body. It was stated at the time of the murder that the prints of a sharp-pointed shoe could be seen in the road, as though the wearer of such shoes had turned the buggy round. The officer described the tracks of the buggy where it had been turned, but knew nothing of the alleged footprints. There were a good many people on the ground before he got there, and a large number of tracks had been made. It would have been impossible to distinguish one from another. The questioning of Mr. Erwin in cross-examination seemed to indicate a theory on his part that Blixt had a confederate on the ground with him

When the Killing Occurred,

and that it was this confederate who turned the buggy around.

The defense is already laying the foundation for reasonable doubt. Conflict exists between the testimony of Erhart, who first found the body, and the two officers who arrived later in the patrol wagon. Erhart testified that the body lay with the right side of the face downward on the road. Fox and Moore agreed that the left side was downward. Mr. Erwin was particularly careful to establish this point of difference. It is perhaps a small matter in itself, but with many such to be used in massing the testimony the existence of a reasonable doubt may be established.

Altogether the evidence this morning made a very black showing for the accused, and the testimony elicited was not shaken in the least degree by Mr. Erwin's searching questions. There is nothing in the evidence so far to show that Hayward uttered a single sentence expressiv of regret at the death he was so firmly convinced had occurred long before any one lse knew it. It showed conclusively that his sole solicitude was as to whether or not he could realize on the life of Catherine Ging.

Minneapolis, Feb. 3. — The great crowd which gathered to hear the story of Catherine Ging's murder was doomed to disappointment for the aged juror, S. H. Dyer, whose sudden illness terminated the session yesterday, was unable to appear, and the court took an adjournment until 10 o'clock Monday morning. His condition this morning was said to be improved, but his physicians advised an adjournment until Monday morning, and it was so ordered. The sickness of the juror is hardly to be wondered at, under the circumstances, for it is not to be expected that a man of his years, exceeding three score in number, should be able to resist what other frequenters of the court room find intolerable. He had complained of not feeling well for two or three days. He is suffering from an attack of indigestion, caused by the want of exercise and the bad air in the court room. Efforts will be made to give the place better ventillation.

Bullet or Blow.

Minneapolis, Feb. 6.—The Hayward case was devoid of the sensational, the testimony being entirely that of physicians and of little interest to the hundreds who crowd into the court room daily. The testimony naturally is of an expert character. The defense keeps pounding away on the poor girl's skull, its aim being to establish beyond a doubt the fact that the two fractures of the skull were sufficient to have caused death.

Dr. Nippert's testimony was that there were two well defined fractures, of equal extent and about four inches in length, which penetrated both coverings of the skull. It is plainly the purpose of Attorney Erwin to discredit Blixt's testimony, and it is thought the defense will introduce testimony to show that these fractures could have been made only by heavy blows from some instrument, delivered before the murdered girl was shot. The testimony of Blixt does not intimate that any such blows were given, and this story is in strong conflict with the expert evidence as to the nature of the injuries. The state may find it difficult to show that these injuries could have resulted either from a fall from the buggy or from the buggy passing over the body. It will probably be shown that, in case of a fall from the buggy, the fracturing of both the outer and inner plates of the skull would not have occurred. Dr. Nippert was a good witness, and had a ready response for all of Mr. Erwin's technical questions. Dr. William Russell, who was one of the few that visited the scene of murder, corroborates Witness Erhardt in the statement that the body lay on its right side. The officers, Moore and Fox, testify that it was on its left side, and they are evidently wrong. The state acknowledges that on this point they are misinformed. As to the conditions of the woman's clothes and its appearance, Dr. Russell agrees with those who have already testified. It would be inferred from the questioning of the defense that Hayward's attorneys wish to establish the fact that Miss Ging died from the blows on her skull, and that the shot, while of a fatal character, was fired to hasten the end. The attorneys for the state have nothing to say of their visits to St. Paul. Assistant County Attorney Hall has been known to make several visits to the sister city, but the mission on which he went will probably not be disclosed until given by witnesses.

Minneapolis, Feb. 7. — The mass of prefatory evidence in the trial of Harry Hayward for the murder of Catherine Ging having been cleared away, the state sprung a surprise by placing Claus A. Blixt, the self-confessed tool of Hayward, on the stand.

The state's main witness walked firmly to the desk and took the oath with hand held high above him. The attitude seemed almost one of defiance, and his facial expression detracted nothing from his impression. He mounted the witness stand and sat composedly with his hands crossed in front of him, evidently a characteristic attitude. Hayward never removed his eyes from the man, gazing intently at him, and seemingly endeavoring to read his purposes. But Blixt looked anywhere and everywhere rather than at Hayward. Mr. Nye first drew out some information as to his antecedents, and his employment as janitor by the Haywards. In answer to questions from Mr. Nye, Blixt related how for six or seven weeks before the murder Harry Hayward was accustomed to come down into the engine room and have long talks with him. Blixt pointed out the rooms on the diagram of the flats where they were accustomed to talk, and went on to say that along in November Hayward began to talk to him about doing some outside work in a newspaper case.

The Plot.

Blixt described how he had witnessed the note for $7,000 given to Miss Ging by Hayward. He said he had been instructed by Harry to say when he saw the pile of bills, "J—— C——, what a lot of money." The note was offered in evidence and was found to be dated Nov. 24, nine days before the murder. That night in the basement of the Ozark, Harry had said to him:

"I am going to kill her. I did not let her have $7,000. It was only $2,000. I am going to take her around where I have taken her before and gamble as high as $1,000 on her. I am going to take her to a restaurant and have her show the money and tell her how careless she's been.

"Afterward," continued Blixt, "he told me that he took her around to a restaurant and had her show the money and she placed it in a tumbler while she ate, and some one else told her she'd be killed for her money."

"Did he say anything more?"

"Yes, he said he was going to have her life insured and then kill her. He said he was going to drive out and find a place where there were some rocks and throw her on the rocks and then they would think it was a runaway. He wanted me to go to St. Paul and get an overcoat, a slouch hat and a revolver like the one he had. I said I wouldn't do it. One day Harry came into the boiler room with a piece of T rail about four feet long and wanted me to cut it in two. I said I couldn't do it, but a man showed me how and I did it. Harry took the shorter piece, put it under his coat and went upstairs. Afterward I showed the officers where the other piece was."

This piece of rail was offered in evidence, and identified. Blixt continued:

"He wanted me to go out somewhere and get a hitched horse. He said he would drive out somewhere with Miss Ging. He would drop some money out of the buggy, and get her to get out. Then he would strike her on the head with the T rail and leave her there and start the horse to run away. He wanted me to make a list of all the things he had in his pockets when he went, so that he shouldn't lose anything while away that would turn up against him as evidence. That was Saturday night before. The next morning he came down and asked me if I ever heard of people getting killed in elevators. I said I had. He said he would get in the elevator with her and strike her on the head, and then put her on the floor so that when the elevator started it would

Cut Off Her Head.

At this there was a low murmur of horror that ran through the assemblage which was checked by the deputy's gavel.

"I said I wouldn't do that," went on Blixt. "Hayward said that every time Miss Ging came into his room and put her arms around his neck, he wanted to stick a knife into the —— ——, so," and Blixt, with an expressive gesture, showed how Harry wanted to stab the woman.

"I said to him, 'Harry, can't you make money some other way? This is the awfullest thing I ever heard.' He said, 'You're a coward. Your conscience is hurting you. If I had her and a dog, I'd shoot her and leave the dog.' That evening he came down with her to the boiler room, and showed her things. The next morning, that was Monday, about 11 o'clock, he handed me his watch, a box of cartridges and a roll of money, and told me to hide them in a tin box, so that if he was arrested they would not be found. The watch was gold, and he said there was $50 in money there. I put it in the attic, and when I told him where I had put it, he called me a —— fool and said that was the first place they'd look for it. He said to put it in a hollow tree in the woods. He said that the money was not all good, but that some of it was green goods. He said there was going to be a funeral there before the 10th, no matter how it happened. He says: 'Of course she'll be brought here and I'll be so sorry, and I'll have to sit up all night with the corpse, and after the coroner has had his examination then I'll go East with the body.' He said he had to have $15,000 to carry out his plans in the East. He would get $10,000 out of this and he would have to make $5,000 in some other way. Late that evening he came in with a pint bottle of whisky. He said: 'Blixt, here's some whisky.' I said I did not want any. 'You —— —— fool,' he said, 'this ain't common whisky.' Then I took it and drank half of it. Then he said: 'She's got to die to-night, and you've got to help me.' I said: 'Harry, ain't you got any other way to make money than to kill that poor little girl?' He said: 'It's nothing to kill people,

I've Killed Two Other People.

He said one was a Chinaman, but he didn't say who the other was. He said he had wounded a third. I said I couldn't help him do it. He said I'd got to or he'd kill me. I didn't pay any attention to that, and then he said that he'd kill my wife. I told him: 'Whatever you do, don't hurt my wife. You can do what you like with me, but don't touch my wife.'" At the recollection of this the witness broke down utterly and sobbed like a child. At last, resuming his narrative, Blixt said:

"Finally I said to him that I would do as he liked, but he must not hurt my wife. He wanted me to sign a receipt for a revolver, but I wouldn't. He gave me six long cartridges and six short ones to put in it, and after it was all done I was to change the cartridges. Then he told me to go out Hennepin avenue to Kenwood and wait for him. When he came I was to follow him. Pretty soon I saw him coming across a lot and I followed him. Then he stopped a buggy and I came up and he told me to get into it and drive along. I got in and he said to keep our heads inside. Then he said to Miss Ging: 'This man is in the gang.' Then we drove out Hennepin and I didn't see him again until afterward.

"After awhile she asked me if Hayward was buying green goods. I told her I didn't know. She asked me what I had down there by my side, and I said it was a revolver that Harry told me to take. She kept looking out all the time and I kept thinking. It was a fight in my head all the time. I thought I would get out, and then I thought of my wife and staid in the buggy. I tried ten times to do it, and it was always fighting in my head. Finally I fired the shot. I hit her where he said I should. Then she threw her head back like this. I went on about thirty of forty yards further and then I thought I'd have to get her out. I moved her legs so, then she went out, so, and struck on her head on the wheel, and then she went over on the ground." The action accompanying this recital was most dramatic, as the witness, with uplifted hands threw his whole body forward as though falling. He then told how he returned from the scene of the murder down town and went to South Minneapolis to establish an alibi and at last returned to the Ozark.

Erwin cross-examined Blixt and used every effort to cause him to contradict himself, but without avail.

WARDS OF MINNESOTA.

State Institutions Are Increasing in Population.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—Secretary Hart today issued the following report of the population of state institutions on Jan. 31 of each year:

Institutions—	1894.	1895.
St. Peter hospital	920	966
Rochester hospital	1,148	1,152
Fergus Falls hospital	493	548
Total insane	2,561	2,666
Soldiers' home	304	364
School for deaf	222	236
School for blind	56	60
School for feeble-minded	341	434
State public school	167	176
Reform school	312	334
State reformatory	145	125
State prison	a 489	b 529
Totals	4,597	4,944
Increase	569	347

a—Indicates 100 United States prisoners from other states.

b—Indicates 65 United States prisoners from other states.

DEBS' TRIAL GOES ON.

Four Defendants Discharged but the President Not Among Them.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Four of the defendants in the Debs conspiracy trial were discharged by Judge Grosscup to-day—Dennis Larkin, Frank Dreyer, James McDonald and John Burke. The argument of the attorneys for the defense for the discharge of all of the defendants was made last night, the judge reserving his decision until to-day. He announced the discharge of the four men at the opening of court, reserving his answer on the discharge of Director John F. McVean and John J. Hannahan. Referring to the other eleven defendants, including Debs, he simply said to the attorneys for the defense: "You may go ahead with your side of the case."

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

LAST SESSION OF THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

A Condensed Record of the Proceedings in the Senate and House—Matters of Importance Dealt With.

Washington, Feb. 2.—A critical stage of the financial discussion was unexpectedly precipitated in the senate just before the senators were preparing to go home. Intermittent references had been made to the subject throughout the day, but it was without definite form or purpose, and the senate finally lapsed into a discussion of the District of Columbia appropriation bill. But the financial question arose incidentally, and finally Mr. Gorman launched a speech which proved to be one of the most effective he has delivered at the present session of congress. He pointed out the gravity of the treasury situation, intimating that the facts were being held back, and that an investigation would show startling deficiencies.

Washington, Feb. 3.—There was a most exciting scene in the house of representatives when Representative Breckinridge of Kentucky and Representative Heard of Missouri came to blows in the center aisle, in the middle of the hall. Representative Heard, who is chairman of the committee on the District of Columbia, became angered because the Hawaiian question was being brought forward in the time devoted to his committee, and attempted to secure the floor. The beginning of the controversy was not plain, but suddenly both members sprang toward each other, Mr. Breckinridge shouting:

"You cur, scoundrel and liar," striking at the member from Missouri a fierce blow, which missed him.

Instantly they were seized by other members, but struggled fiercely to get at each other, shouting "liar."

Mr. Pence of Colorado had Mr. Breckinridge by the throat, and Mr. McCreary of Kentucky climbed over several seats and held him by the shoulder. for three or four minutes there was a wild scrambling resembling a foot ball rush, while all the members in the house poured into the aisle and the greatest confusion reigned. The pounding of the speaker's gavel could not be heard, but Mr. Crisp's voice rang above the tumult, shouting;

"The sergeant-at-arms will arrest the members."

And then "the sergeant-at-arms will bring them before the bar of the house."

Deputy Sergeant-at-arms Isaac Hill rushed down the aisle bearing the great mace, followed by his assistants.

The two members were then brought up before the speaker's desk, two men on each side holding their arms and Representative Dockery of Missouri standing behind them. Mr. Breckinridge was exceedingly red in the face, while Mr. Heard, who is a slender man, was ashen pale and trembled like a leaf. In the course of an explanation to the house, Mr. Breckinridge practically challenged Mr. Heard and demanded personal satisfaction. Both Heard and Breckinridge were forced to apologize to the house.

All Is Lovely Again.

Later the gentlemen withdrew their remarks and shook hands. The report of the proceedings were stricken from the journal, and everything is now serene. An hour was devoted to debate on the Pacific railroad bill. A resolution was adopted calling on the president for all correspondence and information regarding the alleged aid furnished rebels in Hawaii by representatives of the British government.

The financial question again came before the senate as an incident to the consideration of the pending District of Columbia appropriation bill and Mr. Teller made an effective speech to give the suggestive warning that he would see to it that as far as the present session of congress was concerned there shall be no hasty or weak legislation on the lines now proposed. In view of Mr. Teller's recognized position as an authority among the element favorable to silver, the statement was regarded as having an important bearing on the situation.

Washington, Feb. 5. — The Pacific railroad funding bill was recommitted to the committee on Pacific railroads by a vote of 177 to 108, showing an unexpectedly large magerity against the measure. This renders the status of the bill extremely precarious. Although the draft has been against the bill from the inception of the debate, its advocates were not without hope. The extent of their defeat was a great surprise to both sides.

The senate succeeded in making progress on the appropriation bills without being led into an extended financial debate. At one time it looked as though another financial discussion was imminent, when Messrs. Hale, Chandler and Aldrich made brief speeches denying the current reports that Republican senators were purposely delaying appropriation bills in order to cut off financial legislation. These senators asserted that there was no such concerted purpose, and that Republican senators stood ready to aid in advancing financial legislation. Mr. McPherson announced that the resolution discharging the senate finance committee, thus bringing the financial question before the senate, would be urged not later than to-day. Lee Mantle took the oath of office as senator from Montana. He once before presented his credentials, based on an appointment from the governor, but the senate declined to accept them. The new credentials, reciting his election by the legislature, were submitted to the senate, and the new senator, accompanied by his colleague, Mr. Power, was presented to the presiding officer's desk, where he was sworn in.

Washington, Feb. 6. — An attempt was made in the house to pass an omnibus bill for the payment of claims for stores and supplies confiscated from loyal people in the South during the war, amounting to $718,663. It excited much opposition, and especially from Pennsylvania members interested in Pennsylvania war claims amounting to $1,600,000 and not included, and the measure was defeated —95 to 148. A rule was then adopted for the consideration of the currency bill this week, after which the remainder of the day was devoted to the agricultural appropriation bill, which was passed without amendment. An attempt to reduce the appropriation for the distribution of seed failed.

The senate spent almost the entire day on the District of Columbia appropriation bill, and for the first time since the measure was taken up, it did not serve as a text for a financial discussion.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The debate on the administration bill to authorize the issue of $500,000,000 gold bonds for the purpose of retiring the legal tender and treasury notes began in the house, and continued for six hours. It developed widely divergent views at the outset. The silver Democrats and Populists opposed it outright. Some of the administration Democrats favored a substitute on the lines of the Carlisle bill, while Mr. Reed, the leader of the Republicans, after a speech charging the present trouble to the deficiency in the revenue, introduced a bill authorizing the secretary of the treasury to sell 3 per cent coin bonds to keep up the gold reserve and certificates of indebtedness redeemable at the pleasure of the government to pay current expenses until the revenues shall equal the expenditures. The issue of gold bonds, he said, would discriminate against the coin bond of the past.

The senate session opened with a very breezy personal altercation between Mr. Mitchell (Or.) and Mr. Harris (Tenn.). The words "ungentlemanly" and "contemptable" were exchanged, and for a time it looked as though the senate chamber might witness a repetition of the belligerent scene in the house last week. But the conflict assumed a somewhat serio-comic aspect and the senate soon relapsed into an uneventful consideration of routine business. The senate modified the Japanese treaty so as to provide for its abrogation on one year's notice after it goes into effect.

Planting the Standard



All hail Columbus! Behold the great navigator as he lands. The perils of the deep are past. The clouds of fear have vanished. The night of gloom has ended. In the heavens the sun of success shines resplendent. Morning has dawned.

Imperiously the banner of haughty Spain greets the daylight. Upon its fluttering folds are inscribed the destinies of a new world. Its gleaming surface marks a long advance in the evolution of the human race. It tells a story of prophecy unparalleled, of developement unapproached in the fullness of recorded time. It crowns with triumph the efforts of genius.

The World's Fair contained no finer statue of the great discoverer than this colossal figure. It commanded from its pedestal the eastern entrance to the Administration building. The majesty of its dimensions, the vigor and aggressiveness of its expression and the artistic finish of its composition made it admired as a genuine sculptural triumph.

Another Standard Proudly Displayed

at the Fair was that of

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

A Standard of Excellence for Forty Years.

It was the standard of unequalled strength, perfect purity and wholesome results. **The award to Dr. Price's of highest honors at the Fair** furnishes conclusive evidence of its superiority over all other baking powders.

Blanket the Horses.

Did you ever stop to think of the value of a blanket to the colt or work horse? "What a foolish question," I can hear many farmers exclaim, followed by "a blanket is only for city horses, I want my horses tough." My friend, did you ever notice how much more food it takes for you when it is cold and how much extra clothing you put on? A horse is remarkably thin skinned and in a draught of the stable or a cold stall suffers acutely. His food does him but little good when he is in this condition. Much of it passes through completely undigested and it requires at least one-third more food good judges say. Good strong blankets are cheap and will pay for themselves in the food saved in a month. Then think of the better appearance of the horse with his soft, smooth silky coat.—E. T. Ridick.

How the Wind Roars!

How the vessel tosses at sea! Reader, did you ever cross the "briny?" If so, we will bet a good cigar you were sea sick. Don't deny the soft impeachment. If you had Hostetter's Stomach Bitters with you, you were all right, otherwise not. This medicinal cordial relieves every disturbance of the stomach, liver and bowels, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble, and is highly commended by tourists and commercial travelers.

Jew the Only Correct Name.

Jews refer to the religion which the Jews profess. Hebrew refers to a language which they no longer speak, and has consequently no meaning at the present time. Israelite refers to a nation which they at one time formed, and it has at present no signification except when reference is made to the ancient nation. The Jews are a religious community, and that is all that separates them or distinguishes them from their fellow citizens. The Jews do not call themselves Hebrews. A few who do not know any better may call themselves so, but they are wrong. Those who know what is right call themselves Jews, and that is the only correct name.—Jewish Tidings.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. The original and only genuine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Cold Sores, &c. C. G. Clark Co., N. Haven, Ct.

Not Unusual.

Friend—You must make allowances for your husband's shortcomings.

Mme. the Countess, nee Gotrox—But the more I allow him the shorter he comes.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.

On the Avenue.

Hattie—Who was that you bowed so coolly to?

Marie—That's my ex-fiance.

Hattie—To what does the "ex" refer?

Marie—To the $10 he borrowed of me and never paid back.

1,000 BUS. POTATOES PER ACRE.

Wonderful yields in potatoes, oats, corn, farm and vegetable seeds. Cut this out and send 5c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., for their great seed book and sample of Giant Spurry. wnu

The Scotch Joke and Surgery.

A noble instance of Mark Tapleyism, not to say heroism, was supplied recently at the Royal Infirmary. The case was in the hands of Prof. Barlow, and was that of an iron-worker who had met with an accident. As a result of an explosion in a furnace a piece of red-hot iron four inches in length embedded itself in the man's eye and cheek, necessitating the removal of the dreadfully burned eye-ball. This done, the question arose among those present at the operation as to the nature of the metal extracted, when the patient himself, with extraordinary nerve, asked to be allowed to handle the substance, and pronouncing it to be cast-iron, quaintly added: "Better send it back to the works, or they'll be hacing me up for stealing."—Glasgow News.

Curves in Ancient Masonry.

At the joint meeting of archaeological societies held in Philadelphia December 27-29, Prof. William H. Goodyear announced his discovery of Greek horizontal curves in the Maison Carree at Nimes. This is the first observation ever made of this optical refinement in a temple of the Roman art. The measurements, facts and theories connected with them will appear in the next issue of the "American Journal of Anaeology." It is Prof Goodyear's view that all curves in architectural surfaces, whether concave or convex to the point of vision, produce an effect of dimension conditioned by the laws of curvilinear perspective and that the curves of the Maison Carree have been hitherto overlooked for this reason. At all events the measurements proving the curves to exist in the masonry construction are attested by the official architect of the City of Nimes, with whose co-operation and assistance the measurements were made. The curves differ from those of the Parthenon, being curves in plan (not in elevation), and are convex to the point of vision. The measurements also attest a perspective scheme in the intercolumnar spacings.

A Protest.

Uncle Mose—Hab I de right to be tried by a jury of ma peers?

Justice—Of course, you have.

Uncle Mose—Well, dere hain't a man of doze twelbe dat hain't los' chickuns in de las' fo' weeks, to ma certain knowledge.

Hard Lines.

Judge (to witness on the stand)—Can you write?

Witness (indignantly)—Write? Why, I am one of the charter members of the Authors' club.

Judge—Very well, make your mark then. It holds in law just as well as if you could.

Paradoxical.

Jack—I don't think I care for the New Woman.

Jess—Why not?

Jack—She is usually too old.

I cannot speak too highly of Piso's Cure for Consumption.—Mrs. Frank Mobbs, 215 W. 22d St., New York, Oct. 29, 1894.

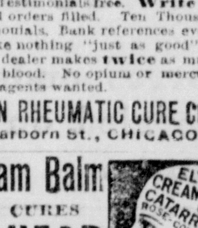
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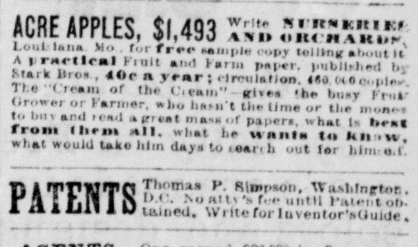
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Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.



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Or any other pain, you don't take chances with St. Jacobs Oil, for twenty years ago it began to kill pain, and it's been pain-killing ever since.

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This is the most nourishing food known to science. It enriches the mother's milk and gives her *strength*. It also makes babies fat and gives more nourishment to growing children than all the rest of the food they eat.

Scott's Emulsion has been prescribed by physicians for *twenty years* for Rickets, Marasmus, Wasting Diseases of Children, Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Emaciation and Consumption.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and $1.

Special Shrinkage Sale of Clothing

BARGAINS FOR MEN.

50 SUITS And a Lot of ODD PANTS

AT COST AND LESS THAN COST.

$3 Buys a Pair of Pants Worth $5 to $6.

$5 Buys a Pair of Pants Worth $8.

$15 Buys a Suit Worth $22 to $25.

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Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper

Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1894 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate. H. C. STIVERS, Journal. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

J. F. McGinnis went to St. Paul on Wednesday.

C. M. Patek and son, Charlie, went to Chicago last Saturday.

A fine new girl baby arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Theviot on Wednesday.

Mrs. Milton McFadden will entertain the ladies of the Eastern Star this evening.

Will H. Workman, city editor of the Transcript, was visiting Brainerd friends Sunday.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder at Dr. Ribbel's.

Mrs. A. F. Ferris and Mrs. N. H. Ingersoll went to St. Paul on Wednesday noon to visit their husbands.

Mrs. J. L. Adams, returned on Tuesday from Hamiline, Minn., where she had been visiting friends for some days.

Hon. A. F. Ferris and N. H. Ingersoll came up from St. Paul on Saturday last to spend Sunday with their families.

Frank Gordon, of Brainerd, and formerly of this city, is visiting friends and relatives here and in Oak Vallley this week.—Wadena Pioneer.

About March 1st, Dresskell's jewelry store will be moved from its present location to the room on 6th street now occupied by Walter's shoe store.

There will be a platform temperance meeting at the M. E. church next Sunday evening, Judge Fleming and Hon. H. C. Stiver will be the speakers of the evening.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the First Congregational church will meet on Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 13th, at Mrs. Losey's. Gentlemen are cordially invited to supper.

Mrs. O. C. Parks, of Hamline, is in the city visiting friends. Mrs. Parks expects shortly to go to Denver, Col., where Mr. Parks recently secured a position as chief clerk in a railroad office.

The ice carnival to be given by the Chenquatana Club will be held at the covered rink next Tuesday evening. The City Band will furnish music for the occasion. A splendid time is anticipated.

The Little Helpers Society of the M. E. church will give a dime Valentine social at the residence of Mrs. C. H. Paine, Fifth street, north, Thursday evening, Feb. 14. All are cordially invited.

Mac Jones was injured while at work on the Minnesota logging railroad near Brainerd. One of his legs was badly crushed in a collision. He was brought to the St. Michael's hospital.—Little Falls Herald.

H. A. Baxter, conductor on the Little Falls & Dakota, will take a two month's vacation beginning about February 23. He will visit Honolulu and the Sandwhich Islands. It is reported that he has been in correspondence with Queen "Lilly-walk-alongy," or what ever you call her, and he may come back singing "I am King of the Cannibal Isles."—Little Falls Transcript.

Mrs. Dr. Roberts, who has been confined to her room by illness for several days, grew suddenly worse Friday evening and for a time her life was despaired of. She is resting easier today. Dr. Roberts is in England and Dr. Trace attended her. This morning Dr. A. F. Groves arrived from Brainerd and held a consultation with Dr. Trace.—Transcript.

The usual order of Sunday evening service at the Congregational church will be resumed next Sunday evening. Members of the Sunday Evening Club, will act as ushers, music by the Quartettt. The renewed furnaces are in good working order and the church will be warm regardless of the weather Subject of sermon: Our most important relationship. All are cordially invited. Come early so as to get a good seat.

About three weeks ago the mercury in the thermometers in this vicinity crawled down in the bulb and has remained there ever since. Twenty degrees below is now considered mild weather. A citizen remarked to a DISPATCH reporter this morning that it had become considerably warmer, and as it seemed much milder, a look was taken at a thermometer, and it indicated 28 below. But that is mild weather considering what we have had.

W. E. Seelye returned the first of the week from the Rainy Lake country, where he, in company with J. N. Nevers and Rudolph Hartley, of this city, are interested in several gold mining claims. Mr. Seelye anticipates great things for himself and partners. He had a specimen of quartz which he said would assay $10,000 to the ton. It contained a small nugget. On one claim they have sunk a sharft 15 or 20 feet, and then cross-tunneled some distance. He says in this claim they have a vien of gold bearing quartz five feet thick that will assay on an average $20 to the ton. They will probably put in a stamp mill in the spring. Charles Gilman, of St. Cloud, who is interested with the gentlemen, has charge of the work at the mine.

A HORRIBLE CATASTROPHE.

Two Innocent Little Children Burned to Death Yesterday at Stony Brook.

Word was brought to this city this morning by E. M. Osterland, of Stony Brook, that the residence of Nels Hanson, in that vicenity, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning, and his two little children, one a bright boy of four years and the other a baby unable to walk, were burned to death in the building. It seems that about 10 a. m. Mr. and Mrs. Hanson went out to do some work some distance from the house, but in plain sight of it, leaving the children at home. The elder child was playing about the living room and the baby was seated in a chair. While at work they heard the report of a rifle in the direction of the house. On looking in that direction they were horrified to see their home in flames. They flew home as fast as their feet could carry them, but it was of no avail, the building was a mass of flames. The charred remains of their children were found in that portion of the house where the bed had stood. The elder child must have carried the baby to the bed when he discovered the house was on fire. Mr. and Mrs. Hansen are poor settlers, and as the fire destroyed their home and all the furniture and clothing they had, they are in destitute circumstances as well as heart broken over the horrible death of their children. Mr. Osterlund, at whose home the bereaved parents are, is now in the city trying to collect sufficient clothing and money to relieve their present needs. It is needless to say that the good people of this city will respond liberably to these poor people in their great need.

Mrs. Jas. Goodman, went to St. Paul on Tuesday's train.

Miss Grace Howe has returned to Frontenac, Minn., to resume her studies.

G. H. Shaver and wife, of Mapleton, N. D., are in the city visiting relatives.

The Presbyterian church, of this city has extended a call to Rev. Hansom, of Moorhead.

The '49 club will give a calico masque ball at Gardner Hall on the evening of Feb. 25th.

Rev. S. A. Jameson, of Duluth, will speak at the men's meeting Sunday afternoon at 4 p. m. Don't fail to hear him.

D. C. Ables, of St. Cloud, who is quite well know in this city, was married on Wednesday to Miss Annie Guthman, of Chicago.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will give a Washington supper at the Y. M. C. A. parlors Friday evening, Feb. 22. Supper 25 cents.

Wm. Graham a well known musician, and brother to Felix Graham, returned to Brainerd for a vacation after a successful years engagement as solo cornettist with Madam Ericke's celebrated lady orchestra. He will play cornet with the Catholic choir while here.

Rev. Geo. West, of the First Methodist church, of this city, will make a trip to his boyhood's home in Ireland in the early spring. Mr. West's parents, who are quite aged, still reside there, and it is for the purpose of meeting them again that he goes. He will probably be gone about 6 weeks.

Last week the DISPATCH contained a notice concerning the arrest of Wm. Bredfeld for selling liquor without a license. Mr. Bredfeld, it now transpires, did only what is usually done in such cases. He had applied for a license and opened up in advance of receiving it. His arrest he considers a piece of spite work, and he will probably not be tried on the charge.

Presented Him With a Uniform.

A special meeting of Ascalon Commandry was held in the spacious quarters of the order last night for the purpose of conferring the Knight Templar Degree upon J. C. Stewart, foreman of the blacksmith shop at the N. P. shops, and transacting other important business. After conferring the degree the Eminent Commander, Rev. Geo. H. Davis, was happily surprised by the lodge by the presentation to him of a magnificent past eminent commander's uniform, the presentation speech being made by Sir Knight B. T. Hathaway. The reverned gentleman was completely surprised, but nevertheless responded feelingly to this last indication of the love and esteem of his Brother Knights. Grand Warder Richardson, of Duluth, was present for the purpose of inspecting the commandry. Nearly forty Knights were in attendance, the largest for years. After the ceremonies a bounteous supper was served in the banquet hall. Besides the Grand Warder, Sir Knights McMullen, Sovereign, McGoff, Arundel, and several others from Staples, whose names we could not learn, were present.

Rev. Davis will be missed by all classes in this community when he leaves, but by none more than the Masonic fraternity, in which he was a most active and tireless worker, and they view with deep regret his departure.

Literary Society Entertainment.

The Presbyterian Literary Society will give their monthly entertainment in the church next Tuesday evening. Everybody is invited. Admission 10 cents. The following is the program:

Piano Duet	Misses Mahlum and Merritt
Recitation	Miss Ethel Michie
Duet	Mandolin and Guitar
	Miss and Mrs. Robinson.
Recitation	Miss Ethel Fulton
Duet	Instrumental
	Miss Etta and James McPherson.
Recitation	Miss Lillie Robinson
Duet	Miss Pearl and Master Stearns
Declamation	W. G. Percy
Instrumental Duet	Messrs. Stratton and Kyle
Declamation	George Smith

All our Boots, Shoes and Slippers for men, women and children will be sold AT COST to save moving.

R. F. WALTERS.
Big "9" 6th St.

Buy your meats at C. A. Walker & Co.'s, the finest in the city.

Uncle Josh.

The Jefferson Dramatic Club presented "Uncle Josh" at the opera house last night to a fair sized audience. This is the first entertainment given by the Club, and the presentation as a whole was a decided success. The title role was impersonated by Ray Seelye in a manner that would have done credit to a professional. Mr. Seelye has remarkable talent in this line of comedy, and with experience would make his mark in the theatrical world. He seems to be perfectly at home in the glare of the foot lights, and was at all times as natural and easy as though he had had years of experience. His make-up was that of a typical Yankee farmer, and he did not over-do the part, a common failing of amateurs. A. Mattes, as "Upson Downs," the dude, was "out of sight." He impersonated the dude better than most professionals we have seen. Justin Smith, as "Count de Courville," the French villian, was excellent. His make-up was perfect, and he impersonated the character of the scheming villian in a most satisfactory manner. Charlie Wilson, as the Irish saloonkeeper, was splendid Charles has the Irish brogue "down pat," and he is a born imitator, hence the character of "Mulcahey" did not suffer at his hands. Charlie Johnson, as "Erartus," was excellent, as he usually is in any character. Joe Lyddon, as the "bunko steerer," Guy Stratton, as the "Detective," and Ed. Webb, as "Gerald Murray," were all satisfactory. Mrs. C. S. Hazen, as the heroine, "Lettie Reynolds," was charming, and Mrs. Hill, as "Mrs. Reynold," Lettie's mother, was very satisfactory considering that she had only a few days to learn the lines, and had attended but one or two rehearsals. The play was cast originally with Mrs. Arms in this role, but a severe illness prevented her appearance. Miss Bertie Robinson, as the "Old Maid," with her chances of catching a husband fast fleeing, was one of the most enjoyable characters of the evening. Of course there was some delay and drag that one usually finds in amatuer performances, but not to the usual extent. Prof. Anderson presided at the piano, and his splendid playing was one of the delightful features of the evening.

N. P. Oil Tank Destroyed.

Last Monday evening, about seven o'clock, a terrific explosion occurred that was felt in all parts of the city. A few minutes later the hoarse blast of the shop whistle and the shrill shrieks of the yard engines sounded the alarm of fire, and huge flames were seen leaping high in the air at the shops. A DISPATCH representative hurried to the scene of the trouble and found that the large oil tank in which was stored fuel oil for the stationery engine at the shops, had exploded and the oil was on fire and was burning fiercely. The fire department was already on the ground, but it would have been silly to try and extinguish the flames, so the firemen confined their efforts to prevent the fire from spreading, and in this they were successful. It was also stated at the time that John Headman, the night engineer, had been fatally injured by the explosion, but this was exaggerated, as Mr. Headman, though badly injured, will recover. He was taken to the Sanitarium as soon as possible after the injuries were received. It has since been learned that Mr. Headman opened the manhole of the tank and inserted his lantern for the purpose of seeing if oil was still running in from a car that had been unloading during the afternoon. Of course, when the lantern was thrust in the tank the gas that had generated from the oil exploded with terrific force, throwing Mr. Headman, it is reported, 80 feet, and setting the oil on fire. The tank contained 12,000 gallons of fuel oil which was all burned.

Elected Officers.

On Thursday evening last Brainerd Div. No. 7 elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

H. D. Simons—Sir Knight Captain; F. A. Farrar—Sir Knight Lieutenant; A. F. Ferris, Sir Knight Herald; C. D. Johnson—Sir Knight Treasurer; L. D. Barsch—Sir Knight Recorder.

On Friday night Feb. 15th, Col. W. W. Koons of St. Cloud, will install the newly elected officers and inspect the division. It is expected that quite a number of St. Cloud Div. No. 25 will accompany Col. Koons on his official duties to Brainerd.

Jumping Contest Postponed.

The jumping contest between J. E. Andrews, of Stillwater, and Frank Howe, of this city, for the championship of the world and a gold medal, which was to take place at the Boom Lake ice rink Sunday, has been postponed to the 16th, a week from Saturday, on account of the death of a relative of Mr. Andrews.

On Sunday, Feb. 17th, John Goederz, August Ellison, Frank Howe, and J. E. Andrews, the jumper, will skate a mile race for the championship of Northern Minnesota. All are speedy skaters, and the winner will know that he has been in a race.

The race between Mr. Blutz, the professional ball player, and Bert Chase, was a stand-off, but not at the bar, though. Each claimed the race on points, one by an ear and the other by a nose. The race was so close that three referees and two judges—not Brainerd judges—could not tell who won, so a second race has been arranged between the two skaters, which will take place a week from Sunday, the 17th. Both are now in training for the event, and each feels confident of winning. The anti-Cruelty Society will present to the winner a $25 gold medal. ***

Will E. Mowrey is prepared to engrave or manufacture anything in the jewelry line promptly and satisfactorily. The lowest prices consistent with good work. Try him. Next door to the post-office.

Good native beef, fresh killed, at Lowest Prices in the city at C. A Walker & Co's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DEATHS.

Hazel Parker, a seven-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred S. Parker, died on Saturday last of la grippe. Her remains were taken to St. Paul the next day for burial. She was a bright, winsome little child, and her death was a sad blow to her parents. They have the sympathy of their many friends in their grief.

Pearl Dickinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dickinson, who reside at No. 64, Pine street, died on Saturday, Feb. 2nd, of bronchitis, aged one year and six months. The funeral occurred on Monday, the 4th, Rev. Rowe conducting the ceremonies.

An infant son of Andrew Johnson, who lives on east Laurel street, died on Tuesday, the 5th inst.

Gracie M. Dugan, daughter of Samuel E. Dugan, who resides at Daggett Brook, in this county, died suddenly on Monday, February 4th, after an illness of only a few hours. As no physician attended her previous to her death, it is not positively known what the nature of her ailment was, but it was thought to be heart failure. Her remains were buried on Wednesday, the 6th inst. She was 17 years of age.

Hilda Jockli, aged 6 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Jockli, died of consumption on Saturday, Feb. 4th, at the residence of her parents in Southeast Brainerd. The funeral services occurred at the house on Sunday, the 3rd inst.

Louise Frost, a nine-months-old daughter of F. J. Frost, died on Saturday, Feb. 2nd, of bronchitis, and was buried on Monday, the 4th inst., the services being conducted at the German church. Mr. Frost lives at No. 181, Sixth street south.

Mr. H. J. Battles, one of the oldest residents of Brainerd, died on Wednesday, the 6th inst., of consumption. He was an old soldier, having served the government during the rebellion in the Missouri Home Guards. Five children are left to mourn his loss. The funeral services will be held tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the residence of the deceased's son-in-law, John Clarke, in Southeast Brainerd. Rev. Rowe will conduct the services.

Yesterday's Journal contains the following: Mrs. Sarah Belle Bryant, wife of W. W. Bryant, a well-known and prominent citizen of Cass county, died of consumption on Monday last, at the age of 32 years and 5½ months. The deceased was born at Miller's Creek, Kentucky, and at the age of sixteen she became a Christian, and was thereafter a devoted believer and Christian worker. At the age of nineteen she was married to Mr. Bryant, a playmate of her girlhood days. She leaves her husband and six children to mourn the loss of so good a wife and mother.

Mack's Headache powders will cure your headache. Twenty-five cents at the McFadden Drug store.

Re-varnish your buggies once a year at Congdon's.

A New Boy.

At this season of the year there is nothing like love. Isn't it beautiful to look into dark eyes and know that the heart behind them is yours. Some beautiful courting and old time flirtation with a lot of wicked villainy is to take place in this town at Sleeper Opera house on Wednesday night. A black hearted rascal has planned to marry a fascinating young "widow." She has just been appointed matron of a fashionable boys' school. The doctor who manages it also loves her and has willed her his fortune, on condition that she does not marry again. The smooth tongued rascal, who is a financial speculator, likewise wants to marry her. In that institution is a little chap who sleeps with the bully of the school, and is treated cruelly, because he is small in statue. Really, he is a man thirty years old, experienced in business, but the doctor fancies he is a son of the "widow" and he insists upon educating him and subjecting him to a school discipline. The villian has a lovely daughter, with soft, dark eyes, electricity in her hair, and honey on her tongue. She flirts with that boy until the audience holds its breath. You can hear the girls singing in the boxes, and they are resolved to go on the stage that they may make love too. The point of the play is, the boy is a married man. He is the husband of the buxom "widow" whom they are all trying to marry. When the doctor is about to lose his fortune in a stock speculation, the boy sends him an anonymous "tip" and saves him from the clutches of the villian. When the doctor discovers that the boy is a man, and the husband of the charming matron, and that he has saved him from ruin, there is the greatest scene you ever saw on any stage. The New Boy is played by Bert Coots.

"Perhaps, There, Is no factor of the present day that so represents the rapid material progress of our civilization as the luxury of modern travel. For instance, scarcely is a single home comfort missing in the completely appointed North-Western Limited. Its equipment embraces every luxury known to modern travel. It is vestibuled and lighted brilliantly with gas from end to end and you can walk through it as through some stately hall of some palace. Instead of a journey being a hardship, on a train like this one, it is a fascinating recreation and treat.—The Times, St. Cloud, Minnesota.

If your watch, clock or jewelry needs repairing, take it to Will E. Mowrey, next door to post-office. Fair prices and first-class work is guaranteed.

"A Little Farm Well Tilled"

Is worth a good deal more to the owner than a big farm of 160 or 320 acres only scratched over. Send me your name and I will send you an illustrated pamphlet showing where you can get such a farm. CHARLES S. FEE, General Passenger Agent Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul. Minn.

Council Proceedings.

The city council met in regular session on Monday evening, all Aldermen being present except Ald. Smith.

Reports of the clerk of the municipal court and chief of police for months of January were read and ordered filed. Reports showed $291.90 fines collected.

Report of City clerk on electric light collections showed 701.70 collected during month of January.

Communication from Supt. of electric lights in regard to what was needed at the electric light station was read and clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for 75 cords of green jack pine wood, bids to be opened Feb. 18th.

The following bills were allowed:

Pay roll city employes	$659 13
" " electric light employes	260 30
" " street employes	6 75
" " fire department	20 00
Jula Sanborn	77 30
Elec. Eng. Co	199 43

In addition to the above a few minor claims were allowed,

Motion was made and carried that the clerk be instructed to issue an order for $2250 in payment for water power furnished the city from July 1st, 1893 to Jan. 1st, 1895.

The matter of putting in additional water wheel at electric light station was referred to the electric light committee with power to act.

Complaint having been made that hydrants were frozen, a motion was made instructing the water works committee to examine the same in company with Mr. Elder and have them placed in proper shape. Council adjourned.

Old Magazines of Y. M. C. A. Reading Rooms.

Untill Feb. 16th, sealed offers will be received for Magazines.

As soon as the new publication is rec'd, the old one will be taken from the table. The offers should be made for the year.

The following Publications are offered:

American Geologist, Century, Chautauquan, Cosmopolitan, Forum, Leslies' Illustrated News, Weekly, and Popular Monthly, Harpers' Monthly and Weekly, Illustrated London News, Illustrated American, Judge, Lippincotts, McClures', Puck, Review of Reviews, Scientific American, Scientific American Supplement, Scribners', Northwest Magazine. Leave your sealed offers with Gen. Sec. before the 16th.

Brainard's Musical World.

The February number of this popular magazine contains a large amount of choice musical reading, including articles by Wm. H. Sherwood, Emil Liebling, Robert Goldbeck and other eminent musicians. Fine portraits of Liszt, Schumann, Melba and other illustrations are given, together with four piano pieces and a beautiful new song—eighteen pages of music in all. A piano lesson by Emil Liebling, also a fine portrait, suitable for framing, is given with each number. Terms $1.50 per year, 15 cents per copy. To introduce the World to those who have never taken it, it will be sent four months on trial on receipt of 25 cents in stamps. Address, The S. Brainard's Sons Co. Chicago.

Touch up and varnish your wagons for spring trade, at Congdon's. It will save you money.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

The sweetest cakes, nicest cream puffs and those lovely doughnuts at Mahoney's.

D. M. Clark & Co., the only installment store in the city. Goods sold on easy terms.

"The Other Night I made a trip from Chicago to St. Paul and Minneapolis with my wife on the famous North-Western Limited. For the price of a section in an old style sleeping car, I secured in the Private Compartment Sleepers, as cosy a little room as was ever built inside a railroad car—not so very little either; it took up the whole width of the car excepting a narrow aisle at the side and had two large berths. I said it was cosy—it was more; it was magnificent, and we spent the evening as comfortably, and with as much privacy as if we had been in our own home. I do not put it too strongly when I say that this train is the personification of Rolling Luxury, and that The North-Western Line runs the finest trains for all discriminating Montana travelers to patronize in going East via St. Paul and Minneapolis.—The Standard, Anaconda, Montana.

If you want the finest beef in the city C. A. Walker & Co. has it—fresh killed native beef.

Consult your own interests and demonstrate your wisdom by patronizing the DISPATCH for job work and advertising. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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For the Benefit of

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AND LADIES

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Genuine Bargain Cash

* Dress Goods Sale, *

On Saturday of This Week.

ON AND AFTER

Monday, Feb. 4

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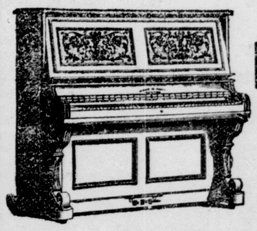
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